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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXIII. ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1892. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE PERIL AHEAD

Is Recognized by the Friends of Ex-President Cleveland.

THE ACTION OF THE SYRACUSE PEOPLE

Makes Reconciliation in New York Impossible.

THE REPUBLICAN WRANGLE CONTINUES.

Harrison Begins to Throw Mud at Mr. Blaine, and It Is Possible That Some May Be Thrown Back.

Washington, May 31.—(Special.)—The action of the Syracuse convention today has created a feeling of uneasiness among the Cleveland men here.

Indeed, many of them tonight express the fear that the rabid action of the mugwump convention will cause a split of such a serious nature in the party in New York as to make it absolutely fatal to party success to nominate Mr. Cleveland. But the Cleveland men will, in all probability, have control of the Chicago convention, and it remains with them to decide whether they shall sacrifice the party to compliment Mr. Cleveland, or select another upon whom the party can unite, and with whom success would be certain.

The Situation Discussed.

Such of Mr. Cleveland's friends as Don Dickinson, Senator Vilas and Mr. Whigry were for several weeks expressed serious doubts about Mr. Cleveland's election even if nominated.

When Don Dickinson was here several days ago, he, Senator Vilas, Senator Gorman and Senator Brice had a little conference in one of the committee rooms of the senate. The situation was freely discussed. The four men agreed that Mr. Cleveland seemed to have a majority of the delegates, and that it only remained with his friends to say whether he should be nominated. Then the question of his election came up. Not one of the four was willing to express the opinion that he could be elected. Both Senators Gorman and Brice, who have been put down in the anti-Cleveland column, declared they would do everything within their power to elect him. Senator Brice, however, declared that in the event of his nomination, Mr. Dickinson would have to take the chairmanship of the national committee, conduct the campaign and assume all the responsibility.

Dickinson Hesitates.

To this Mr. Dickinson responded that it was a serious responsibility. He was for Cleveland above any one else, but he did entertain a doubt of success with him owing to the breach in New York. Both Senators Gorman and Brice advised a conservative and serious consideration of the situation; that Mr. Cleveland's friends should act discreetly, and, unless they believed his election practically certain, it would be best to nominate another upon whom the warring factions could get together. Numbers of names were suggested with that of William C. Whitney at the head of the list. No conclusion was reached in anyway. Mr. Dickinson thought it wise to await the effect of the acts of the Syracuse convention today. Should that cause a breach apparently too serious to be healed, then he would consult with Mr. Cleveland and his close advisors, and a conclusion would be reached in time to practically settle matters before the meeting of the convention.

In view of this and the action in New York today it is not at all improbable that a compromise candidate will be nominated at Chicago. Mr. Cleveland's friends will name the man.

The Republican Situation.

There is no change in the republican situation today. Both the Blaine and Harrison people are still claiming everything in sight. The interview with Secretary Foster which Mr. Harrison had sent out last night, is the first of a series which the administration intends to have sent out to kill off Blaine's candidacy. The criticisms upon Mr. Blaine will be more severe as they progress. Mr. Harrison's friends hope to drive Blaine out of the race by this programme.

The House Without a Quorum.

Again today the house had to adjourn early because of the absence of a quorum. Over 130 men are at home looking after fences or frolicking about the country. The house this afternoon issued an order revoking all leaves of absence. All the Georgians are here but it is about the only complete delegation present.

An attempt was made in the house today to add to the postoffice appropriation bill $300,000 for the rural delivery of mails. Mr. Moses, of Georgia, made quite a strong speech in advocacy of it, stating that the farmer was just as much entitled to have his mail delivered at his home as the inhabitants of the city. There is a strong sentiment in the house in favor of this, and it is possible that it might be adopted. Owing to the absence of a quorum today, it was not voted upon.

The Silver Debate.

The silver debate opened in earnest in the senate today. Senator Sherman consumed all the afternoon in an argument against free coinage. The silver senators polled the senate today, and tonight Senator Teller expressed the opinion that it would be out of the question to force the anti-silver senators to a vote until after the Minneapolis convention. Thus the silver question can play no part in that convention.

Colonel Polk's Declaration.

Colonel Polk, president of the Farmers' Alliance, will come out in a card in the third party organ here tomorrow, declaring for the third party and stating that his paper in North Carolina will be for it hereafter.

The Corn Production of Georgia.

The census office has just issued its report of the average yield of cereals per acre in Georgia and Alabama. Of corn in Georgia the yield is 11.33 per acre, while in Alabama it is 14.14. Of oats, in Georgia, 9.22; in Alabama, 9.37. Wheat, in Georgia, 5.58; in Alabama, 5.26. Of rye, in Georgia, 4.15; in Alabama, 6.67.

The county in Georgia which produced the largest number of bushels of corn in 1889 was Burke, which produced 598,585, but that was produced on 64,480 acres, while Floyd produced 506,377 bushels on 30,087 acres, or over twice as many bushels per acre. Washington county produced 510,560 bushels on 57,621 acres.

Bartow produced more wheat than any other county in Georgia. It grew 66,933 bushels on 9,906 acres. Gordon comes next with 57,164 bushels on 8,524 acres. There are twenty-six counties in Georgia which did not produce a bushel of wheat during that year.

There are but three counties in the state that produced more than 100,000 bushels of oats. They are Brooks, Floyd and Wilkes. Brooks produced 122,775 bushels on 13,225 acres, Floyd 102,642 bushels on 9,759 acres and Wilkes 134,401 on 12,697 acres.

E. W. B.

SHERMAN ON FREE COINAGE.

The Ohio Senator Speaks in Favor of the Monopolists.

Washington, May 31.—There was a very small attendance of senators at the opening prayer, and only a dozen or more came into the chamber while the journal of Friday was being read. Not one of the supposed presidential aspirants, either republican or democratic, was in his seat, although Mr. Gorman came in during the morning business.

The vice president was also absent and Mr. Manderson took the chair as president pro tem.

At 2 o'clock the calendar was laid aside and the bill to provide for the free coinage of gold and silver was taken up. There were then about a dozen senators on each side of the chamber, including Mr. Hill on the democratic side. Mr. Sherman had been in his seat for the preceding half hour, waiting for the bill to be taken up. Messrs. Teller and Stewart were also present and were in frequent consultation.

Mr. Sherman prefaced his speech on the silver bill by saying that he did not regard it as a partisan measure, or as a political measure, on which the parties were likely to divide. It was largely a local measure. There was no question to be compared with it in the importance of its effect on the business interests of the country. Five states were largely interested in the production of silver and were ably and zealously represented in the senate. The south seemed also to have caught something of the spirit that actuated the mining states, because it desired, not exactly free coinage of silver, but expansion of the currency, cheaper money and broader credit. It was also represented largely in the senate in favor of the free coinage of silver. And so in other parts of the country. He, representing a state nearly central in population, had tested the sense of the people of Ohio and they, he believed, were, by a large majority, not only in the republican party but in the democratic party, opposed to the free coinage of silver. They believed that it would degrade the body of currency, reduce its purchasing power one-third, destroy the bimetallic system of the country and reduce the country to the single monetary standard of silver, measured at the rate of 371 grains to the dollar. He went on to defend the financial action of the republican party and his own part in it.

Not more than twenty-five senators were in the chamber during the first two hours of the session and they wore an air of listlessness, but that listlessness disappeared and the senate chamber filled up as Mr. Sherman proceeded with his speech. All around him on the republican side of the chamber, his colleagues settled themselves in their chairs and faced him with an air of marked attention. It was the same on the democratic side.

During the two and a half hours that Mr. Sherman spoke, but few senators left the chamber. Fully seventy of them remained in their seats nearly all the time paying close attention to the argument. Mr. Sherman's manner was forcible, his voice clear and strong, and he spoke like one who felt deeply the importance of carrying conviction to his hearers. Although he was interrupted on several occasions, he did not allow himself to be diverted from the course which he had marked out for himself. He had not finished his argument when the hour of adjournment came.

PLATT REPLIES

To the Remark of President Harrison, Published in The World.

New York, May 31.—Ex-Senator T. C. Platt, whose opposition to President Harrison's renomination is no secret, in an interview distributed today for publication, makes a vigorous reply to President Harrison's remarks as quoted in an interview with a World correspondent, in which the president is made to say that he did not believe that individual disappointments would control the action of the convention at Minneapolis. Mr. Platt says that the remark about individual disappointments indicates how thoroughly the president misapprehends the nature of the opposition to his candidacy.

"The question," says Mr. Platt, "which the Minneapolis convention must consider is the great question of availability—which of the excellent republican leaders is most likely to develop party strength and least likely to cause party disaffections."

He further says he (President Harrison) has been a good, strong, wise president, and as such he will go into history. Animated, as he has been, by purely patriotic motives, he will admit the force of the proverb, "Virtue is its own reward."

A BEAUTIFUL OPHELIA.

The Mysterious Stranger Found in Columbia Tried for Lunacy.

Columbia, S. C., May 31.—(Special.)—Columbia has a genuine mystery today. A handsome young brunette, about twenty-four years old, arrived here today. No one knows whence she came or why she sought this city. Her curious actions attracted the attention of the authorities, and a commission inquirendo de lunatico was appointed and, after careful investigation, adjudged the stranger a lunatic, and she will be sent to the asylum tomorrow. Dr. Kendall tried to arouse the woman by asking her where she wished to be buried, and how she had become demented, and always received an evasive answer. The doctors think she has met with some disappointment in love. She would give no clue as to her identity, where she came from, when she came here, or anything by which she could be restored to her friends. The general demeanor and conversation of the woman indicated that she was of good education and family.

Mass Meeting of Colored People.

Columbia, S. C., May 31.—A mass meeting of colored people was held this afternoon at Calvary Baptist church and many speeches were made by prominent colored men. Resolutions were adopted setting forth the evil of lynchings and calling on colored men to desist from the crimes that provoke them and the whites to frown mobs down and let the law take its course.

A Scheme to Save a Neck.

Columbus, O., May 31.—Governor McKinley has received a letter from one who signs himself leader of the Red Mountain Still Gang, of Red Mountain, near Birmingham, Ala., who claims that he and one of his gang committed the Columbus Grove bank robbery and murder last August for which Frank Van Loon is now awaiting execution here. The writer also claims that his gang robbed the Georgia Pacific train in Georgia a few months ago.

THEY WILL CONTEST.

The Syracuse Convention Sends Delegates to Chicago

TO DEMAND NEW YORK'S SEATS,

And with Instructions to Work for Grover Cleveland.

SYNOPSIS OF THE PLATFORM ADOPTED.

The February Meeting Denounced—Cleveland Endorsed—Opposed to the Free Coinage of Silver, Etc.

Syracuse, N. Y., May 31.—Soon after 11 o'clock the Buffalo Cleveland democrats, 1,000 strong, and the Tillman Club of Jamestown, and others, formed in line, and, with brass bands and drums and fifes, paraded the streets. Hundreds of Syracuse people and country folks stood upon the sidewalks, and in the store doors and windows, to watch and hear. In the meantime, the state committee was in session at the Vanderbilt house, where they were considering the mode of procedure in the convention. The parading delegates finally reached Alhambra rink, a great hall, with a gallery along each side and another at the rear. Chairs for the various delegates were designated by cards. The narrow side windows and low skylights admitted little light, and at high noon even a subdued twilight prevailed. The only colors in the hall were draped over the speaker's table, and a big flag was hung at the rear of the stage.

As the noon hour approached, brightly attired women, for whom 200 places had been reserved on either side of the stage, came fluttering into their places, and the waving of feminine fans began. The delegates, too, came trooping in singly and in bunches. Then came the sound of band music. The parade was nearing the convention hall. The doors soon after swung wide open, and the musicians marched in and opened ranks for the delegates in line to file through into the hall. The side galleries were quickly packed with people, and a roaring tramp upon the stairs indicated, before they could be seen there, that the crowd with plain admission tickets were finding their way to the gallery at the end of the hall.

At 2:30 o'clock Charles S. Fairchild, chairman of the state committee, called the convention to order. At 12:12 o'clock Mr. Fairchild finished his remarks, and named Hon. John D. Kernan as temporary chairman of the convention. Mr. Kernan then took the chair, and addressed the convention.

At the conclusion of his remarks the roll of delegates was called, and at 1:25 o'clock the convention took a recess until 3:30 o'clock. During the recess, delegations met by congressional districts to elect members to each of the committees that had been provided for before the intermission.

The committees then, so constituted, met at the various hotels to do work appropriate to each.

Finally, at 4:15 o'cock, the convention was again called to order by Mr. Kernan, who asked for reports of the committees.

Jacob F. Miller, of New York, as chairman of the committee on permanent organization, reported for permanent officers the temporary organization.

Mr. Kernan thanked the convention for its renewed courtesy, and called on Ellery Anderson, chairman of the committee on resolutions, for the report of that committee.

Chairman Anderson then sent to Secretary Baldwin the platform as prepared and revised by the committee during the recess, and it was read.

The Platform Adopted.

The platform opens with the declaration that the democratic party alone is true to the people and can be trusted to administer the government in their interest; denounces the republican party and its billion dollar congress and its McKinley bill and the force bill, and contrasts with it the wise and prudent democratic administration of Grover Cleveland. It condemns, with much detail, the McKinley tariff act and says the democratic party has no more urgent mission than to destroy a system productive of so much evil and, in a spirit of moderation with due regard to the interest of capital now invested and labor now employed in protected industries, the paramount duty of the party is to continue its opposition to the tariff until all customs taxation is enacted for revenue only. The recent change in the policy of the republican party from a general system of high tariff taxes to the recriprocity system is an admission of the vast benefits to be derived from an extension of our foreign tax and of the justice of the tariff reform principle.

We approve the use of both gold and silver as money and we demand that all dollars, whether gold or silver, shall be equal in value to each other, in fact as well as by declaration of law. We are opposed to the free coinage of silver in the United States alone at the existing rate of 16 to 1 because we believe that free coinage at that ratio will result in the immediate disappearance of gold from the business of this country, the use of silver with a certain loss to every wage earner and every savings bank depositor, with the impairment of credit and disastrous disturbance of business of every kind.

We demand the repeal of the Sherman silver law of 1880, as an obstruction of international bimetallism and because it is rapidly bringing this country to silver monometallism with all of its attending evils.

We recognize the necessity of an organization through which the party may direct its energies, but when such organization claims to be the party itself instead of its instrument, then it suppresses the voice and misrepresents the desire of the party. When it calls caucuses at unaccustomed seasons, and upon insufficient notice; when regardless of the votes it placed upon the convention roll, it admits to the convention only those who, without respect to the voice and wishes of their constituents, will agree in advance to support the schemes and oligarchy it has established; when it gives notices in advance that they who will not agree to be subservient will not be admitted—then it ceases to be representative, creates discontent, rouses resentment and imperils the success of the party. In this emergency it becomes the duty of the original elements of the party to take such notice as will restore to it the just relations between its members and their agents.

We believe in and demand fair primaries, fair conventions, fair elections, fair returns and the faithful observances of the verdict of the ballot box.

The democratic party retains unshaken confidence in the ability and lofty integrity of Grover Cleveland, and in his devotion to public duty. He is the choice of an overwhelming majority of the democrats of New York, and the country may rely with confidence on his ability to carry the state triumphantly in November. We believe that by nominating him to lead the party in the approaching contest for the presidency, the national convention will carry out almost the unanimous wish of the party and best consult the welfare of the country.

We pledge ouselves to support the candidates nominated in Chicago.

The delegation chosen by this convention is instructed to act as a unit according to the determination of a majority of its members.

The denouncement of the midwinter convention was greeted with tremendous applause. The reference to Grover Cleveland as being able to carry New York state also moved the convention to its feet and brought on a storm of applause, while the affirmation that this convention and its constituencies would support the nominee at Chicago, whoever he might be, was greeted by a burst of ringing cheers that left no doubt as to the purpose of the convention. At the close of the reading the throng was again upon its feet, and the applause was long and uproarious. Several enthusiastic and earnest speeches were made in seconding the motion for the adoption of the platform.

The report of the resolutions committee was then adopted, the platform being thus endorsed.

Mr. Pease, of Saratoga, a member of the resolutions committee, then presented, supplementary to the platform, the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That this convention approve, endorse and point with pride to the administration of Grover Cleveland, and we recommend him to the Chicago convention for nomination, and to the democratic party and patriotic people of the country for re-election again to the presidency.

There were cries next from the audience for "Grace! Grace!" and the result was that ex-Mayor William R. Grace advanced to the edge of the stage and spoke.

Judge Sunderlin, of Schuyler county, then read a list of district delegates at large chosen by the districts and by the committee on delegates to the Chicago convention. The work of the committee was approved, and thus the question of a protest or contest had been determined, and the course of a contest and demand at Chicago for the seventy-two seats of New York had been fixed upon.

The following are the delegates at large: Alexander E. Orr, Brooklyn; Frederick R. Coudert, New York; C. F. Bishop, Buffalo; ex-Mayor Edward Fitzgerald, Troy.

The roll of congressional districts was next called for the naming of members of the new state committee.

Endorsed the Electors.

The convention was nearing a close and no provision had as yet been made for electors, but ex-Secretary of the Treasury Fairchild at this point presented the following resolution:

Whereas, The object of this convention is to correct the wrong done to the democrats of New York by the convention held at Albany on the 22d of February last in the selection of a delegation to Chicago not representative of their will: and

Whereas, We realize that the action of the electoral college clearly registers the will of the party, as proposed at the national convention and expressed at the polls; now, therefore, better to assure the democratic party that we have no other wish than that the will of the party shall be fairly ascertained and registered by the electoral college, we hereby nominate as electors for president and vice president of the United States the following citizens of New York.

Mr. Fairchild then read the list of electors named at the Albany convention in February, and the resolution was adopted, and the nominations thus were endorsed.

A resolution of thanks to the citizens of Syracuse was adopted, for their hospitable treatment of the convention, and at 5:50 o'clock p. m., the convention adjourned sine die.

The District Delegates.

The national district delegates are: First, Albert W. E. Eagan, Ed Bailey; second, Henry Hentz, A. A. Healy; third, Moses May, H. Putnam; fourth, E. M. Sheppard, George Foster Peabody; fifth, F. W. Hinrichs, David Fleshenheimer; sixth, James Cavagnaro, Michael Coleman; seventh, Charles S. Fairchild, James Swan; eighth, William Sullivan, Edward B. Hitney; ninth, C. C. Baldwin, R. D. Woodward; tenth, William R. Grace, E. E. Emerson; eleventh, John Quinn, John Dewitt Warner; twelfth, John J. Quinlan, H. H. Boyesen; thirteenth, Charles J. Canda, Nat Strauss; fourteenth, George R. Crawford, Frederick Potter; fifteenth, Grinnell Burt, Philip Van Alstyne; sixteenth, Willard Peck, Derrick Brown; seventeenth, W. Williger, John A. Lassiter; eighteenth, Seymour Van Santvoorg, George C. Webb; nineteenth, Norton Chase, James D. Wasson; twentieth, S. W. Buell, R. J. Cooper; twenty-first, George R. Finch, Henry D. Graves; twenty-second, Samuel F. Bagg, Nelson Leconsen; twenty-third, Herman E. Kinney, M. H. Crosby; twenty-fourth, Walter H. Bunn, Ezra D. Beckwith; twenty-fifth, William A. Beach, Otis C. Smith; twenty-sixth, George Rider, John L. Taylor; twenty-seventh, W. F. Bulger, William J. Moses; twenty-eighth, B. J. Wheeler, J. Grisold; twenty-ninth, Charles Roe, F. C. Minges; thirtieth, C. G. Dennison, F. O. Mason; thirty-first, Joseph Hall, James A. Hamlin; thirty-second, John G. Milburn, William F. Mackay; thirty-third, F. M. Thorn, E. J. Taylor; thirty-fourth, R. A. Scott, Hudson Ansley.

THE FLORIDA CONVENTION.

It Will Hold Its Meeting in Tampa Today.

Tampa, Fla., May 31.—(Special.)—The state democratic convention meets tomorrow.

The state executive committee, which chose Tampa for the convention, did so in the interest of Judge Mitchell, a Tampa man, and a leading candidate for the governorship. So the Mitchell men are happy.

Mitchell's boom for governor began over a year ago. He is in general the candidate most acceptable to the anti-Call faction of last year, although the factional lines do not divide strictly on the old senatorial issue. He is the favorite with the administration wing of the party and with the Florida Central and Peninsular railroad interest, their company having taken a hand in Florida politics nearly two years ago. Mitchell is judge of the sixth judicial circuit, having resigned from the supreme bench to accept this appointment about two years ago. He will go into the convention with at least 190 delegates, the other 228 being divided between Dr. John L. Crawford, present secretary of state, Dr. E. S. Crill, ex-state treasurer, Hon. Jeff B. Browne, president of the senate, and Dr. John L. Gaskins, speaker of the house. The two-thirds rule has always been followed in state democratic conventions here. If this is continued, Mitchell can never get the necessary 278 votes. There will be a movement to adopt the majority rule, but it is not likely to be successful. When Mitchell is pulled down, if he is, the dark horse to succeed him will probably be James P. Taliaferro, state committee chairman. The nomination, however, is most likely to go to Secretary Crawford.

Of the 416 delegates there are doubtless 112 alliancemen. The alliance has not been making an active political canvass. If, however, the alliance delegates should hold a caucus tomorrow morning and agree to vote as a unit they would control the gubernatorial nomination, and many of the others. Their chief efforts, as at present indicated, will be to secure the nomination of O. B. Collins for state treasurer, and a candidate of their own choice for commissioner of agriculture. They will also make a strong fight for full representation on the committee on resolutions, and will try to get the "Ocala demands" incorporated in the platform. There are rumors that the Mitchell men are trading for votes by agreeing not to oppose their subtreasury plank, but the Gaskins men, it is said, are already getting promises of many alliance votes for their candidate by offering to push the free coinage plank for all it is worth. Unless the alliancemen get some adequate consideration in the platform many of the order will quit the democracy and join the people's party. The latter holds its state convention in Ocala tomorrow and will probably place a full state ticket in the field. The people's party has effected an organization in this state, but it is numerically weak, its following being made up of a few disgruntled republicans and several democrats, Their leader, J. G. D. Goss, is one of the few carpet-baggers of reconstruction days yet remaining in this state. A majority of the Farmers' Alliance in Florida is made up of stanch democrats, who will stick to the party. It is generally conceded, however, that should the alliance delegates here act together they could give victory to either faction as they might choose.

A Negro Grand Army Procession.

Charleston, S. C., May 31.—(Special.)—The first parade ever seen here of a colored Grand Army post was witnessed on the streets of Charleston today. It was James C. Beecher post Grand Army of the Republic, which had been to Beaufort to decorate the graves of the union soldiers in the national cemetery there. The post turned out about thirty men in uniform and was escorted by a detachment of colored troops. There is one post of white Grand Army men here, the Robert Anderson post, but they took no official part in the celebration of Decoration Day, which was observed entirely by the negroes.

RICH LOWRY.

The Murderer of Captain Forsyth Arrested at Last.

THE CRIMINAL FULLY IDENTIFIED.

The Story of His Arrest and Detention Is Told.

LOWRY BELONGS TO A BAD FAMILY.

Upon Whose Family Tree There Are Many Very Rotten Branches—The Forsyth Tragedy.

Macon, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Rich Herring, alias Rich Lowry, the hired assassin of Captain John C. Forsyth, has been identified and is now on his way from Richmond, Va., to Bibb county jail.

So often has the report reached Macon that this noted criminal had been caught in one corner of the country or another that the authorities here were doubtful when the news was brought in this time.

The Story of His Arrest.

He was arrested at Suffolk, Va., the week before last and on Sunday afternoon Marshal Corbett, acting on the order of the attorney general, left for Virginia to identify the arrested suspect.

The marshal was accompanied by Mr. Tom Curry, of Eastman, who knows the prisoner well, and this morning a telegram was received by The Constitution's correspondent stating that Curry had identified his man and that the marshal and prisoner would leave Richmond, Va., this morning.

The description of the man is as follows: Age about twenty-five, height about six feet, heavily built shoulders, weighs about 175 pounds, color bright mulatto, reddish-white hair, sand-red and curly light mustache, eyes squinty and kept partially closed; wears No. 11 shoe, has large hands and high cheek bones.

The Criminal's Career.

Rich Lowry belongs to a peculiar mixed race of people who have their principal habitat at a small town or village in North Carolina known as Scuffletown, from the characteristic disorders of the population. They are said to be a mixed race of white, Indian and negro blood, and are usually designated Scuffletonians. With the decline of the naval store or turpentine business in North Carolina many of these people drifted into the pine region of South Georgia and among them was Rich Lowry, alias Herring. Rich claims to be a nephew of the notorious North Carolina outlaw, Henry Berry Lowry.

Scuffletown is in Roleson county, North Carolina, and is a typical free negro town, where every grade and type of the negro and mulatto can be seen.

A large reward was offered for Lowry some time ago and his captors have now got a rich prize.

The total amount offered is $1,750, of which $750 is offered by the United states government and $1,000 is offered by Mr. George E. Dodge, of New York.

The Murder of Forsyth.

The crime for which Lowry was arrested is well described by Mr. Marion Irwin in a pamphlet written by him shortly after the trial of Luther A. Hall, Wright Lancaster, John Lancaster, Louis Wright and Charley Clements.

The first four mentioned were the conspirators who hired Charley Clements and Rich Lowry, on promise of $1,600, to murder Captain John C. Forsyth, who was a witness against Luther A. Hall in the United States court. Hall was leader in a scheme to forge titles to lands in Dodge and Telfair counties owned by Norman W. and George E. Dodge, of New York, and he had been ruled for contempt by the court, on which rule a trial was pending just at the time Captain Forsyth, who was manager for Mr. Dodge in his lumber interests, was shot.

On the evening of October 7, 1890, about 4 oclock Clements and Lowry set out on their murderous mission to Normandale. Clemens was armed with a Winchester rifle and Lowry carried a double-barrel breach-loading gun charged with buckshot.

A cold, drizzling rain had set in and by the time they had neared Normandale the shades of night had fallen upon the landscape and save as a cheering beam of light streamed out from the open window of the college there was nothing to relieve the darkness rendered more intense by the lowering clouds from which the rain would fall in pattering drops.

Arrived at the outskirts of the village Clements took shelter in an abandoned shanty where he awaited the progress of events.

The Fatal Bullet.

Lowry hastened on to Captain Forsyth's house where it is supposed he crept on to the piazza, peered into the library window, but there was nobody there. Captain Forsyth was in his dining room at supper with his family, but almost immediately left the table and went into the library where he seated himself in an easy chair with his back to the window.

Little did he think that he had spoken for the last time to those he loved.

The sash was down, the shutter open, and the next instant the Schuffletonian glared through the open window at his victim. The snake-like eyes of the savage glanced along the gleaming barrel, his finger touched the trigger; a loud report, a crash of glass, a deep groan and the murder was done, and the murderer gone.

Never was a more hideous and abominable murder done. Captain Forsyth had many friends all over Georgia. His body was interred on St. Simon's island by the sea, and a widowed wife and orphaned children still weep the loss of a noble husband and father.

The morning of the murder the neighbors were out in force. Bloodhounds were put on the track which was plainly seen among the soft flower beds. The dogs went to fault at first, but the next day the trail was picked up again, and it led them by the house of Andrew J. Reneau, who opened fire on the posse, and was shot dead in return.

The Arrest of Hall.

On the 7th of November, just one month after the crime was committed, Luther A. Hall, Wright Lancaster, John K. Lancaster and Lem Burch were arrested.

Burch weakened and turned state's evidence, and on this evidence and the confession of Charley Clements, after a trial lasting over four weeks, Luther Hall, Wright Lancaster and Charley Clements were sentenced to imprisonment in the Ohio penitentiary for life, Louis Knight for seven and John Lancaster for ten years.

Since that time no effort has been spared to secure the arrest of Rich Lowry. Detective C. A. Avant, of Macon, and Mr. Ed McRae, of Eastman, have followed him like sleuth hounds, and at last succeeded in tracking him to Virginia, where he had enlisted in the navy, but afterwards, getting frightened, deserted, and when arrested was rafting logs on the river.

About three weeks ago Mr. Ed McRae found in the house of a friend of Lowry's in Virginia, near Suffolk, the gun and gold watch which the scoundrel bought with his portion of the purchase money. Leaving the description of his man with the sheriff, Mr. McRae left and the success of the hunt has already been told. But now comes the new feature of this old but interesting and horrible story.

The details of the murder are only known on what Clements said that Lowry had told him. Lowry has told the woman with whom he lived in Dodge county and at whose house he was after the murder, that he did not murder Captain Forsyth, but that the deed was actually done by Louis Knight.

He will tell how he went on towards the house to commit the crime and as he neared it a gun went off and a figure which he recognized as that of Louis Knight came toward him and turning ran for Gum swamp.

Lowry ran back to Clements and knowing that Knight would never tell on himself, claimed and got the reward. This may be a cleverly put together tale; constructed by the nigger to save his neck, but be that as it may, it has always been believed that the tracks on the flower beds were those of a white man and the dogs first went to fault in Gum swamp, whereas Clements and Lowry ran for Sugar creek, in the opposite direction.

Again, Louis Knight lost the use of his eye on or about the night of the murder, and it is said that a physician can be produced who will swear that he took a piece of glass from Knight's eye, while Knight himself could not explain the loss of his eye, other than that it "popped out" from neuralgia.

At any rate, the arrest of Lowry will throw new light on this most interesting and sensational of criminal cases ever tried in the state.

J. R. KENNEDY.

TERROR IN A FLORIDA VILLAGE.

Three or Four Hundred Armed Negroes Make Threats.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 31.—Deputy Sheriff Williams and posse of ten went out to Greenland last night to suppress a negro uprising there. Early last week Section Boss Henderson, of Greenland, a small station on the St. Augustine road, shot and killed a negro workman under him, it is claimed, in self defense, as there were three of them fighting him at the same time. Henderson, who is a white man, fled. Since then the negroes have been searching for him and under the pretext that they believed he was concealed in his own house they sat an armed guard about it and refused to let Mrs. Henderson and her two children go out. There are only a few white neighbors, while the negroes number two or three hundred. For four days the Henderson family has been living in constant terror, and it was only today that word was sent here for help.

Williams and his posse found nearly three hundred armed negroes riding and walking about the village and threatening violence to the Hendersons or to hold them as a ransom until the death of their negro comrade had been avenged. The posse soon scattered them and made some arrests. Williams has the names of the ring leaders and they will probably be indicted. Henderson's family was removed by the deputy to the house of relations in South Jacksonville.

HE LIVED IN GRAND STYLE,

And When His Creditors Made a Run He Skipped.

Raleigh, N. C., May 31.—(Special.)—There is a sensation at the mountain town of Marion, with a very sad ending. The last legislature chartered the Marion Banking and Industrial Company. One W. H. Roberts, of New York, came along and took charge. The home people who had lent their names saw the fraud and dropped out. Roberts used stationery already printed and victimized many persons in various parts of the country. He was searched for, but is in New York. A few days afterwards his wife, who had for a time lived in handsome style at Marion, returned there, John J. Sterns, who was ostensibly the secretary of the so-called banking company, being with her. She is a lady of refinement and education and of a wealthy family and married Roberts eighteen months ago. For several months he has been in New York, ostensibly engaged as banker, while she remained with her parents in Savannah, Ga. She knew nothing of the troubles at Marion when she arrived and has no knowledge of her husband's business. She had had her rooms there furnished in costly style. The creditors made a run, attachments were served against the furniture and when she called for the articles given her by her mother and found that she could not move them, her grief was distressing. She has now entirely lost her mind, is restless and imagines she is going to be arrested and tried. The sad news was telegraphed her parents and they have arrived. Stevens was arrested, but made his escape from the officers and attempted to get to South Carolina. He was caught a few miles from Marion. The charge against him was embezzlement, but he proved he had sent the money he collected to Roberts at New York. He is Roberts's cat's paw and dupe. As soon as released, Stevens again fled and when there were some later developments and fresh warrants were issued he could not be found.

THEY ARE NOT SATISFIED.

Kolb Men in Calhoun County, Ala., to Hold a Meeting.

Anniston, Ala., May 31.—(Special.)—Captain Ruben Kolb's friends in this county have issued a call for a mass meeting of the democrats of Calhoun county, at Oxford, Wednesday June 1st to select delegates to the state convention at Montgomery on June 8th. The Calhoun county convention was held at Jacksonville the 17th of May. Of the delegates to that convention fifty-seven were for Governor Jones and forty-four for Captain Kolb. Every Kolb delegate voted to instruct the delegates to the state convention to vote for Governor Jones, but this action did not please some of Kolb's adherents and they propose now to contest the right of the delegates from that convention to a seat in the state convention.

THIS WAS IN OHIO.

A Negro Hanged by a Mob at Campbellesville.

Cincinnati, May 31.—A Campbellsville dispatch says that Heck Willis, colored, was hanged there this morning by a mob from Adair county, for attempted rape. The negro had been taken forty miles away by the officers and jailed at Lebanon for safe keeping. The mob took him from jail and intended to hang him where the crime was committed, but daylight overtook them and they hung him at this place.

The Rumor Not Credited.

Port Townsend, Wash., May 31.—The dispatch from Victoria announcing the murder of Rev. Sheldon Jackson, commissioner of education for Alaska, at Juneau, is without any apparent foundation. Dr. Jackson left here May 13th on the cutter, Bear. He was to go first to Ounalaska and thence to a northern mission. Even if the Bear did not put into Juneau he should hardly have reached there before the steamer Danube, which brought intelligence of the alleged crime, left that port. The probability is that the killing of Missionary Edwards, about two months ago, gave rise to the rumor.

Death of a Prominent Negro.

Charleston, S. C., May 31.—(Special.—John M. Freeman, a prominent colored republican politician and deputy internal revenue collector for this district, died here today of Bright's disease, aged thirty-nine. Freeman acquired prominence in politics in the famous Bowen-Mackey political vendetta by his devotion to the Mackey interests. He belonged to the colored 400 and will have a swell funeral tomorrow.

THE WIND OF DEATH.

Over a Thousand People Killed by a Tornado,

AND FOUR THOUSAND ARE INJURED.

The Terrible Gale That Swept Down on Mauritius.

THE STRANGE ROAR OF THE SEA

Just Before the Waters Sweep Over the City Submerging the Highest Buildings—A Terrible Scene.

Marseilles, May 31.—Mails which have just arrived from Mauritius confirm the statement that 1,200 persons were killed and 4,000 injured in the recent hurricane. The hurricane was preceded by a violent magnetic disturbance. The sea rose nine feet, the highest level since the cyclone of 1818.

Scarcely a house in the colony escaped damage. Many churches and public buildings were destroyed. The fine church of the Immaculate Conception is in ruins. The cathedral, however, by a strange chance, escaped. The dead include a large number of leading inhabitants. Fearful sights were witnessed in the streets. One factory collapsed, killing 200 inmates. One-half of the sugar crop was destroyed. The planters' losses are incalculable. A special relief loan of £60,000 will be obtained from the imperial government to be repaid in twenty-five years.

During the whole summer the weather in Mauritius was universally hot. On April 27th, two days prior to the hurricane, the heat was dreadful. This, together with the roar of the surf on the coral reefs, which was heard for miles inland, indicated that something unusual was about to happen.

The Terrible Tornado.

On Friday, the 29th, the day broke stormy, yet there was no thought of very serious results. Business men went to Port Louis, leaving their wives and families in the country.

The observatory reported that the storm would be only of short duration.

The first intimation of trouble was the non-arrival of trains and the cutting of telegraph wires. Suddenly at about noon there was heard a furious hissing and then the pent-up storm broke, rushing upon the town from the northwest. For ninety minutes a terrible tornado raged, accompanied by a deluge of rain. Buildings collapsed, roofs were blown off and trees uprooted. The barometer fell one inch and then suddenly began to rise; the wind settled, the blue sky and sun appeared and many people went out, believing that all danger was passed. The more experienced, however, predicted that the worst was to come. The sea had already surrounded and made an island of the chief buildings.

At 3 o'clock, without warning, the wind burst upon the town again in ten-fold violence from directly opposite quarters. Its velocity was 120 miles an hour, and its fury was maintained for two hours. Each blast was worse than the former, filling the people with terror.

The center of the storm was directly over Port Lewis. At 6 o'clock the weather was again calm, except for an occasional gust and the people were enabled to go out to see the work of destruction.

Fires then broke out in the eastern suburbs and destroyed what the wind had spared. A survivor says that the whole desolation in Labourdonnais street was caused by a single deadly blast. Six occupants of houses there rushed about with piercing shrieks to meet death or torture, or escaped being crushed under ruins of their homes only to be maimed by flying debris, and then to lie huddled together until rescue was possible.

Savannah Truck for Chicago.

Savannah, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Produce men from Chicago, who handle immense quantities of potatoes and other truck, are in the city endeavoring to perfect arrangements by which large shipments can be made from here to that market. If they can get connections so as to place the stuff in Chicago in reasonable time and proper rates, they will start to work at once. This will be a fine thing for the truckers here, and will assist in extending the business greatly.

The Death Roll.

Columbia, S. C., May 31.—(Special.)—Dr. S. E. Babcock, father of Dr. Babcock, the present superintendent of the state lunatic asylum, died today at his home, in Chester, of paralysis. Dr. Babcock was surgeon of the Sixth regiment of South Carolina volunteers, and one of the most prominent physicians in South Carolina.

Explosion of Mine Gas.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 31.—An explosion of mine gas this morning at Mocanaqua colliery, of the West End Coal Company, which is located about twenty miles below this city, resulted in the death of one man, the fatal injuring of another and the serious injury of eight others. The cause of the explosion is unknown, as the only one who could explain the matter, Foreman Protherer, is dead.

A Wheel Broke.

Tampa, Fla., May 31.—A night train on the Florida Central and Peninsular railway, which left Jacksonville last night and was due here this morning, broke a locomotive wheel ten miles north of this city, the result being a bad smash up. One passenger coach was completely demolished and another thrown off the track. Strange to say, however, nobody was seriously hurt.

Convicting the Mexicans.

San Antonio, Tex., May 31.—The United States court, in session here, has so far secured twenty convictions of Mexicans who were guilty of violating the neutrality laws during the late Garza revolutionary affair on the border.

Drowned in the Flood.

Indianapolis, May 31.—Floods in this vicinity caused by the heavy rains of yesterday, have caused the loss of at least three lives. Carl Weaver, aged nine years; and John Henderson and his six-year-old son were drowned. Tonight it still rains, and the creeks and rivers are still rising.

Preferences of the Delegates.

Minneapolis, May 31.—The Minneapolis Tribune is taking a postal card vote of the delegates to the national convention as to their preferences for president. Up to tonight 282 replies have been received, divided as follows: Harrison, 180; Blaine, 38; non-committal, 54, and 10 scattering.

Fearful Ravages of Cholera.

Calcutta, May 31.—Since May 7th, there have been 2,460 deaths from cholera at Serinagur, in the vale of Cashmere. All Europeans in the place became alarmed some time ago at the fearful ravages of the disease, and left the city.

A Packing House Burning.

Kansas City, May 31.—At 11 o'clock p. m., Kingan & Co's. packing house is on fire. The plant is valued at $1,000,000.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Mrs. Florence Ethel Osborne, of London, who gained unpleasant notoriety through her theft of Mrs. Hargraves's jewelry, has given birth to a daughter.

The colored people of Washington city observed yesterday as a day of fasting and prayer because, they state, "of the outrages inflicted upon their race in the southern states."

THE CENTRAL CITY.

The Suit Against McTighe & Co. Up in the Courts.

THE MACON AND NORTHERN SCHEDULE.

The Commencement Exercises at Wesleyan Female College—General News Notes.

Macon, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—The petition of Henry J. Lamar, J. F. Hanson and others against McTighe & Co., for an injunction and receiver, came up in the United States court this morning.

After hearing arguments on both sides, Judge Speer decided to appoint the receiver. The case was ably handled for the plaintiffs by Mr. Marion Erwin.

Mr. J. W. Cabaniss, cashier of the Exchange bank, has been appointed receiver.

Change of Schedule.

The Macon and Northern railroad will have an entire change of schedule after tomorrow morning at 6:45 o'clock.

Passenger train No. 9 leaves Macon at 7:40 o'clock a. m., and arrives in Athens at 12:10 o'clock p. m.

Passenger train No. 12 leaves Macon at 4:06 o'clock p. m., and arrives in Athens at 8:25 o'clock p. m.

On southbound trains, No. 13 will leave Athens at 6:25 o'clock a. m., and arrive in Macon at 10:30 o'clock a. m.

No. 11 will leave Athens at 4:05 o'clock p. m., and arrive in Macon at 8:20 o'clock p. m.

On Sunday an extra will be run, leaving Macon at 7:15 o'clock a. m., and arriving in Athens at 4:40 o'clock p. m. This is a freight train with passenger accommodations.

The Wesleyan Commencement.

The chapel at Wesleyan Female college was crowded this morning, when the medals were delivered by Hon. R. L. Berner, of Forsyth, and the annual literary address by Rev. Alonzo Monk.

The senior composition medal was awarded to Miss Jeanette Aldred, from Ocala, Fla. Miss Aldred is the first-honor girl.

The junior composition medal was received by Miss Mary Grambling, from Hamburg, Fla., and the sophomore composition medal was awarded to Miss Agnes Hart, from Shreveport, La.

The sophomore reading medal was awarded to Miss Sadie Pitts, from Newton county, Georgia.

The special medal in vocal music was awarded to Miss Dellie Rogers, of Macon, and Miss Annie Cheatham, of Wadley, received the special medal for instrumental music.

The awards of honors at the Gresham High school were made yesterady, and the recipients are as follows:

Boys' Department—First honor, Moffett Jobson; second, Willie Park; third, Alex Wachtel.

Girls' Department—First honor, Mamie May; second, Rosa Link; third, Carrie May Lane.

The valedictory will this year be delivered by Master Moffett Jobson, and Miss Mamie May will deliver the salutatory.

The roll of honor in the boys' class was composed of the following names: Moffett Jobson, Willie Park, Alex Wachtel, Robert Sisson, Luther Williams and John Dickinson.

The names of the girls composing the roll of honor were: Mamie May, Rosa Link, Carrie May Lane, Lawson Davis, Rosetta Levy and Estelle Hertz.

The girls' class numbers twenty-one and the boys' class fourteen.

General News Notes.

Mrs. L. Q. C. Lamar is visiting Colonel R. E. Park. She will also visit her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Virgin, at Vineville.

Major John W. Park, of Greenville, Ga., chairman of the committee on jurisprudence and reforms in common law of the Georgia Bar Association, is in the city, and will be the guest of his brother, Colonel R. E. Park, during his residence in the city. Guests of Colonel Park during the convention will be Chief Justice Logan Bleckley, Clerk Z. D. Harrison and Reporter H. C. Peeples of the supreme court of Georgia.

Miss Sallie Hunnicutt is visiting at the residence of Mr. H. R. Brown, 310 Washington avenue.

The bar association meets tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock in the superior courtroom of Bibb county.

Chief Justice Bleckley will read a paper on "Emotional Justice," which is looked forward to with great interest.

There will be ample room for ladies and gentlemen who may desire to listen to the addresses and discussions.

On Wednesday afternoon and evening a unique entertainment will be furnished by the members of the Macon bar to the association and their friends.

Following will be the programme:

At 6 o'clock p. m., there will be a barbecue at Crump's park, attended only by the lawyers.

At 8 o'clock the members of the Macon bar propose to convert the entertainment into one in which their families and friends in the city will be expected to participate.

There will be after this hour light refreshments, such as ice cream, lemonade, etc., with a band of music and electric lights, as well as partial moonlight.

WHAT THE SCHOOLS ARE DOING.

The Commencement Exercises of LaGrange Female College.

LaGrange, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—The sophomore exercises took place yesterday afternoon, in which ten young ladies took part. They all showed careful training, in fact, any school would feel proud of such an entertaining programme as was rendered by this class.

To show in a small degree the reputation this college has abroad, two of the young ladies who recited came from Texas and Oklahoma.

Last night one of the largest crowds that ever assembled in LaGrange filled the chapel, to be treated with one of the best musical entertainments our people have listened to for a long while. There was an immense crowd present from a distance. The programme was divided into two parts, the first consisting of piano and soprano solos, after which came "The Prodigal Son," an oratorio. The words were selected from the holy scriptures, and the music was composed by Arthur S. Sullivan. The oratorio consisted entirely of vocal music. There were no fancy costumes on the stage.

This morning at 9 o'clock, after a prayer offered by Rev. W. W. Brinsfield, the first section of the senior class read their essays in the presence of quite a well-entertained audience. Owing to the fact that the senior class is a very large one, it was divided into two sections. A very interesting feature in the programme this morning was a debate between two of the young ladies as to "Which was the noblest character, Kathrina or Lucile?" After listening to these well-prepared papers, whatever may have been my opinion before, I must admit that these young ladies succeeded so admirably in bringing out the beauties of the two characters, that at present my mind is in rather an unsettled condition.

When the sixteen young ladies had performed their last duties as "school girls," Professor R. W. Smith stepped to the front and introduced Rev. Claude L. Chilton, of Auburn, Ala., who made a splendid address, which was replete with good and wholesome advice. His subject was "The Relation of the Ideal to the Actual." The speaker's thoughts were very fine, and the language was beautiful. Tomorrow will be commencement day proper, at which time the second division of the senior class will read, and the diplomas will be awarded.

Shorter Female College.

Rome, Ga., May 30.—(Special.)—The commencement exercises of Shorter college promise to be very attractive this year. The prosperity of the institution has been great, the dormitory halls having been filled with pretty girls. The corps of teachers has been most excellent, and the work in all departments has been exceedingly gratifying.

The programme arranged is as follows:

Thursday, June 2d, 8:15 p. m.—Elocution, entertainment; an evening with Dickens, and the drama.

Friday, June 3d, 8:15 p. m.—"The Dress Rehearsal," an operetta.

Saturday, June 4th, 8:15 p. m.—Entertainment by the physical culture class, consisting of Swedish gymnastics, dumb bell, Indian club, wand, sword exercises, etc.

Sunday, June 5th, 11 a. m.—Baccalaureate sermon by Rev. J. H. Hall, D.D., of Newnan, Ga.

Sunday, June 5th, 8 p. m.—Address before the "Martha Shorter" Mission Society, by Dr. Hall.

Monday and Tuesday, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.—Art and embroidery exhibit.

Monday, June 6th, 8:15 p. m.—Shakespeare evening (elocution class).

Tuesday, June 7th, 10:30 a. m.—Elocutionary contest for medal.

Tuesday, June 7th, 8:15 p. m.—Grand annual concert.

Wednesday, June 8th, 8:15 p. m.—Graduation exercises. Address by Hon. R. W. Patterson, of Macon, Ga.

A great number of visitors from Georgia and adjoining states will be present.

AMMONIA.

Physicians Opposed to its Use.

The Sanitary Era, of New York, in its November number, has the answers of numerous physicians all over the country to its question: "Do you consider advisable the habitual use of food in any degree qualified by ammonia?" Over a thousand replies have already been received, and The Era says they are still coming in and that they are unanimously in the negative—many of them stating the particular harm to the kidneys, stomach, nervous system, etc., occasioned by the drug.

The Indianapolis Independent says, editorially, that these opinions are entitled to especial consideration because they were published in The Era, being obtained by the editor, W. C. Conant, solely in the interest of the public, and further states that "no corporation is powerful enough to buy an utterance in its columns, or prevent one when in the opinion of its editor one should be made."

The question is of great importance in view of the many baking powders containing either ammonia or alum, or both, and The Era does not hesitate to place what it terms the principal offenders on the "front seat," so that they may be better viewed by the public and avoided in the future. Those thus pilloried are: Royal, Calumet, Davis's O. K., Atlantic and Pacific, Kenton, Patapsco, Silver Star, Dry Yeast, Bon Bon, Zipp's Grape Crystal.

Then follows a list of about two hundred other less important brands which are all tainted with either ammonia or alum.—Des Moines News.

TRUE FINANCIAL RELIEF.

It Will Come Through State Banks and Free Silver.

From The Augusta Chronicle.

The monopoly of banking by the government under the national bank act, which outlaws real estate as security and which forbids state banks from issuing currency by the imposition of a prohibitory tax of 10 per cent contracts the currency. There is no doubt that this law militates against the south and west. Its effect is to make money scarce and high in both sections. Under the national bank act, at least 30 per cent of the currency issued to national banks is not available.

A repeal of the exclusive and objectionable features of the national bank act would result in a system of state banks that would be reasonably safe and that would prove a great benefaction to the farmers and business men of the south.

Under properly regulated state banks money would be plentiful, the interest rate lower, and the profits to bankers and stockholders would be greater than under the present banking system of the federal government.

The consensus of public opinion among business men in Augusta will show:

1. That they favor the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on the currency on state banks by the government, as provided for in the national bank act.

2. Our business men favor state banks, under proper regulations, to have the right to issue their own currency.

They favor the free coinage of silver and gold and a currency convertible into either at the will of the holder.

The free coinage of silver by the government and the right of state banks to issue their own bills would afford the speediest and most certain relief to the south and west. The present financial system of the government contracts the currency and places the debtor class at the mercy of the capitalists of the eastern and middle states.

The best service that the democratic party can do for the south would be to repeal so much of the national bank act as prevents state banks from issuing their own currency. In addition to this we believe that the free coinage of silver would go far to solve the financial problem to the benefit of every interest of this section.

Facing a Lion.

From The New York Sun.

In one of the side shows connected with the circus was a cage with a single lion in it. On the cage was a placard reading: "This beast has killed ten men. One thousand dollars to any one who dares enter his cage." A big sign to the same effect was hung up out doors and those who didn't go in to see the fat boy and the mermaid surely wanted to gaze on the lion. There was a good crowd in, and the lecturer was about to begin on the mermaid, when a little old man, who was bowlegged and humpbacked, crowded to the front and said:

"Look here. I want a try for that $1,000. Gimme a show at that lion."

"My friend, do you want to be torn into dog meat?" asked the lecturer in reply. "You wouldn't live thirty seconds after entering the cage."

"Is he a Numidian lion?"

"He is, and one of the most savage beasts ever captured."

"Killed ten men, eh?"

"He has."

"Wall, I'd like to tackel him. If he kills me that'll be 'leven. I want that $1,000 mighty bad, and I'm willing to run considerable risk. Gimme a fair show, will ye?"

"You keep right away from his cage. No man in liquor should get within ten feet of a Numidian lion."

"I haven't drunk a drop of licker in ten years!" indignantly exclaimed the old man. "You ain't willin' to give a man a show!"

He backed off, and the lecturer delivered the usual oration on the mermaid. He was about to begin on the fat boy when the Numidian lion uttered a series of roars, and everybody's attention was attracted to the cage. The little old man had slipped around and opened the door and entered. Not only that but he had that lion by the tail and was drawing him backward around the cage. Men shouted and women shrieked, and the lecturer rushed forward and shrieked:

"Man! man! but you must be mad!"

"Never felt better natured in my life!" replied the old man as he stopped to rest.

"Come out or you'll be torn to pieces!"

"I rayther guess not! There's only one Numidian critter in here, and he don't seem to be on the tear very much. He-up, here, you old mossback, and take another promenade!"

He was drawing the beast around the cage again when the lecturer entered it and said something in a low voice.

"Make it ten and I'll do it!" replied the old man in loud tones. "You said you'd give a thousand, but being it's hard times for money I'll let you off easy. Make 'er ten and pay me before I let go of his tail."

It was handed to him then and there and he descended, wiped his hands on the grass and feelingly observed to the circle of admirers:

"Durn my hide, but when a man brings any sort of a thing into this town and sends out a defi I'm right on deck! That's the fust critter from Numidia I ever tackled, but I'll be lookin' for more from this on. Everybody come out and have some red lemonade with me."

Where the Good Little Girl Found Radishes.

From The New York Recorder.

It created a smile in an uptown household the other evening when the four-year-old baby read a story from a nursery volume, improvising to suit her childish fancy. This is what she read:

"And so the good little girl wanted to help her mamma, and she went out in the garden and took a high ladder and climbed up in a tree and picked the radishes for her papa's dinner."

RAILROAD NEWS.

Deep Interest Felt Here in Sam Spencer's Southern Trip.

MAJOR G. W. WHITEHEAD'S DISMISSAL.

The Real Explanation Has Not Been Given—The Central's Counsel Writes a Card.

The deepest interest is taken by all concerned in railroads in this inspection trip which Samuel Spencer is making over the Richmond Terminal's properties.

Drexel, Morgan & Co. are approaching the work of reorganization in a manner so different from that of their predecessors in the undertaking, that it demands attention. Their very first move is to send their financial and railroad expert out over the systems to examine their physical conditions, and to form a general idea of their earning capacities. The Olcott committee may have obtained official reports from the general managers and traffic managers and treasurers of the systems, but the public is not aware of it.

Mr. Spencer's report will contain interesting reading, every one believes, and both the Danville and the East Tennessee officials are wondering if he will have much to say about consolidation. To the officials and the minor employes, that is a question as interesting as the details of the plan of exchanging securities will be to the holders. All the employes are anxious to have the whole business settled and the uncertainty done away with.

A prominent New York broker says that the Terminal's outlook is better than for a long time. Drexel, Morgan & Co. have enough cash to underwrite any plan, and have the prestige to put through anything they undertake. It is conceded that the claims of the various security holders will be justly treated by the firm, who have never been identified with any of the Terminal factions. No successful opposition is looked for. "Richmond Terminal collateral fives will get their just dues, but, fairly so, that is, without depriving other securities of their proper standing—judged by earning power," says a New York financier, who adds: "The rights of property cannot be confiscated in this country, the rehabilitation of the illegal sugar trust into the American Refining Company being one case in point. The change of the Chicago gas trust into the Chicago Gas Company is another. In like manner it will be found that Richmond Terminal ownership in the Georgia Central will hold as well as control of the East Tennessee."

Plenty of guessing is going on right here in Atlanta as to how the 42,000 shares of Central stock will figure in the reorganization. Mr. Olcott's committee put down $220,000 of Central stock as owned outright by the Terminal, and $4,000,000 controlled "through the ownership of the Georgia company's collateral bonds and stock." Some think that the Terminal will make a deal and wash its hands of the Central stock. Others predict the opposite, and expect to see the Terminal vote that majority block of stock.

DENYING THE CHARGES.

An Official Statement of Central Railroad Matters.

On May 22d an article appeared in The New York Sun reviewing the Central railroad's case. To this article Judge A. P. Adams, a member of the Central's counsel, has made the following reply:

"Editor New York Sun—Sir: I beg space for the correction of certain erroneous statements which appear in your financial article of Sunday, May 22d, with reference to the Central railroad litigation in Georgia. It is not true, as stated in said article, that the Central railroad property was placed in the hands of a receiver 'simply because the plaintiff alleged that the property was being mismanaged by the majority of stockholders;' nor is it true that a new election of directors was ordered 'on the ground that the board of directors consisted of persons who should not be entrusted with the management of the property;' nor is it true that the nine directors who have been re-elected 'had been previously declared by the court incompetent to manage the property;' nor is it true that these proceedings were 'entirely ex parte;' nor is there the slightest foundation in fact for the statement that they were taken 'at the instance of a young attorney who is said to sustain close relations to the judge who took the property under his own jurisdiction.'

"The decision which placed the Georgia Central in the hands of the present receivers and which required a new election of directors was delivered by Judge Pardee, the circuit judge, who presided with Judge Speer of the district court. This decision was predicated upon the proposition that the control of the Georgia Central by the Terminal Company, which likewise controlled other railroad systems competitive to the Georgia Central, was in violation of certain provisions of the constitution of our state which denounces as illegal and void all combinations and contracts of this character whose design or effect is to lessen competition and encourage monopoly. This decision was reached after full hearing and argument, in which counsel representing all the parties in interest participated. The Georgia Central, while leased nominally to the Georgia Pacific Railroad Company, was at once turned over to the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, who likewise controlled the Georgia Pacific. The same counsel, representing both the Georgia Pacific and the Danville companies, filed answers in behalf of their respective clients whereby they abandoned the lease, surrendered the property into the hands of the court, and claimed that the lease was not binding upon the lessee because it had not been sanctioned by the stockholders of the Georgia Pacific company. The decision of the court was not appealed from, but was acquiesced in by all parties.

"Your article errs further in the statement that the lessee company was compelled 'to surrender the inventory that it had made of the Georgia Central company.' This inventory was made not by the Danville, but by the Central Railroad Company and by that company alone, and its purpose was to ascertain the property left with the Central by the Danville when the latter repudiated the lease and abandoned possession. The inventory was taken by order of the Central's president after the Danville company had declined to be represented and aid in its preparation, and it was made under the direction of the Central's then superintendent, by its employes and for its use exclusively. Before the Central's president of directors knew that the inventory had been prepared, without their knowledge or consent, and without any authority whatever, the inventory was turned over to the Danville company by one of its former employes, who was at that time in the service of the Central. The inventory, therefore, it will be perceived, was entirely and exclusively the property of the Central company, and the Danville company had no right whatever to its possession. It was only after repeated requests and efforts to obtain the paper were made in vain that the aid of the court was finally and as a last resort invoked.

"I am sure that your article was written under a misapprehension of the facts, and that it will give you pleasure to make this correction in justice to all concerned.

"A. P. ADAMS,

"Of Counsel for Central Railroad and Receivers.

"Savannah, Ga., May 26, 1892."

SLAUGHTER OF EMPLOYES.

Railroading Is the Most Dangerous of All Vocations.

Out of 749,301 railway employes in the United States 2,451 were killed last year in accidents and 22,396 were injured. One of every 306 was killed and one in every thirty was injured.

Henry C. Adams, statistician of the interstate commerce commission, estimates that one in every 105 trainmen was killed and one in every twelve was injured. In no other employment, not even in mining, are the accidents so numerous. As to the chief causes of deaths and injuries the total number killed in coupling and uncoupling cars was 369, and the number injured was 7,842, while the total number killed in falling from cars and engines was 561 and the total number injured was 2,363. Almost 38 per cent of the deaths resulted from coupling and uncoupling.

Out of the total 1,105,042 freight cars in service there are but 87,390 fitted with automatic couplers, and but 100,990 equipped with train brakes. Mr. Adams recommends the adoption by the government of uniform appliances for coupling.

Spencer Sails South.

New York, May 31.—(Special.)—Samuel Spencer, representing Drexel, Morgan & Co., left today for Cincinnati. From there, accompanied by President Oakman, he will start on a trip over the East Tennessee railroad system. He telegraphed for Captain Green, general manager of the Richmond and Danville, to join him. Captain Green could not leave, but will join Mr. Spencer at Birmingham. The party will not reach Atlanta for several days. The Richmond Terminal outlook is much better than it was.

FOR SOME OTHER CAUSE

President Comer Says That His Administration Is Not Seeking Revenge.

Savannah, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—President Comer today emphatically denied that it is his intention to dismiss all Central officers who held over under the Richmond and Danville regime. Major Whitehead was not relieved from any such motive, he asserted, and there is no intention to pursue such a policy.

The announcement of the appointment of a purchasing agent is expected tomorrow. It is understood that he will be a Savannah man.

In Respect to Colonel Dorsey.

At the recent meeting of the rate committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association, in New York, the following resolutions, relating to the retirement of Colonel E. R. Dorsey, general freight and passenger agent of the Georgia railroad, from railway service, were offered:

"Whereas, Colonel E. R. Dorsey has seen fit to retire from the service of the Georgia Railroad Company, with which company he was connected as general freight agent for many years, and during that period he was also the representative of that company as a member of the rate committee of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association; and,

"Whereas, during that long period Colonel Dorsey demeaned himself, officially and personally, in such a manner as to give evidence of ability and the highest order of integrity, and especially endearing himself to members of the committee by his manly bearing, faithful labors and strict adherence to promises and pledges made for and on behalf of himself and company; and,

"Whereas, his career, thus dignified and honorable, entitles him to the esteem and confidence of the members of this committee; therefore be it

"Resolved, That this committee hereby desires to express its regret because of the severance of the long and exceedingly agreeable official and personal relations which have hitherto bound him to us, and that this committee can but express the hope that a career shall be opened up to him in a new field of labor which may enable him to the fullest extent to spend his remaining years in comparative ease, perfect health and freedom from embarrassment of any and every nature.

"Resolved, further, That this committee place upon the records of its proceedings these resolutions, as an evidence of the high esteem in which Colonel Dorsey was held by each and every member of the committee."

The resolutions were seconded by Mr. George A. Whitehead in a feeling and earnest manner, expressive of the high regard in which Colonel Dorsey was held by him.

Mr. George R. Knox, Mr. Joseph M. Brown, Mr. T. S. Davant, Colonel Thomas H. Carter and others also spoke, expressive of their regret of the severance of the pleasant relations, paying Colonel Dorsey a high tribute as a man and railway official.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Train Wrecked on the Central.

Barnesville, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—There was quite a wreck on the Central railroad at this place this morning at 3 o'clock. Seven cars of a through freight train jumped the track and were torn to pieces. No person was injured. A tramp was stealing a ride in one of the cars that was torn up but escaped uninjured. The track was cleared by 9:30 o'clock a. m., and regular trains allowed to pass. Flour, tobacco and merchandise of all sorts were scattered all around the wreck.

Traveling Freight Agent.

Thomasville, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Lee McLendon has been appointed traveling freight agent for the Plant system.

The Scrap Heap.

—On last Friday the Empire State express on the New York Central averaged seventy-eight miles an hour for four hours, 312 miles in 240 minutes, the fastest time ever made in this country for so long a distance.

—The general manager of the Mobile and Ohio road has issued an order that all employes shall be dismissed without a hearing in cases of drinking on duty, intoxication on or off duty, and no habitual frequenters of saloons are to be retained in the service of the company.

—The Pennsylvania announced some time ago that it would put on sale May 8th a mileage book selling 1,000 miles for $20. For some reason the book has never appeared. The Pennsylvania must have the same "feelings" on this question that the southern roads have.

Another Candidate Presented.

LaGrange, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—A number of citizens have brought Colonel D. J. Gaffney into the race for the legislature from Troup county.

While he has not as yet announced, yet his name will be kept before the people, and the chances are very flattering that he will be elected. He will have a strong following over the county who will put in some good work for him.

Returned to Washington.

Washington, May 31.—The president and party, including General Schofield, Secretary Noble and Representatives Henderson, Hooker and Blount, arrived in Washington at 7 o'clock this morning on a special train of the Pennsylvania road. They enjoyed their visit to Rochester very much. Secretary Blaine, although at the state department today, did not attend the cabinet meeting.

Ready for Camp Northen.

Savannah, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—The most encouraging reports come in from several out-of-town companies of the Fifth Georgia cavalry, Colonel Gordon's regiment. Each company will go to Camp Northen with well-filled ranks, the total not being less than three hundred and twenty-five men.

John W. Tynan Dying.

Savannah, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—John W. Tynan, a prominent business man of Savannah, is dying. Mr. Tynan was assistant engineer on the confederate Ram Virginia (the Merrimac) in the famous battle with the Monitor in Hampton Roads in 1862.

DuBignon's Engagement.

Savannah, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Hon. Fleming duBignon was compelled to cancel his engagement to speak at Jesup tomorrow. He will be at Cherokee, Canton county, on June 6th, and at Baldwin on June 11th. Other engagements will be announced later.

Thomasville Notes.

Thomasville, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Fire this morning destroyed a building on Jackson street, loss about $450.

J. H. Barwick, of Leb, brought in the first ripe watermelon today.

Death of Mrs. Lane.

Macon, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Mrs. Frances B. Lane, widow of A. J. Lane, died at Sparta this evening. She will be buried in Macon tomorrow afternoon.

A Third Party Arraignment.

Raleigh, N. C., May 31.—(Special.)—The executive committee of the people's party of North Carolina today issued an address which arraigns and denounces both old parties.

Stricken with Paralysis.

Social Circle, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—W. A. Kelley was stricken with apoplexy last Saturday night, and is now in a very critical condition. His recovery is very doubtful.

DR. PRICE'S
DELICIOUS
Flavoring
Extracts
NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.
Vanilla - Lemon - Orange - Rose, etc. } Of perfect purity. Of great strength. Economy in their use. Flavor as delicately
and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

A NEW CONCERN

Is What the S. T. A. Fellows Have Formed Now.

SOUTHERN SHIPPERS AND TRAVELERS

It Is—Full Particulars as to How There Came About Such an Organization The Day at Indian Springs.

Indian Springs, Ga., May 31.—(Special.) The drummers met again today, C. B. Townsend presiding.

A committee on credentials was appointed, consisting of C. I. Branan, J. H. Lowe, H. S. Transdal, Atlanta.

It was found that ten votes were there from Atlanta, nine from Macon and five from Rome.

Next came the reports of officers and committees. They were all satisfactory and were adopted.

A resolution was adopted declaring that the railroad committee appointed to work for a reduction on excess baggage have not received proper encouragement from many of the firms. Their attention and support was asked for in the resolutions.

A resolution was passed discontinuing the Southern Travelers' Association and establishing the new organization of Southern Shippers' and Travelers' Association.

Mr. J. C. Vansyckle, of Macon, was unanimously elected temporary president, and D. B. Browder secretary. Then the members proceeded with their organization. A committee of three was appointed to name the executive committee—Branan, Lawnsdale, of Rome, and Winn, of Macon.

Their report was unanimously adopted by the convention. The following is the executive committee: C. D. Winn, Macon; J. P. Lowe, Macon; W. H. Fleming, Augusta; P. S. Tindeel, Rome; R. D. Van Dyke, Rome; Mon Green, Atlanta, and C. I. Branan, Atlanta. Before adopting the report, however, the names of Messrs. Vansyckle and Browder were added to the committee.

The executive committee was empowered by the delegates to act in the furtherance of an organization, and to form a constitution and by-laws for its regulation and government. It was also requested that the committee should call a meeting of the merchants of this section, from Macon, Atlanta, Rome, Augusta and other cities, at an early date. The convention declared itself heartily in favor of the new organization and ready to give both money and time to secure its success and to carry its purposes into effect. The deliberations of the convention throughout its session yesterday were characterized by harmony and good feeling. Adjourned subject to the call of the executive committee.

Diameter of a Thunderbolt.

From The Scientific Magazine.

"Did you ever see the diameter of a lightning flash measured?" asked a geologist. "Well, here is the case which once inclosed a flash of lightning, fitting it exactly, so that you can just see how big it was. This is called a 'fulgurite,' or 'lightning hole,' and the material it is made of is glass. I will tell you how it was manufactured, though it took only the fraction of a second to turn it out. When a bolt of lightning strikes a bed of sand it plunges downward into the sand for a distance, less or greater, transforming simultaneously into glass the silica in the material through which it passes. Thus, by its great heat, it forms at once a glass tube of precisely its own size.

"Now and then such a tube, known as a 'fulgurite,' is found and dug up. Fulgurites have been followed into the sand by excavations for nearly thirty feet. They vary in interior diameter from the size of a quill to three inches or more, according to the bore of the flash. But fulgurites are not alone produced in sand, they are found also in solid rocks, though very naturally of slight depth, and frequently existing merely as a thin glassy coating on the surface. Such fulgurites occur in astonishing abundance on the summit of Little Ararat, in Armenia. The rock is soft and so porous that blocks a foot long can be obtained, perforated in all directions by little tubes, filled with bottle-green glass formed from the fused rock.

"There is a small specimen in the National museum which has the appearance of having been bored by the toredo, the holes made by the worms subsequently filled with glass. I am indebted to The Washington Star for the foregoing accounts. I may add that Charles Darwin mentions these fulgurites in his book of travels and Humbolt found some on the high Nevada de Zoluca, in Mexico. Humbolt ascended this precipitous peak at the risk of his life."

Our Southern Brothers.

From The Richmond Dispatch.

The Atlanta Constitution manfully and hopefully accepts the results of the convention recently held in that city. It believes that the delegation will correctly represent Georgia sentiment.

We do not doubt it, especially after its members confer with other southern members.

We want to see the Virginians, Georgians, Carolinians and other southern representatives in the national democratic convention, gather together at Chicago and quietly and informally talk this matter over among themselves and then talk it over with our northern and western brothers.

The southern men can say who will lose fewest democratic votes in the south; the northern and western men can say who will lose fewest in their sections, and when a concurrence of opinion is reached then, in all probability, "the winner" will have been found. Of course they will neither despise nor ignore a candidate's capacity to draw votes from the republicans and from the independents, but first it is important to know who can solidify our own vote.

In such conferences the Virginia delegation will occupy a position of advantage. It is divided—twelve and twelve. In the fought-out contests in the district delegations the result was ten to ten. Then the opposing factions in the convention met and compromised their differences and divided the delegates at large—two and two. And so we have two dozen excellent gentlemen bent upon finding "a winner."

A Credit to Georgia.

From The Brunswick, Ga., Times.

The Grady hospital, at Atlanta, has been completed and turned over to the city. It is a noble monument to a noble man, and a credit to Georgia and her beautiful, progressive, hospitable capital city.

Two Perjurers Held.

Savannah, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Robert Gibbs and Andrew Jackson, both colored, have been jailed at Darien for perjury. They tried to swear away the lives of a couple of colored men, whom they charged with incendiarism in order to obtain the reward.

The Artful Flatterer.

From Life.

Venus Armstrong—But these berries are all mashed!

Harry Devere (licensed)—Mashed, is it? Faith, and why wouldn't they get mashed when they have had a peep at your eyes?

Venus (coldly and sternly)—I will take two boxes.

25 cents for a box of Beecham's Pills, worth a guinea.

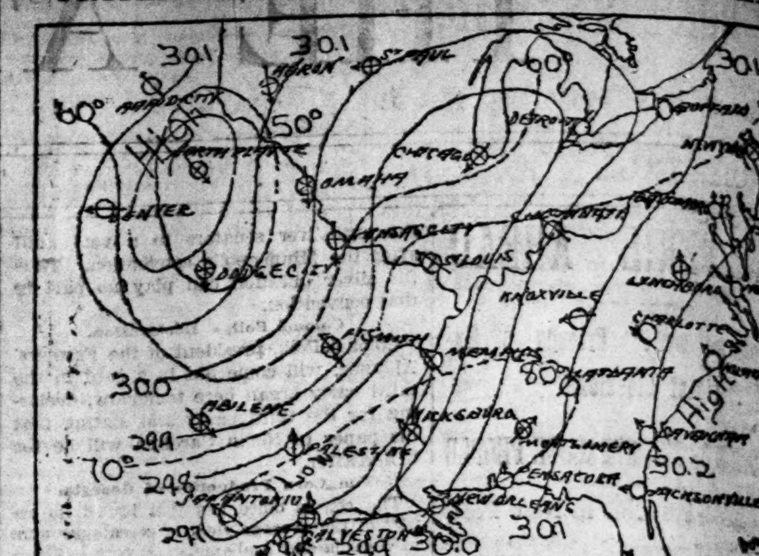
Shoe Merchants to Close.

We the undersigned shoe merchants agree to close our stores at 6 o'clock from June 1st to September 1st, Saturdays excepted:

John M. Moore Shoe Co.
R. C. Black.
Price & Foster.
McKeldin & Carlton.
Porter Bros.
J. C. & I. Daniel.
McKenzie & Riley.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned intends to apply to the mayor and general council at its next meeting to apply for a license to retail spirituous, vinous and malt liquors at his hotel, No. 34 and 38 North Forsyth street. C. J. Weinmeister. june 1 d-5-t wed

UNITED STATES WEATHER MAP FOR TODAY.



Explanatory Note.

The weather symbols on the map are as follows:

O CLEAR ◐ FAIR ⊕ CLOUDY ⊗ RAIN ⊖ SNOW

Arrows fly with the wind. Dotted lines traverse regions of equal temperature. Figures at the ends show the degree of heat. Unbroken lines traverse regions of equal barometric pressure. Figures at the end of an unbroken line, as 29.9, 30.0, 30.1, etc., show that the air along the line is high enough to balance that many inches of mercury. Areas of high pressure are accompanied by a clear atmosphere, and "lows" by a moist air, clouds and rain.

Probably the warmest weather of the season prevailed yesterday, througout the southern and northwestern states a minimum temperature of 80 degrees having occurred as far north as New York. In the west and northwest the weather was decidedly cool.

Except in Georgia, Alabama and Florida, general rains occurred in all sections, Abilene, Tex., reporting a fall of 1.34 inches and Chicago following with a fall of 0.80 inches. At 8 o'clock last evening rain was falling at Dodge City, Fort Smith and Abilene, while the skies were overcast throughout the country, except in the lake regions and along the Atlantic and gulf coast.

Slightly cooler weather and possible showers may be expected today.

Armour's Extract of BEEF.
Used by All Good Cooks the Year Round.
Send to ARMOUR & CO., Chicago, for Cook Book showing use of Armour's Extract in Soups and Sauces. Mailed free.

NOTICE.

All advertisements in our Want Column such as "Lost," "Found," "Sales," "For Rent," "Boarders Wanted," "Business Chances," "Personal," "Help Wanted," etc., cost Ten Cents per line or fraction of a line each insertion. There are seven words to a line. No advertisement taken for less than price of three lines. Advertisements must be in Business Office before 8 p. m. the day before publication, and must be paid for in advance.

HELP WANTED—Male.

B—WANTED—Salesmen on salary or commission to handle the new patent chemical ink erasing pencil, the greatest selling novelty ever produced; erases ink thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion of paper; 200 to 400 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days, another $32 in two hours. We want one general agent in each state and territory. For terms and full particulars address the Monroe Eraser Mfg Co., La Crosse, Wis. X 16.

SITUATIONS—5,000 being filled for World's Fair. Full circulars 10 cents; no stamps. Address Acme Employment Bureau, Box 854, Chicago, Ill. may 27-1m fri mon wed

APPLICANTS for teachers' places in Cedartown public schools will be examined June 18, by order of board of education. J. C. Harris, Superintendent.

WANTED—A first-class bookkeeper. Address Manufacturer, care Constitution. may 31 3-t.

WANTED—Two energetic men who can furnish horses to collect in Fulton and DeKalb counties. Country applicants preferred. Good pay to right men. Call at once, 117 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. june 1-5t

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—Ladies or young men to take light, pleasant work at their homes; $1 to $3 per day can be quietly made; work sent by mail. Address Globe Manufacturing Company, Box 5331, Boston, Mass. Established 1880. may-22-d1m.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

WANTED—Boy 16 years old wants situation at any kind of honorable employment. References. Address "M.," care Constitution.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

WANTED—A position as stenographer and typewriter by a young lady. Address D., care Constitution.

WANTED—Boarders.

PLEASANT ROOMS with excellent board in newly-furnished house near Central park. Mrs. Ogden, 112 West Seventy-third street, New York city. may29—d4w sun wed

BOARD for five gentlemen, on line of R. and D., or Ga., Pacific, not over one-half hour's ride from city. Address, with terms, A. B., care Constitution.

DESIRABLE rooms, with or without board, 20 Church street, one block from Peachtree.

WANTED BOARDERS—A few boarders can secure good board at 122 S. Forsyth street; private family; close in.

WANTED—Six adults for boarders or lodgers in a handsome modern residence, bath, gas, hot and cold water; best accommodations; terms reasonable. 182 Jackson street. june 1—5t

BOARDERS WANTED—Johnson house, 72 Marietta street. Special attention given to boarders for the summer. Several first-class rooms not taken. Day boarders given special attention. june 1—10t

TWENTY young men can get board at Moreland Park, Edgewood, during the summer at very low price. june 1-3t

BOARDERS WANTED—Large cool rooms with dressing rooms, running water, with or without board. Shaded galleries and grounds. Summer prices. 82 Spring street.

TWO large front rooms nicely furnished and splendid table services at Austell house, 82 Marietta street.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A good second-hand Safety bicycle. Address "Henry," care Constitution.

WANTED—To sell cheap the fine columns, cornice, windows, blinds and doors of the Goldsmith mansion, corner of Peachtree and Pryor. Will give a great bargain. L. DeGive. may-31-tf

WANTED—To sell you stove wood, cut from pine lumber. Finest wood and biggest load in city for $1. F. H. Austin, agent, corner Hunter and Butler streets. 'Phone 907. may26-7t

WANTED—Must close out the Austin & Boylston stock of lumber, sash, doors and blinds, mantels and nails. Greatest bargains ever offered in the trade. Also builders' hardware less than cost. Door and window frames, $1.90 each. T. H. Austin, agent, corner Hunter and Butler streets. 'Phone 907. may26-7t

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS to solicit insurance for the Bay State Beneficiary Association. Skiff & Watson, Southern Managers, 39 1-2 North Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. may26-d7t

WANTED—Rooms, Houses, Etc.

WANT TO RENT AT ONCE—Dwelling, 7 or 8 rooms, large lot and shaded, between Courtland and Spring streets and south of Baker street. Answer this morning. Address Desirable Tenant, care Constitution.

Rooms.

ROOMS FOR RENT—On Peachtree, large, handsomely furnished room, with attendance, for single gentleman. R. F. S., care Constitution.

FOR RENT—The rooms now occupied as photograph gallery over our store; possession June 1st. M. Rich & Bro.

WANTED—Real Estate.

WANTED—50,000 to 100,000 acre tract of pine land in Georgia or Tennessee; titles must be perfect, and party in possession to sell at once. John C. Hutson, Aiken, S. C. may 25 d8t

FINANCIAL.

LIFE ENDOWMENT and Tontine Insurance policies purchased at highest cash prices. Loans negotiated on same. Charles W. Seidell, 3 1-2 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. may8-7t-sun wed.

FOR SALE—Real Estate.

FOR SALE—My residence, No. 25 Houston st., in sight from DeGive's new opera house, 60x105, with rear lot 50x60 opening on alley, in sight from First Methodist church. Residence of brick, 10 main rooms and usual conveniences. On rear lot is a two-story metal covered stable. Price and terms reasonable. Call on or address A. H. Cox, 25 Houston st., or 23 1-2 Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga. may 27 d-7-t

FOR SALE—Three hundred and fifteen acres of land seventeen miles from Atlanta on the Atlanta and Florida railroad (which divides it) with station contracted for on the border of the land. About 100 acres in original oak, hickory and poplar forest; about 100 acres in rich and beautiful valley; balance open or in second pine. Fine spring, superb building sites on public road, adapted to residence, or farm, or dairy, or stock, or gardening purposes. Sold for no fault. Price and terms most reasonable. Call on or address A. H. Cox, 25 Houston street or 23 1-2 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. may 27-d

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE MERCHANTS and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Co. will loan you money on real estate at 8 per cent on long time, payable monthly. R. H. Wilson, No. 45 N. Broad street. may 22 1-m, sun, wed

MONEY to loan in sums to suit, on short or long time. Hale & Ebbert, No. 36 West Alabama street. june 1 d-6t

MONEY TO LOAN on five years' time in sums to suit, on Atlanta real estate. J. C. Dayton, 84 West Alabama street.

MONEY TO LEND on improved real estate in or near Atlanta. S. Barnett, 6 1-2 North Broad street. may4-6m

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate real estate loans at low rates. Room 33 Gould building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNER WANTED—$2,000 net profit; big monopolies; 3 glgantic profits; 3 manufacturing businesses consolidate; wants partnership with a young man to represent them in your county; no capital required, but must have $150 cash and references. Goods sent free till sold and money collected. This is the most wonderful offer ever made in a legitimate business. Write Brandenburg Co., Dayton, O.

PERSONAL.

NINE MILE CIRCLE—On and after June 1st the nine mile circle will be operated each week day from 4 to 10 o'clock p. m., and on Sundays all day. june 1 1w

M. J. Walker, assistant official stenographer of Atlanta circuit, solicits stenographic work and copying. 49 1-2 Whitehall street. 'Phone 587. may6-3m sun wed

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I will apply at the next meeting of the council, on June 6, 1892, for retail liquor license at 114 Decatur street. Patrick Burns. may-31d

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that I will make application at the next regular meeting of the city council, on Monday, June 6, 1892, for retail liquor license at 63 East Alabama street. Respectfully, S. T. Grady. may 31-d5t

NOTICE is hereby given that I will make application at next regular meeting of city council, on Monday, June 6, 1892, for retail liquor license at 50 Decatur street. Respectfully, B. O'Byrne. may 31-d5t

NOTICE is hereby given that J. H. Cummings, No. 8 E. Wall street, will apply for a retail liquor license at the next meeting of the city council. may 31—5t wed thur fri sat mon

NOTICE is hereby given that I will make application at next regular meeting of city council on Monday, June 4, 1892, for retail liquor licenses at 108 and 110 Decatur street. Respectfully, H. Karwisch. may 31—d5t

FRANK X. BLILEY & A. Judson Hayward, undertakers and embalmers; telephone, day or night. 49 East Hunter street, Atlanta, Ga. apr-1-6m

NOTICE is hereby given that I will make application at the next regular meeting of city council, on Monday, June 6, 1892, for retail liquor license, at 149 Decatur st. Respectfully, O'Donnell Bros. may 31 d5t

NOTICE is hereby given that J. H. Cooper will apply for a retail liquor license at the next meeting of the city council. may 31, wed, thur fri sat mon

NOTICE is hereby given that I will make application at the next meeting of the city council on June 6, 1892, for retail liquor license, at No. 156 Decatur st. Edward Burns. may 31 d-5-t.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will make application at next regular meeting of city council, Monday, June 6, 1892, for license to retail liquors, at 156 Marietta st. John Ellis. may 31 d-5t.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we will make application at the next regular meeting of council on Monday, June 6, 1892, for a retail liquor license at Nos. 181 and 183 Decatur street. Respectfully, C. P. Johnson & E. Lyons. jun15t.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that we will apply at the next regular meeting of council for a retail liquor license at No. 6 West Wall street. H. G. Kuhrt & Co. jun1d5t.

NOTICE—Will apply at next meeting of council for retail liquor license at 87 Peters street. A. Gershon. june 1-5t

NOTICE—Application will be made at next meeting of council for retail liquor license at 27 N. Pryor street. W. A. Vernoy. june 1—5t

NOTICE is hereby given that Amos Baker will apply at the next meeting of city council for beer license at 103 Terry street. june 1 2 3 4 6

NOTICE is hereby given that L. Steinau, No. 46 E. Wall street, will apply for a retail liquor license at the next meeting of the city council. june 1—5t

NOTICE is hereby given that G. W. H. will apply at next meeting of city council for license to retail spirituous and malt liquors at 8 Peachtree street. june 1-5t

POTTS & POTTS will make application to the mayor and general council at their next regular meeting for license to sell liquor at retail at No. 5 Decatur street.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will make application at the next regular meeting of the city council on Monday, June 6, 1892, for wholesale and retail liquor license, at 27 East Alabama st. Respectfully, C. P. Johnson.

"GIDEON...

Rev. J. T. W. V... Knows A...

IT IS A HIGHER DE...

And Found Its O... Session of the G... Who W...

Hartwell, Ga., M... J. T. W. Vernon toda... tution corresponde... letter:

Editor Constituti... space in your valu... planation so that ... before the people ... Band," and also a... 20th and 28th insta...

At Lavonia, Ga. ... 14th I was introdu... alliance democrat ... the president of ... as I do not hold t... was their first pre... as such for two ye... I suppose, the co... I was president. ... county lecturer fo... am still in that o... the State Alliance ... the "Gideon Ba... I was a delegate ... State Alliance an... Mr. DeJarnett, ... man that told me ... son's Band," and ... ised to get up suc... in the eighth congr... was one appointe... district in the stat... "Freemasonry," ... the regular allianc... with my political ... being a Mason kn... ry it was a good ... the initiation fe... from DeJarnett, ... myself were initia... corrupt machine ... that was ever co... And as it seems t... the sun I would li... all of DeJarnett's ... him, for he had ... I was to pay him ... up and I will do ... I consider such an... of conspiracy aga... alliance and as su... to do with it. La... was going around... liance in this dist... him and they ca... Jarnett wanted t... ready for him to... I had done n... that he was cre... his fleece. Broth... toned a gentlema... county and I knew... and I could appea... posing "Gideon's ... any false stateme... right then and the... not say a word ... ment, as eve... night well k... that Brother ... good man would ... shorn of their g... and fall into the ... There are none s... see and none so ... hear. There are s... they see. There ... say I never hear... personally about ... heard some things... con's Band" at ... would be worse t... party camp. I h... your questions a... tion so far as my... I request all dem... to copy the abov... to good governme... this glorious old ... be heard much l... entieth year, but ... country, my wife... supremacy. Hop... last mark or ... party may be w... tion never to be ... greed and office, ...

WITHDREW...

Rev. Mr. Stephens... Do...

Thomasville, Ga... A. C. Stephenson ... race for county ... card today in whi... "There is some... where. If I have ... has wounded the ... sorry. I hereby e... who have impugne... hard things again... minister cannot, ... the slums of ... hands of political ...

Rev. Mr. Stephe... few days ago in ... bitter things, he ... terms that Captai... delegate to Chica... opinion against t... that he could not ... withdrawn from t... sity. Politically, ... funeral in Thoma... The Guards wil... o'clock tonight f... have been having ... Mrs. Homer Yo... morning. She wa...

A M...

The Screven Tro...

Statesboro, Ga... military of Scr... Troop, under co... was invited by ... pate in a drill and...

Two or three ... and a big day it ... the Kell Rifles, ... and everything w...

Messrs. R. T. ... dell were here, a... on that day, but ... the picnic groun... courthouse, wher... place; conseque... The gentlemen s... The Guyton ba... crowd to the tun...

A...

Pelham, Ga., ... one thousand p... Thomas and Mi... grove on Friday ... schools from bo... esting exercises. ... ucation were ma... tendent of Mitc... and by the coun... as county, Colo... fessor Frank Pa... J. H. Ryan an... gave some inter... schools, which ... highly enjoyed. ... are waked up o... southwest Geor... follow. A thir... ed on the quiet ... a call is made fo... asville on the 4...

He Is...

Cartersville, ... The publication ... Judge Milner, of... congress in the ... a mistake. W... judge was surp... was not a cand... re-election as ju... and had no opp... any in the race ... The people of ... Milner to be a ... and are surpris... item.

"GIDEON'S BAND."

Rev. J. T. W. Vernon Tells What He Knows About the Order.

IT IS A HIGHER DEGREE OF ALLIANCEISM

And Found Its Origin During the Late Session of the Georgia State Alliance. Who Were Behind It.

Hartwell, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Rev. J.T.W.Vernon today furnished The Constitution correspondent with the following letter:

Editor Constitution: Please give me space in your valuable paper for this explanation so that I may set myself right before the people in regard to "Gideon's Band," and also answer the article of the 26th and 28th instants in your paper.

At Lavonia, Ga., on the night of May 14th I was introduced by Dr. Bonner as an alliance democrat of Hart county, not as the president of Hart County Alliance, as I do not hold that office at this time. I was their first president and served them as such for two years, and for that reason, I suppose, the correspondent still thought I was president. I have held the office of county lecturer for the last two years and am still in that office. I did not say that the State Alliance had anything to do with the "Gideon Band." But I do say that I was a delegate from Hart county to the State Alliance and during that meeting Mr. DeJarnett, of Greene county, was the man that told me all I know about "Gideon's Band," and he said he was authorized to get up such a band in each county in the eighth congressional district and there was one appointed in each congressional district in the state. And that it was like "Freemasonry," one degree higher than the regular alliance and would not conflict with my political and religious views. I being a Mason knew if it was like Masonry it was a good thing. Two dollars was the initiation fee. With this assurance from DeJarnett, Brother McFarlan and myself were initiated into one of the most corrupt machines of political corruption that was ever concocted on American soil. And as it seems to be something new under the sun I would like to know who published all of DeJarnett's blanks that he had with him, for he had quite a number of them. I was to pay him when I got the band made up and I will do it, when I make it up. I consider such an organization a clear case of conspiracy against the principles of the alliance and as such I would have nothing to do with it. Last fall when Dr. Robbin's was going around lecturing the county alliance in this district, DeJarnett was with him and they came to my house and DeJarnett wanted to know if I had the band ready for him to organize. I told him that I had done nothing. I at once saw that he was crest-fallen for he had lost his fleece. Brother McFarlan is as high-toned a gentleman as there is in Franklin county and I knew he was a truthful man and I could appeal to him while I was exposing "Gideon's Band," that if I made any false statement for him to correct me, right then and there. Brother McFarlan did not say a word in answer to my statement, as every one present that night well knows. I am sorry that Brother McFarlan or any good man would suffer themselves to be shorn of their grown locks by a Delilah and fall into the hands of the Philistines. There are none so blind as those that won't see and none so deaf as those that won't hear. There are some that do see but deny they see. There are those that hear but say I never heard it. This is all I know personally about "Gideon's Band." I have heard some things that gave rise to "Gideon's Band" at Ocala, Fla., which if so would be worse than dynamite in the third party camp. I have endeavored to answer your questions as asked in The Constitution so far as my personal knowledge goes. I request all democratic papers in Georgia to copy the above in justice to myself and to good government and to the welfare of this glorious old commonwealth. I cannot be heard much longer as I am in my seventieth year, but I still love my God, my country, my wife and children and white supremacy. Hoping and praying that the last mark or resemblance of the third party may be wiped out at this fall's election never to be resurrected for the sake of greed and office, J. T. W. VERNON.

WITHDREW FROM THE RACE.

Rev. Mr. Stephenson Concludes That Politics Do Not Suit Him.

Thomasville, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Rev. A. C. Stephenson has withdrawn from the race for county treasurer. He publishes a card today in which he says:

"There is some misunderstanding somewhere. If I have said or done anything that has wounded the feelings of any one, I am sorry. I hereby express my forgiveness to all who have impugned my motives and have said hard things against me. My high calling as a minister cannot, by my consent, be drawn into the slums of politics. I hereby wash my hands of political dirt."

Rev. Mr. Stephenson published a card some few days ago in which, among other other bitter things, he insinuated in the strongest terms that Captain John Triplett, the elected delegate to Chicago, was a traitor. Public opinion against the parson was so intense that he could not withstand the tide, and has withdrawn from the race. It was a necessity. Politically, he has conducted his own funeral in Thomas county.

The Guards will return on a special at 2 o'clock tonight from Camp Northen. They have been having a great time.

Mrs. Homer Young, of Metcalfe, died this morning. She was a wife of just one year.

A MILITARY FEAST.

The Screven Troop Is Entertained by the Kell Rifles.

Statesboro, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—The military of Screven county, the Screven Troop, under command of Captain Brewer, was invited by our Kell Rifles to participate in a drill and picnic.

Two or three thousand people were here, and a big day it was. Captain Everett, of the Kell Rifles, was master of ceremonies, and everything went off smoothly.

Messrs. R. T. Nesbitt and John O. Waddell were here, and were advertised to speak on that day, but the crowd was too busy at the picnic grounds to leave and go to the courthouse, where the speaking was to take place; consequently, we had no speeches. The gentlemen say they will come again.

The Guyton baseball team cleaned out our crowd to the tune of 48 to 8.

A Large Picnic.

Pelham, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—About one thousand people from the counties of Thomas and Mitchell gathered at Pilcher's grove on Friday at a picnic, where several schools from both counties held very interesting exercises. Speeches in behalf of education were made by the county superintendent of Mitchell county, J. S. Powell, and by the county superintendent of Thomas county, Colonel McLean, and by Professor Frank Park, of Pelham. Professor J. H. Ryan and Professor Whitfield each gave some interesting exercises from their schools, which were much appreciated and highly enjoyed. The people of both races are waked up on the subject of education in southwest Georgia and good results will follow. A third party move was organized on the quiet at the same gathering and a call is made for a rally to be held at Thomasville on the 4th of June next.

He Is Not a Candidate.

Cartersville, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—The publication in The Atlanta Journal that Judge Milner, of this city, is an aspirant for congress in the ranks of the third party, is a mistake. When shown the paper the judge was surprised and remarked that he was not a candidate for congress, but for re-election as judge of the Cherokee circuit, and had no opposition and did not expect any in the race this fall.

The people of this section know Judge Milner to be a true and staunch democrat and are surprised at the publicatin of the item.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

Decisions Rendered May 30th, 1892—Reported by Peeples & Stevens.

Inman & Co. v. Swift, Wilcox & Braswell. Charge of court. Contracts. New trial. Before Judge McWhorter. Elbert superior court.

1. The charge complained of in the fourth ground of the motion for a new trial, whether amenable to some other criticism or not, is not error for the reason alleged, viz. that it leaves the construction of the contract to the jury; it does not, either expressly or by implication, instruct the jury to construe the contract.

2. The charge complained of in the fifth ground of the motion does not, as alleged, "impose the condition of immediate purchase and delivery as requisite to the validity of the contract sued on;" upon the contrary, the charge declares that if the cotton was to be bought immediately and delivered when bought, or defendants' skill and labor entered into the contract, or that it was at once to be carried out, or that both parties were not aware that defendant expected to purchase to fill said contract, or there was expense entering into the consideration, then the contract would be valid and binding."

3. The case having been defended on several independent grounds, and there being evidence sufficient to sustain one or more of them, the verdict was warranted, and the court did not err in refusing to grant a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

W. M. Howard and J. N. Worley, for plaintiff in error.

John P. Shannon, contra.

Harrington v. Findley et al. Usury. Principal and surety. Waiver of homestead. Estoppel. Before Judge Welborn. Hall superior court.

1. The element of usury being the controlling one in this case, and the ruling in Lewis v. Brown, this term, 14 S. E. Rep. 881, being directly applicable, the sureties were not bound, and there was no error in denying a new trial.

2. That the principal in a usurious note waiving homestead and exemption fails to plead the usury or to assert his right to homestead and exemption on account of it, but submits to a judgment against himself for the whole debt, will not hinder the sureties from taking advantage of the usury as a ground of discharge, they having been ignorant that the note was tainted at the time of its execution by them. Their discharge does not depend upon actual loss, but upon the risk of loss to which they were exposed by reason of the concealed usury in the contract of lending of which the note was the result.

Judgment affirmed.

G. H. Prior and J. M. Towery, for plaintiff in error.

S. C. Dunlap and W. F. Findley, contra.

Lumpkin County v. Williams. Ordinaries. Fees. Counties. Actions. Practice. Before Judge Wellborn. Lumpkin superior court.

1. The fees of ordinaries as prescribed in section 3694 of the code are for services performed by the ordinary as probate judge and clerk, not for services which he performs in exercising his official functions touching county business. The words "for every order passed where no fees are prescribed, 50" (cents), signified, as well before the passage of the amending act of October 22, 1889, as since, that this fee should be paid for each judicial order passed by the ordinary and for orders of that class alone. The words never did embrace orders drawn by him ministerially on the county treasurer for the payment of money. Payment for services of the latter kind is provided for in section 3697 of the code of 1882.

2. The county in its corporate name and capacity may maintain a suit against the ordinary for money drawn by him without authority of law from the county treasury and appropriated to his own use, notwithstanding the money may have been paid to him by the treasurer on orders issued by the ordinary in his own favor.

3. Where the declaration sets forth a cause of action and as to a part of the debt sued for is sufficiently certain and specific, it is error to dismiss the action as a whole because another part of the debt is not set forth with the requisite distinctness and certainty. The latter part, when demurred to specially, should be stricken from the declaration, if the plaintiff declines to exercise the privilege of amendment.

Judgment reversed.

H. Thompson, H. H. Dean, G. K. Looper and M. L. Smith, for plaintiff in error.

Price & Charters, R. H. Baker and M. G. Boyd, by brief, contra.

Young v. Jones. Practice in supreme court. Before Judge Wellborn. Habersham superior court.

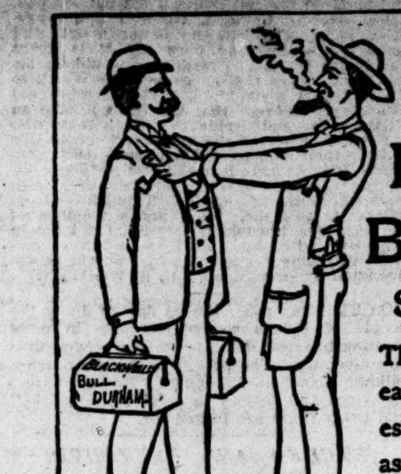
The ruling complained of being one refusing to sustain an objection to evidence offered and admitted on the trial, the same is not final in its nature, and it not appearing that any final judgment disposing of the case was rendered below, or that the case is not still pending in the superior court, the writ of error is dismissed.

W. S. Erwin, Barrow & Thomas and Emmett Womack, for plaintiff in error.

J. C. Edwards and J. B. Estes, by brief, contra.

The Doctor Catches Terrapins.

Thomasville, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—mammoth seine being sent through by express attracted considerable attention at the depot yesterday. The reporter was not long in looking up the owner, who proved to be Dr. A. Oemler. Dr. Oemler is now engaged in fishng for the Savannah market. He uses a seine 700 feet long. The doctor has been down to Lake Miccosukie for a week or two seining for terrapins. He has caught hundreds and hundreds of them. His method was to employ negroes to help him draw the seine when enough terrapins were secured, to haul them by wagons to Metcalfe and ship them to Savannah. Two cars have already been sent and a third is now being loaded. In reply to the question as to whether he tried Lake Iamonia, the doctor replied that he was there yesterday, but the water was too low to manage a seine of such proportions. Besides terrapins, hundreds of fish and 'gaters were drawn out in the seine. The fish were given to darkies. Dr. Oemler is not the same fisherman who shipped the terrapins from Lake Iamonia about a year ago, but he sent that party here. Dr. Oemler left on No. 78 for Lowndes county, where he will seine the Ocean pond. He has two sons who are engaged in the salt water fisheries.



The Tariff

Has not raised the price on

Blackwell's Bull Durham

Smoking Tobacco.

There are many other brands, each represented by some interested person to be "just as good as the BULL DURHAM." They are not; but like all counterfeits, they each lack the peculiar and attractive qualities of the genuine.

We attach this tag to every bag of BULL DURHAM for the protection of the smoker.

BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO CO.

DURHAM, N. C.

MEXICANS CALL IT THE "EAGLE BRAND."

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BREWING ASS'N

OF ST. LOUIS, BOTTLE BEER.

Is known all through MEXICO as well as the CENTRAL and SOUTH AMERICAN STATES as the "LAGLE BRAND," and sells at $1.00 per bottle. All their brands are made of THE FINEST BARLEY MALT and ARE FREE FROM CORN or corn preparation

april17—dly sun wed no2 n r m

GRAND CHARTER OAK STOVE LEADS ALL OTHERS

MADE IN

SIZES AND STYLES

TO SUIT THE

Requirements of Everybody.

THEY ARE THE VERY BEST.

For sale by HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH, Cor. Peachtree and Walton, Sts. Atlanta, Ga.

Young Mothers!

We Offer You a Remedy which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

Robs Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

After using one bottle of "Mother's Friend" I suffered but little pain, and did not experience that weakness afterward usual in such cases.—Mrs. ANNIE GAGE, Lamar, Mo., Jan. 15th, 1891.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book to Mothers mailed free. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE GRADUATING EXERCISES

—OF THE—

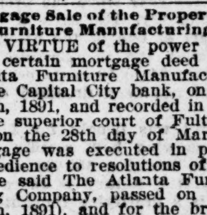
Boys' and Girls' High School

will take place at DeGive's opera house on Thursday and Friday, June 2 and 3, 1892, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Tickets for sale at the book stores.

ROBERT J. LOWRY,
J. T. GLENN,
A. L. KONTZ,
Committee.

may 31 tues, wed, thurs. Committee.



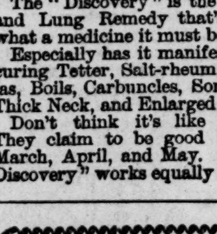
Stopped—the progress of Consumption. The best authorities agree that it's a scrofulous affection of the lungs. If taken in time, and given a fair trial, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will effect a cure. Thousands have been saved by it—thousands more are putting it off till too late. For every form of Scrofula, Bronchial, Throat, and Lung Affections, Weak Lungs, Severe Coughs, and kindred ailments, it is a positive remedy. It's *guaranteed* to do all that's claimed for it. If it doesn't benefit or cure, in every case, your money is returned.

The "Discovery" is the only Liver, Blood and Lung Remedy that's sold so. Think what a medicine it must be!

Especially has it manifested its potency in curing Tetter, Salt-rheum, Eczema, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Goitre, or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands.

Don't think it's like the sarsaparillas. They claim to be good for the blood in March, April, and May. "Golden Medical Discovery" works equally well at all seasons.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."



Science — MEDICAL SCIENCE has achieved a great triumph in the production of

BEECHAM'S PILLS which will cure Sick Headache and all Nervous Disorders arising from Impaired Digestion, Constipation and Disordered Liver; and they will quickly restore women to complete health.

Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating. Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

Go to West End

on Thursday afternoon, June 2d, at 4 o'clock, and buy one of those beautiful lots on Irwin and Baugh streets. G. W. ADAIR.

THE RICHMOND & DANVILLE RAILROAD CO UNCLAIMED FREIGHT.

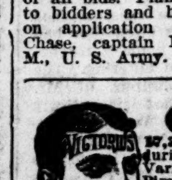
The following unclaimed and refused freight will be sold in Atlanta, Ga., (Decatur street depot) at public auction on Thursday, June 23, 1892, unless charges are paid and goods removed before that date:

G. W Jack M'f'g Co., 1 empty cracker case.
G. W. Jack, M'f'g Co., 5 boxes crackers.
Finley Furniture Co., 1 bale burlaps.
Finley Furniture Co., 1 crate marble.
J. B. A. Johnson, 4 kegs.
M. Gaffney, 1 sack and contents.
Claude Holden, 1 copper still.
Nancy Hill, 2 bdls bedding.
Nancy Hill, 1 bdl tin.
Nancy Hill, 1 wash tub.
Nancy Hill, 1 wash pot, 1 box.
R. H. Richards, 1 pc casting.
G. W. Jack M'f'g Co., 1 bbl candy.
D. S. Walton & Co., 2 cases crates.
M. Adler, 1 bdl and 1 box paper.
Alliance Tool Co., 1 cotton hoe, 6 choppers.
Alliance Tool Co., 60 sides, 1 pkg castings.
Alliance Tool Co., 1 cotton clipper, 6 cutters.
Alliance Tool Co., 4 cotton hoes.
Atlanta Tool Co., 12 fenders.
Jake Friend, 1 box clothing.
Ella Hallman, 1 bdl bed ends, 1 bdl bed rails.
R. A. Johnson & Co., 2 bdls plow points.
Southern Bottling Co., 1 box b comp.
F. E. Block, 1 box groceries.
R. E. Bondman, 1 box machinery.
Ida B. Haig, 1 box glass.
J. J. Falvey & Co., 1 box nuts.
Davis Water Wheel Co., 2 gear wheels.
L. A. Mueller, 1 bbl tumblers.
No mark, 1 bdl carpet samples.
No mark, 1 bdl bedding, 1 box h h goods.
No mark, 1 crt marble, 1 book case.
No mark, 2 cracker cases, 1 iron wheel.
No mark, 1 cross-cut saw, 2 bed rails.
No mark, 2 bed ends, 1 bag tin.
No mark, 2 wagon axles, 1 box pots.
No mark, 1 bdl 6 iron rods.
No mark, 1 meat chopper, 1 keg vinegar.
No mark, 18 iron rollers, 1 pulley.
No mark, 8 pulleys on shaft, 1 zinc oil tank.
No mark, 4 bdls sheet iron, 4 bed rails.
No mark, 1 rocking chair.
No mark, 1 table, 2 well buckets.
No mark, 1 box hardware.
No mark, 3 joints stove pipe.
No mark, 1 hand saw.
J. H. Anderson, 1 bdl singletrees.
Atlanta Furniture M'f'g Co., 1 bdl burlaps.
Atlanta Showcase Co., 1 box glass.
Atlanta Pole Co., 1 churn.
Alliance Tool Co., 2 bdls plow irons.
S. Battles, 1 tub and contents.
E. K. Chamberlain, 1 lot h h goods.
DeLoach Mill M'f'g Co., 1 mill stone and 5 castings.
Dixie Broom Co., 36 brooms.
C. L. & T. J. Delbridge, 3 pkgs paper.
Dyer Treadle Co., 2 boxes iron.
John S. Foster, 1 cot.
Gate City Gas Co., 900 fire brick.
Globe Planter M'f'g Co., 14 cotton planters, etc.
Hirschberg Paper Co., 4 rolls paper.
W. H. Howell, 2 cotton choppers.
W. T. Heisner, 1 box picture frames.
Heinz & Berkle, 1 iron safe.
D. C. Jones, 1 box drugs.
M. R. Key, 1 box and 4 pc castings.
Sam Reese, 1 box h h goods.
S. Rosenbaum, 1 bdl burlaps.
Ellen Ross, 1 lot h h goods.
J. E. Stewart, 1 box h h goods.
J. M. Sweet, 1 pc stone.
Tempy Stokes, 1 baby carriage.
D. T. Taber, 1 box rubber goods.
Topaz Co., 1 box frames.
Trowbridge Furniture Co., 1 box marble, 1 bdl burlaps.
Wilkins & Co., 1 pkg packing rings.
C. Woods, 1 lot h h goods.
Wellhouse & Son, 10 bdl paper, 13 pkg paper.
Wellhouse & Son, 5 pkg paper, 1 box paper.
Wellhouse & Son, 4 pkg paper, 1 pkg twine.
Wellhouse & Son, 3 pkg b cups.
M. Taylor, 1 box seed.
DeLoach Mill M'f'g Co., 1 head block for sawmill.
J. A. M., Anniston, Ala., 3 boxes wine.
A. W. Thompson, 1 box.
Moerlein Beer Co., Cincinnati, O., 3 kegs.
Aultman & Co., 1 box.
E. L. Welch, 1 safe bottom.
No marks, 1 table folding top.
No marks, 4 iron columns.
No marks, 1 window blind.
No marks, 1 pkg table frames.
S. Whitesburg, 2 bed rails.

F. M. HARDIN,
L. RENEAU. Agent A. and C. Division.
Agent Ga., Pac., Division.
Atlanta, Ga., May 31, 1892.
june 1—d 4t wed

Don't forget the three beautiful homes—one 8-room and one 7-room house—and three vacant lots on Whitehall street, near McDaniel street, at auction June 1st, 3:30 p. m., by Ansley Bros.

Office of Constructing Quartermaster, United States Army, Atlanta, Ga., May 9, 1892.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this office until 10 o'clock a. m. on the 8th day of June, 1892, and then opened, for the construction of a coal shed, and a road and trestle to the same, at Fort McPherson, Ga. The United States reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Plans, specifications, instructions to bidders and blank proposals may be had on application to this office. Constantine Chase, captain Fourth Artillery, A. A. Q. M., U. S. Army. may10 11 12 13-jun1 2.



OXYGÉNÉ

17,252 treatments recorded in Paris during 1891. For Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele, Seminal Weakness, Pimples and Blotches, unnatural discharges, all nervous disorders and **Lost Vigor**, cure **absolutely guaranteed**. First treatment (sent sealed) **Free** to any address. THE CHEMICAL IMPORTING CO., CINCINNATI, O.

may14-d16t-sat tues

MONON ROUTE

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RY. CO.

Are you going to Chicago, or any point in the northwest, via Chicago? If so, ask your ticket agent for tickets via Louisville, or via Cincinnati, and Indianapolis; Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and Monon, positively the only line running Pullman vestibuled trains, electric-lighted, steam heated, with magnificent dining cars and compartment sleeping cars.

W. H. McDOEL, General Manager. JAMES BARKER, Gen. Pass. Agent

Mortgage Sale of the Property of the Atlanta Furniture Manufacturing Company.

BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed executed by the Atlanta Furniture Manufacturing Company to the Capital City bank, on the 26th day of March, 1891, and recorded in the clerk's office of the superior court of Fulton county, Georgia, on the 28th day of March, 1891, (which mortgage was executed in pursuance of and in obedience to resolutions of the stockholders of the said The Atlanta Furniture Manufacturing Company, passed on the 25th day of March, 1891), and for the breach of the condition of said mortgage and for the purpose of foreclosing the same, will be sold at public outcry on Tuesday, the 7th day of June, 1892, before the courthouse door in said county, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property of The Atlanta Furniture Manufacturing Company conveyed by said mortgaged deed, to-wit:

A parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, commencing at the northwest corner of Randall's lot, and running northwesterly along the east side of Marietta street one hundred and eighty (180) feet; thence in a northeasterly direction along the line of George Hinman's dwelling place two hundred and twenty (220) feet; thence southeasterly one hundred and eighty (180) feet to Randall's lot; thence southwesterly two hundred and twenty (220) feet to Marietta street, the place of beginning. Also all the houses and improvements and machinery on said lot—the machinery embracing the following articles, to-wit: One 40-horse engine and boiler, one planing machine, one 8-inch 4-sided moulder, one tennoner, one double cut-off saw, one self-feed rip saw, one dovetailer, one band saw, one double-drum sander, one combination pointer, one curver, one lathe, one swing cut-off saw, one double spindle vertical sander, one small rip saw, one combination rip saw, one cut-off and rip saw, one friezer and cutter, one jig saw, shafting, pulleys, belting, one grindstone, one filing machine, one saw set, cutters, band and circular saws, six work benches, five and one-half dozen band screws and clamps, heating pipes, glue heaters, kettles and water pipes, one double-end tennoner, one foot-power miter cutter, one band saw file, one curving machine, one blacksmith forge, one drawn clamp, one bureau press, one bedstead clamp, one blast wheel for dry-house, one double-acting steam pump. Also a parcel of land in said city, commencing at the northwest corner of Marietta street and what was formerly called D'Alvigny street, owned by the city of Atlanta, and running northwest along the west side of Marietta street eighty (80) feet, thence west seventy-nine (79) or less feet to the right of way of the Western and Atlantic railroad, thence along that right of way eighty (80) feet to what was D'Alvigny street, thence fifty-nine (59) or less feet along what was D'Alvigny street to Marietta street at the beginning point.

Said property will be sold subject to a prior mortgage in favor of the Merchants' and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company, of Atlanta, amounting to forty-one hundred, thirty-five and twenty one-hundredths ($4,135.20) dollars. Terms cash.

THE CAPITAL CITY BANK, Mortgagee.
By GEORGE W. PARROT, President.
may 4—4t wed

ATLANTA

Glass Company Property

FOR SALE

Splendid Opportunity to Star a Paying Glass Manufacturing Business

By virtue of an order from the superior court of Fulton county, Georgia, bids will be received by me on the whole of the property of said Atlanta Glass Company as an entirety, including its realty, or factory site, buildings, walls, lears, moulds, raw material, pot shell, scrap iron, glasshouse pots, loose bricks, stones and all other property belonging to said glass company on its factory site. Also bids will be received upon the different parts of said property. All of said bids to be sealed and sent to me by 12 o'clock on the 22d day of June, 1892, to be reported to said court for acceptance or rejection. Terms cash.

This offers an admirable opportunity to secure a fine glass paying business. Atlanta, Ga., May 25, 1892.

EDMUND W. MARTIN,
Receiver Atlanta Glass Co. Atlanta, Ga.
may 25, june 1, 8, 15, 22.

The Sale is Tomorrow

afternoon at 4 o'clock in West End on Irwin and Baugh. Beautiful lots; easy terms; absolute sale. G. W. ADAIR.

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate. Real Estate,

AT AUCTION,

Whitehall St. Property,

June 1st, at 3:30 P. M.

2 beautiful homes; also, 3 desirable lots.

Parties desiring a comfortable home, consisting of an 8-room house, on a lot 79 1-3x220, can secure a bargain and a place that will satisfy them in No. 467 Whitehall, at auction on the 1st.

Immediately after the sale of the above described place, we will sell the brick 7-room house on the shaded lot at the intersection of Whitehall and the Central railroad. Also 3 vacant lots—part of the same property. By attending this sale you can secure a fine investment or desirable home. Terms will be announced at sale.

$11,000—80x200, on Peachtree; east front. One of the nearest in lots now offered.
$4,500—Piedmont avenue lot, 58x195; best part of street; must go; come see it.
$90—Front foot for some of the prettiest property on West Peachtree; corner lot; 400 feet deep to another street.
$5,000—Wheat street house and lot, near Courtland.
$4,250—Marietta street store property; very desirable.
Beautiful lots, shaded and conveniently located, at Decatur, from $500 to $1,000.
Office, 12 E. Alabama street. Telephone 363.

W. Peachtree Lot at Auction.

At 5:30 p. m. today after the sale of the Winter home we will sell the vacant lot, 48x141 feet to alley on the northwest corner of West Peachtree and Pine strets, one-third cash, remainder in six, twelve and eighteen months with 8 per cent interest. Samuel W. Goode & Co.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR.

I have on my list a large amount of property of every description and in any location for sale.

I invite any who contemplate investing in real estate to call and confer with me and let me show them what I have.

My list embraces central store property, residence lots, improved and unimproved, railroad manufacturing sites, suburban acre property and in fact any class of property you may desire.

RENTING.

My rent department under the management of Mr. Forrest Adair and Mr. John H. Groves, with a competent and efficient corps of assistants and collectors is a special feature in my business.

Prompt attention is given to renting houses, collecting rents, making statements and remittances to owners, repairs, giving in and payment of taxes and all other attention requisite to the proper care and management of the property consigned to my care.

AUCTION SALES.

I am ready to conduct auction sales of real estate for executors, guardians, administrators or private individuals, where they wish to sell at the market price with no by bidding, limits or reservations, but will not enter into the "limit" "no sale no pay" arrangements.

I am not a "no cure no pay" doctor, but conduct my business according to "ethics" and on strict, fair business principles.

This is the only way that is perfectly fair to the seller and to the public.

My business is rapidly increasing, and my sales for this season have been very large.

I did not advertise every sale I have made, because buyers, as a rule, do not want all their private business transactions made public.

If you care to buy, sell, rent or have vacant houses you want rented, call at my office and you will receive due and proper attention.

G. W. ADAIR, 14 Wall street.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

Parsons & Bostick,

2 SOUTH BROAD ST.,

Real Estate Agents

Mineral, Timber, Country and City Lands for Sale.

No. 192.—Splendid lot on Loyd street, elegant modern improvements. The choice of this street.
No. 189.—Choice 7-room house; new, on Forest avenue, with all modern improvements; street paved.
One lot, 50x140, on Currier street; choice.
No. 209.—New 7-room house on Mills, corner lot; surroundings good.
No. 207.—Splendid 4-room house, corner, with 2-room house on lot, Stonewall street; ask for price; cheap enough for any one.
No. 213.—Elegant 11-room house, with vacant lot adjoining, on Williams street; easy terms, and very cheap.
may29-sun wed.

SPECIAL BARGAIN

—IN A—

Splendid Capitol Avenue Lot,

OFFERED BY

A. J. WEST & CO.

We are today instructed to sell before Saturday night next that pretty vacant lot northeast corner Capitol avenue and Bass street. The lot is beautifully elevated above the street—the neighborhood first-class and everything in proper shape. It is a splendid place for a home, or there is a good speculation in it. Call for special information.

A. J. WEST & CO., Real Estate.

T. C. & J. W. MAYSON,

No. 11 Marietta Street.

PEACHTREE PROPERTY $8 front foot.
1,000 FEET on Peachtree road this side of Peachtree creek, $8 front foot.
7 ACRES on Gordon street, West End, with six-room house, barn, stables, etc.; fine assortment of fruit trees in full bearing; also frame store doing a fair business on the property; $3,600.
8 BEAUTIFUL shaded level lots on one of the best streets in Decatur; 600 feet from Georgia railroad and 400 feet from dummy line; only $500 each.
7-ROOM house and one-half-acre tract right at the depot and fronting the Georgia railroad at Decatur, Ga.; only $2,700; this is a snap.
$170 PER ACRE buys thirty acres on the Howell's Mill road just north of the new pumping station.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

E. M. ROBERTS' SALE LIST.

$2,500—4-r cottage on lot 50x100, West Harris st., near Williams. This is a central bargain. Belgium blocks, sewerage, etc., all down and paid for.
$2,100—5-r cottage, East Fair, near corner Terry.
$4,000—3 houses, one 5-r and two 3-r, on lot 72x200, from Alexander to Mills. Rent rate for all $40 per month. Terms 1-3 cash, balance easy.
$900—4-r house, Roach street. Rent $10 per month. Terms $400 down, balance good time.
$1,600—5-r cottage, Foundry street, near Mangum. Nice high lot. Terms very easy. Rent to good white tenant $16 per month.
$1,300—5-r house, corner Powers and Fowler. Rent $12.50. Terms small cash payment, balance easy.
$200—Each—Two lots, 27 1-2x100, Hampton street.
$200 per front foot, lot 21x100 to 10-foot alley on west side Marietta street, near Cotton factory.
$1,500—Lot 50x100, corner West Baker and Orme. Terms $250 cash, balance inside of 5 years.
$2,800—A 4-r cottage and a 2-r tenement on nice lot, Bell street, near Edgewood avenue. All rent for $30 per month.

H. L. WILSON, Auct'eer

FOR SALE

Thursday, June 2d, at 4.30 O'clock, P. M.,

2 Elegant Central Lots 2

Between the Y. M. C. A. and Equitable.

On Pryor street, between Wheat and Edgewood avenue. Here we have two of the largest and most central store house lots that have been offered at auction this season, located just exactly in the right place, but a few steps from the Kimball house, and between the Young Men's Christian Association and the Equitable, two of the grandest and most imposing buildings in the south. You cannot find a more valuable piece of real estate in the entire city of Atlanta. Where can you equal this for an investment? Where is there a safer place to put your money? These lots extend from Pryor east to Porter street, making every foot acceptable and suitable for any business in the world. Go upon this property and contemplate the coming improvements; think of its present location and surroundings, and you must admit that these lots have immense futures. Now is your time to secure them or forever stand back and see another fellow reap the benefits. This is absolutely worth the attention of every capitalist in Atlanta. Titles all right. Terms one-third cash, balance one and two years, 8 per cent interest.

H. L. WILSON,
Real Estate Agent, 20 Kimball House.
may 27-1w.

River-side Park

AT AUCTION,

JUNE 8th, 1892,

Commencing at 11 O'clock A. M.

This is a fresh plat and the most beautiful park of lots ever offered around Atlanta. Every lot large and heavily shaded on the luster hights of the Chattahoochee river. The Atlanta and Chattahoochee Electric railroad traverses the center of the park, where the cars are now running on a schedule of thirty minutes and will be in operation before sale. A five-cent rate to the city will be made. On one side are the Georgia Pacific and East Tennessee and Georgia railroads, Old Poden, now Riverside depot; on the other the Western and Atlantic railroad, Bolton depot. These grounds are only to be seen to be admired. Beautiful river and mountain views, bubbling springs, guggling brooks, singing birds and blooming flowers with the first waft of the western breezes, are the things desired by the wife.

No necessity to swelter in the hot city, when you can get a home at Riverside. A substantial barbecue will be served on the grounds, around some of the magnificent springs. Go out and take the good lady and select your lot. Terms easy. Take Atlanta and Chattahoochee River Electric line, our special train. Plats out in a few days.

We are selling a number of lots and houses and lots to home-seekers. Have a choice line of such property. Call and see us before making your selection.

J. C. HENDRIK & CO,
7 South Broad st.

Important Sale

—OF—

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

VALUABLE MACHINERY

—AT THE—

COURT HOUSE,

Tuesday, June 7th, 1892.

A magnificient manufacturing plant—the Atlanta Furniture Manufacturing Company's property will be sold to pay off mortgage. One piece of this real estate fronts 80 feet on Marietta st. at North ave., and extends through to four railroads. This will make four nice store lots. The other piece across the street in front of it fronts Marietta st. 180 feet and extends back 220 feet and has on it first-class brick manufacturing establishment with outside offices and other buildings filled with the very best machinery for manufacturing furniture.

The real estate will be sold seperate from the machinery. Some one will get a bargain in this property.

An unusual opportunity for some one to step at once into a business already established. For particulars call on or address

A. J. WEST,

Receiver for the Atlanta Furniture Manufacturing Co. may 31 10-t

Look at This!

11 acres fronting 520 feet on electric car line and extending to another street which is macadamized. New 6-room house on the lot. This tract will cut 68 lots, which will sell for $350 each besides the house now on the lot, which is worth $2,000—say a total of $25,000. We are authorized to sell this property for $15,000. Come let us show it to you.

165x200 Gordon street, West End, lies well, only $25 per foot, nothing else on the street being offered for less than $35 per foot. This is a snap. WARE & OWENS,

Corner Broad and Alabama Streets.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

Sam'l W. Goode & Co., Agents.

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

The Winter Place.

A Peachtree Home Complete.

No. 368 Peachtree St.

AT AUCTION,

Wednesday, June 1st,

AT 4.30 P. M.

Colonel J. L. Winter and family have decided to go to their "Kirkwood Place" and instruct us to sell their beautiful Peachtree home. It is the choicest of the choice. On an elevated, beautifully shaded lot 75x270 feet, fronting both Peachtree and Cedar streets, looking right into the lovely homes and grounds of Mr. M. C. Kiser and Dr. Ridley; between Captain W. S. Everett's and Mrs. G. J. Foreacre's, with an east front directly on the car line, and the residence being a modern two-story 10-R building with a perfectly dry brick, 4-R basement; with water, gas, bathroom, wide halls and many closets; with a double servants' house, wood and coalhouse and barn and fine garden, all centrally located on the most pleasant and widest part of Peachtree street. This home should attract the attention and command the money of any person seeking a home on this now famous and fashionable street. The terms of the sale are one-fourth cash, the remainder in one, two, three and four years with 8 per cent interest payable annually. The titles are perfect and possession will be given in thirty days or sooner. This lovely home will be open to inspection from now until the sale at such hours as may be convenient to those contemplating its purchase. We invite you to our office for any further particulars, and we cordially solicit your attendance at the sale.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

HARRY HILL & CO.

REAL ESTATE,

OFFICE: 11 MARIETTA ST.

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE OFFERINGS.

W. Peachtree, building lot	$6,250
W. Peachtree, building lot	5,750
Whitehall street, building lot	4,300
Peachtree lot, great bargain	3,500
Pearle street, nice lot	1,000
Jackson street, building site	1,800
Pulliam street, cottage home	2,500
Courtland avenue, house and lot	6,500
Wheat street, large lot, complete house	6,000

ACREAGE.

On Howell's mill road, $175 per acre; Hapeville, $75 per acre; Peachtree road, $60 per acre. If you want bargains enlist and come to see us. Harry Hill & Co.

A Card to Real Estate Owners.

READ THIS CARD—There is no clap-trap about it. We mean what we say, and we claim to be truthful men, composing a reliable firm and doing business on honest principles.

NOW TO THE POINT—We have scores and scores of customers (and we can show you their names and their wants recorded in a book in our office) who want to buy various kinds of property—homes, vacant lots, acreage near in or further out on some railroad, renting property, business property—cash customers, time customers, installment customers and every sort of customers.

WHAT WE NEED, therefore, is property to offer them at reasonable prices. If property owners who really wish to sell (and none others need call) will list their property with us we can make sales for them.

MR. WARREN HOWARD and Mr. Edwin Williams are with us, and will be glad to serve the public either in our rent or sales department. Any property placed in our hands for rent will receive careful attention. ROBERTS & M'CRORY,
14 South Broad Street.

J. A. SCOTT. ISAAC LIEBMAN.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN,

Real Estate, Renting and Loan Agents,

28 PEACHTREE ST.

SACRIFICE!

MUST BE sold at once, a lovely 5-room house, elegant lot, alley on side, in excellent neighborhood, on south side, very close in. Actually a real bird cage. Can be bought for $2,700, $1,200 cash, balance 1, 2 and 3 years. Refused last year $3,250 for this place, but owner moving away from the city, and offers at this exceedingly low figure so as to close it out immediately. The very place for a home for small family or a very good investment, as it is rented at $22.50 per month. Will net over 8 per cent per annum.

Nothing in the city to be compared with it. This is an extraordinary chance and you cannot afford to let it slip. First come, first served. Don't wait a minute, for if you do you will get left. SCOTT & LIEBMAN.

BROWN & STAIR,

Real Estate and Loans

13 Marietta Street.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WE HAVE several customers for good rent-paying property; also real estate for investment. If you have anything you want sold, bring in a description of it, and we will sell it for you.

BROWN & STAIR, 13 MARIETTA STREET.

G. W. ADAIR, AUCTIONEER

18 Choice West End Lots 18

On Baugh and Irwin Streets.

I will sell upon the premises Thursday, June 2d, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon 18 beautiful lots on Baugh and Irwin streets in West End.

These lots are a part of the Kicklighter block which has been so much admired and so much sought after on account of its desirable location.

They have never been offered at auction before and now is your first opportunity to secure one of these beautiful lots at your own price.

They are just one block from Lee street, and one block from the Gordon street car lines. Convenient to the churches, schools, pavement and gas.

This is, in my opinion, the most desirable suburban property on the market.

Titles perfect: Sale absolute. Terms, 1-3 cash, balance 1 and 2 years at 8 per cent.

Remember the day and hour.

THURSDAY, JUNE 2d, AT 4 O'CLOCK P. M.

Go out and examine the property and attend the sale.

G. W. ADAIR.

may26-28-29-31-jun1-2

THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY

The Daily, per year $6.00
The Sunday (20 to 36 Pages) 2.00
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12 CENTS PER WEEK

For THE DAILY CONSTITUTION, or 50 cents per calendar month. Sixteen cents per week for THE DAILY and SUNDAY CONSTITUTION, or 67 cents per calendar month; delivered to any address by carrier in the city of Atlanta. Send in your name at once.

Where to Find The Constitution.

THE CONSTITUTION can be found on sale as follows:
New York—Brentano's, No. 5 Union Square.
Cincinnati—J. R. Hawley, 162 Vine street.
Washington—Metropolitan Hotel.
Paris—Anglo-American reading rooms, Chaussee' Antin and Rue Meyerbeer.

ATLANTA, GA., June 1, 1892.

National and State Banks.

We are glad to see that The New York Financial Chronicle has entered on the discussion of the repeal of the tax on state bank issues not lightly or doubtfully. It seems to have behind it a following strong enough to make a decided impression on the public mind, and its conservative and candid treatment of the matter is sure to convince those who have not already made up their minds on the subject.

The arguments which The Chronicle is engaged in presenting are more interesting in New York than they are here, where discussion is somewhat further advanced. They are devoted mainly to showing the bankers and others that the national bank system, while it was perfectly fitted to the emergency from which it sprung, fails largely to meet the requirements of the present hour. If The Chronicle can convince its readers that the national bank system has had its day—and we do not see how they can resist the conclusions so admirably set forth—all the rest follows as a matter of course.

We suppose that no reasonably thoughtful person entertains the belief that the people of this country will create a debt and pay interest on it merely for the purpose of maintaining a system which fails in many important particulars to meet the needs of the public. It is not the fault of the bankers that the system is unsatisfactory; it is the fault of the system itself. In order to get a basis for circulation, the banks are compelled to take out of circulation nearly as large an amount of currency as that which they propose to issue. How does this help the people? To what extent does this process add to the volume of the currency?

A favorite proposition of those who are disposed to cling to the national bank system, although they know that the days of its usefulness are over, is that the government shall issue 2 per cent bonds in order to give the banks a basis for their circulation. The Chronicle shows the absurdity of this by inquiring if it would not be better for the people, the banks and the government for the banks to hold the gold which they would pay for bonds and issue notes on the whole of it, the government paying them 2 per cent a year on their holdings? This inquiry strips the extra clothing from the whole matter, and shows clearly how clumsy, unjust and unnecessary the present system is.

The bankers themselves have long ago felt the clumsiness of the system, and they have given a practical shape to their objections. A great many banks have withdrawn all their notes from circulation, some have withdrawn a large part, and there is a tendency to retrench in this direction all along the line. We have sometimes been inclined to regard this movement on the part of national banks as the result of a desire to contract the currency in order to make money scarcer and dearer, but we are convinced that it is the inevitable result of a system which has been unable to adjust itself to the methods and requirements of modern business.

In preparing the minds of its "conservative" readers for the inevitable, The Chronicle is doing a great work; and in advocating a plan which will educate the people to look to the states for their currency, instead of the federal government, it carries the whole matter into the domain of patriotism.

The Wrong Man.

Sometimes the wrong man is the victim of justice, but such cases are rare.

The story of Charles Giblin, of New York, shows that it is possible for an innocent man to be utterly ruined by false testimony, and his escape from the gallows under the circumstances is little short of miraculous.

Giblin is a well-educated young Irish-American, a bookkeeper by profession, but in 1888 he was out of work, and had no employers to take an interest in his case. One night he went to a bakery, purchased 30 cents worth of bread and tendered his last $5 bill in payment. A stranger not connected with the shop snatched it from his hand, declared that it was a counterfeit, and refused to return it. Giblin threatened to appeal to the police, when the man's companions assaulted him. The robber drew a pistol and tried to shoot him, but the bullet mortally wounded another person. The police arrived and carried Giblin to prison, the man who had assaulted him charging him with murder.

Out of a job, and out of money, Giblin could do nothing. The attorney appointed by the court to defend him made a very weak effort, and the gang of witnesses swore that he fired the fatal shot without provocation.

The young man was convicted of murder, and was sentenced to be hanged. His young wife under great difficulties investigated the case, and a World reporter wrote up the facts. But the poor little woman could do nothing more. She was barely able to keep herself and her child from starvation, and it was a daily struggle to keep her landlord from evicting her. So she was about to give up in despair when an editor out in Kansas read The World article. He wrote to Mrs. Giblin, and after receiving her reply, wrote to Governor Hill, stating the case, and asking him to suspend the sentence. The governor promptly granted his request, saying that the man should not be railroaded to the gallows when there were good grounds for believing him to be innocent. The western editor then went to New York and investigated the matter thoroughly. A commission of reference was appointed to retake the testimony in the case, and the proof developed the perjury of the witnesses for the prosecution, and the good character of the accused, and the bad character of his assailants. The result was that the sentence was commuted to imprisonment for life pending further proceedings.

Under the circumstances people will wonder why Giblin has not been released. The newspapers say that $500 will be necessary to employ counsel, and only about half of that amount has been raised. The strain of the past four years has wrecked the health of Mrs. Giblin, but the western editor, Mr. Warren Foster, of The Hutchinson, Kan., Gazette, proposes to keep up the fight until he restores Giblin to his family, and doubtless many persons who see the story in the newspapers will correspond with him, and aid him in his single-handed battle for justice.

It is a sad case, and shows that the way of the innocent is sometimes harder than that of the transgressor in this wicked world.

Thomas Nelson Page.

Thomas Nelson Page, the gifted southern writer, was in Atlanta yesterday, on his way to deliver the literary address before the Southern Female college at LaGrange. For a brief hour he was the guest of Mr. Clarence Knowles, and was the center of a charmed circle of friends.

It is the rare distinction of Mr. Page that his social gifts are as unique as his literary genius. His personality is as charming as are his books, so that those who have the pleasure of meeting him are his admirers in a double sense.

The Movement of Capital.

Just after the Baring panic the people scattered throughout the country suddenly found that money was scarce, and they were told that it was "tight" in New York, London and Paris. Now, the information comes that money is "easy" in those centers, and people are wondering what has caused the change in the situation.

The truth is, capital is always moving either from or to the financial centers. Before the Baring panic we had a long period of great expansion. Boston and New York loaned money to every western farmer who wanted to mortgage a mud hole or a desert; Paris chucked her savings into the Panama ditch, and London scattered her hoardings all over South America and other remote countries. This movement of capital outward from the money centers in the course of time made money tight in those places, and the deposits did not offset the checks drawn outside. Naturally, there followed a period of uneasiness and stringency. The capitalists went in for contraction; they stopped loaning and investing, and waited until interest and collections accumulated and gave them a large supply of loanable funds again.

This movement of capital will continue. After a period of congestion in the centers we may look out for a period of expansion, and then, after loans, investments and booms have run to an extreme, we may expect to see another era of contraction and depression.

The "tight" and 'easy" conditions of the money market are bound to alternate periodically, and in the long run the country will not be hurt. The injury is sustained by individuals whose foresight does not enable them to prepare for a period of contraction.

The present outlook favors great business and industrial activity for some time to come, and as the abundance of easy money in our centers is unprecedented, it is quite possible that the wave of expansion will also be unprecedented.

The Negro at the North.

The Weekly Sentinel is the name of a paper printed and edited in Augusta by Rev. F. K. Love, a negro Baptist preacher. The editor has recently visited the north as a delegate to the Baptist congress at Philadelphia. He also looked in on the Methodist general conference as a spectator, and went as far north as Providence.

The current issue of The Weekly Sentinel contains a letter from the editor's pen, and that portion of it which is devoted to his observations in regard to the condition of the colored man is extremely interesting. His candor is refreshing. He has a keen eye for contrasts, and he records what he sees in a style at once earnest and simple. One thing that impresses him is the fact that the condition of the negroes of the north does not compare favorably with that of the negroes of the south. "While they are holding indignation meetings up here for us," he remarks with dry humor, "we ought to be holding prayer meetings for them in the south."

The matter could not be more vividly put before the reader than in the sentence which we have quoted, and it is followed by this: "From one standpoint, it seems to us that we had rather ride in what they call jim-crow cars and stay in the south where we can have a fair chance at the bread of life than to ride with the white folks in palace cars in the north, and be hungry and penniless."

Here is the whole situation aptly and forcibly put. At the north the question with the negroes is how they shall manage to exist; at the south a few negro snobs imagine that they are oppressed because they cannot ride side by side with the white folks. At the north, the negroes are crowded out of every lucrative business and profession. At the south their opportunities are bounded only by their abilities. Every trade and business, every avenue of breadwinning in which they can possibly engage is open to them. It is no wonder that the contrast attracted the attention of the intelligent negro whose words we have quoted.

Among other things, the editor of The Weekly Sentinel observes that the north has lost interest in the negroes. "The negroes have been very largely the political cat's-paw, and since the pindars have nearly all been pulled out of the fire, there is but little if any further need of the tool." Consequently the editor comes to the conclusion that whatever there is of the negro problem must be settled where it originated—on southern soil. He thinks the negroes should "do their first work over, and make friends at home"—an observation that is the very root and essence of the whole matter. The editor of The Weekly Sentinel sums up his observations thus:

There is prejudice in the north against the negro that is just as potent as it is in the south. The only difference is that it is shown in another way. So far as we know not a negro delegate is stopping with a white family, nor is it any more desired by them than it would be by any white family in the south. 'Tis true we are attending white churches, but that we can do in the south. And we have found by actual observation that the white man north raises as serious objection to sitting by a negro in church that the white man south does, the only difference being he will not say so, but will leave the seat on which a negro sits even if he has to take one far more inconvenient. We have had several to get up from our side and crowd in among white people even where there was not room for them. Hence our observation proves that the negroes are not only becoming more offensive but that they are becoming offensive to more people—yea, to everybody. God only knows what will become of us and where this thing will end.

The note of hopelessness apparent at the close of the foregoing is altogether out of place, for the editor himself suggests the remedy that will dispose of all the real and imaginary troubles of the negroes. "There seems to be a growing necessity," he says, "that the negroes make friends of the people among whom they live." The necessity, indeed, is not growing; it was full grown the moment the negroes received their freedom. The incentive toward this friendliness is something higher and more important than the mere pressure of necessity. An enforced friendliness is not worth much. But every suggestion and impulse of their new citizenship, every result of their environment, every circumstance that is the outgrowth of the situation, ought to lead the negroes to stand with their white neighbors and friends on all questions affecting their common security and content.

We are surprised that the intelligent negroes do not take up this simple remedy and dispose of what is called the negro problem. It is a remedy that will effectually wipe out the color line and the race question so far as they affect the political relations of the two races.

Free Rural Mail Delivery.

If congress fails to extend free mail delivery to the country districts it will have to face a nation of disappointed petitioners.

Free rural delivery is asked for by the grangers, the alliance, the patrons of husbandry and thousands of people outside of these organizations.

We have in this country 4,750,000 farms and their owners and tenants claim that in the matter of mail delivery they should be placed on the same footing as the people of the cities and towns. They pay the same rates of postage that other people pay, and they want the same facilities. It is not just to deliver mail to people in cities living only a few steps from the postoffice, and deny the same facilities to people out in the country who really need them.

The cost has nothing to do with the question. When appropriations are made for other departments of the government, nobody asks if it will pay. Why should the question be raised in the mail service? But, as a matter of fact, it will pay in a short time on account of the increased business.

Free rural mail delivery is provided for in England, Germany, France, China, Japan and India. This country is behind the times in this respect. We are doing everything for the cities and towns and nothing for the country.

Careful estimates show that the proposed extension will not cost a very large sum, and all agree that the increased receipts would soon reimburse the government. Then, it should be considered that this convenience would diffuse education and intelligence throughout the country, bring the farmers in touch with the world, make the country districts more desirable residence localities, and in various ways tend to the development of the farming regions. More than one-third of our people are engaged in farming, and yet very little has been done by the government to improve their mail service since the foundation of the republic, while benefits continue to be heaped upon the cities and towns.

Let our country readers agitate this reform and besiege their congressmen until they carry their point. They can do it by united action and persistent effort.

John Sherman is lying awake at night wondering what the result would have been if he had bought up a few negro delegates from the south.

The New York World, which opposed the Louisiana lottery, is fighting hard for the bucket-shop gamblers. Uncle Pulitzer's "Don't" gun seems to be out of repair.

The mugwump convention of bolters met in Syracuse yesterday. It will require hard work for the party to heal the breach these bolters have made.

The Blaine boom continues to be the leading topic of perspiration at the white house.

Brother Blaine thinks there should be reciprocity in politics as well as in trade. Mr. Harrison, on the other hand, believes that Mr. Blaine, having written one letter declining the nomination, should write another whenever the emergency arises.

The New Orleans Times-Democrat writes four columns to show that we know nothing about the river problem. That fact could have been stated in one line, together with the additional fact that The Times-Democrat has the same amount of information on the subject.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

In Wall street no cash passes. Checks take the place of money. The rich men of New York do not carry money. The highwayman who "held up" Jay Gould or any of the millionaires would profit little. Only a few dollars would be secured. If $100 lasts Mr. Gould three months, as it does, the robber must have a pretty accurate knowledge of his affairs to know when to confront him with the hope of getting over ten or twenty dollars.

The leading millionaires are men, without exception, of plain ways and few requirements. They do not use intoxicants or tobacco, and there are few things they need money for. The average man who works for his daily bread has more money in his pocket than the average millionaire.

The millionaires, too, are as methodical in their personal as in their business affairs. They keep strict account of what they draw for their expenses and what they pay out. Mr. Gould carries his cash in an old-fashioned wallet in an inside pocket. Days at a time pass without his opening the wallet.

How the baby rose to the occasion is told in a private letter from China. The Rev. James Graham, who is the grandnephew of Beverly and Randolph Tucker and the nephew of the Misses Graham, of this city, is a missionary in China. During the recent uprising his house, which is on the outskirts of Shanghai, was one of the points of attack. The mob pursued the preacher to his home, pelting him with bricks. His wife, believing that innocence has power to dispel evil, seized her baby from the cradle and ran to the window, where she held it up in the face of the mob. The baby, as if it had been rehearsed for the scene, began to crow and throw up its hands in the absurdly friendly fashion of babies, at the threatening faces below. The Chinese saw it and began to grin back in return. The bricks fell from their hands and the parson escaped indoors. Nor did they leave; they gathered around the window where the baby still crowed and goo-gooed, and actually stayed until they were surprised and overcome by a rescue party from town.

The American consul in London warns Americans to pay no attention to the swindlers who tell them that they are heirs to vast estates in Europe.

A Washington correspondent says that leprosy is more common in this country than is supposed, and the government is becoming alarmed. A federal leprosy hospital will probably be established. The finger of warning is pointed towards the United States of Colombia. Leprosy was unknown among the aboriginal inhabitants, the first case recorded being that of a Spanish priest in 1846. Since then the disease has spread slowly over the country. During the last twenty years, however, its advance in all directions has been rapidly accelerated and today hardly a populated locality remains uninfected. The people are rapidly becoming a population of lepers. It is said that one out of every ten inhabitants out of the departments of Santander and Boyaca has the disease. This estimate would place the total number of lepers in that section of Colombia alone at 100,000. The most conservative estimate sets it at 80,000. The immigration law framed by the last congress, in directing the marine hospital bureau to make sanitary examinations of all immigrants in the United States, named lepsory in particular as a disease to be carefully excluded. Most victims of it who come here are from South American and Cuban ports.

STRAWS IN THE WIND.

Good Times Coming.

The Georgia weekly newspapers are taking a hopeful view of the financial situation, and are predicting great things for the future. This is the surest sign of present and future prosperity. The editors are always the first to feel it—one way or the other. They are excellent trade barometers.

Advantages of the Season.

The lover swings on the old front gate
And peacefully there abides,
For the old man thinks he's a candidate,
And crawls through the roof and hides!

The Savannah Press is running Editor Ben Russell for congress in both the second and eleventh districts. Russell deserves to have two chances at the congressional persimmon, and it will not be the fault of The Press if, by any chance, he should miss it.

After a suspension of several months The Cumming Clarion made its appearance yesterday under the editorial and business management of Mr. James W. Brown. The paper has "come to stay" this time and makes a very creditable appearance.

Georgia Scenes.

A lazy mule that sweats along
The field where flies the crow;
A rude, perspiring plowman's song—
"Gee—whoa! You fool! Gee—whoa!"

A hungry mule, that wants to graze—
Kicks plow and plowman—Oh!
Miles in the air! then upward brays:
"Gee—whoa! You fool! Gee—whoa!"

Captain J. F. Newman, of Canton, the Nestor of the Georgia weekly press, is in the city. He announces that he will not accompany the editors on their trip to California in July. This will be sad news to them. "The original Georgia cracker" is always the life of the party.

The Savannah Press, commenting on the work of the newspaper men "in camp," says: "The value of the newspaper to the military was never more apparent, never more necessary. The people of Georgia want to know what is going on—how a camp is conducted. This publicity is a valuable thing—it is an education to the people, it familiarizes them with the work of the soldier and emphasizes the importance of the state militia. The difficulty of getting appropriations for the military has been because people were ignorant of the needs of the service and of its value. The press keeps the work of the encampment before the public every day. It is doing good—this daily bulletin of events in Camp Northen—all over the state. It is just what the military needs. So far from discouraging the work of the newspaper men it should be encouraged, and military commanders, if they are wise, will give them every opportunity and show them every courtesy on the ground."

GEORGIA POLITICS.

Professor S. B. Moore, who recently had a fight with Captain Doyle over a political matter, in Savannah, has written a card to The Savannah Press, explaining some of the circumstances that led to the row. After stating how he and Captain Doyle entered into a business agreement to canvass the county together, he says:

"After the nomination of Captain Doyle and myself, he was so elated at the success that he wished to do something generous. He therefore proposed that he and I, and another party, make up a fund and give to certain friends who had worked hard for us. I agreed. He advanced my share as I had run out of cash, and I gave him my note for $40.50. And that is the note he is so clamorous about, and about which he says I am dishonest and a 'damned thief.' I sent him word several times I would pay him as soon as I could, and wrote him I would give a mortgage on any one of six houses to secure him if he desired it. I have a press copy of that letter. I said further, in that letter of May 21st, I would make a report on Monday and if he was not satisfied with it I would give him back $50 of the $100 I had received from him to spend as campaign money. And yet on Tuesday morning, the 23d, he sent a demand for $40.50 due on the note and for the $50 which I said I would return if he should not be satisfied with report. But I had not even made my report, having been in the country the preceding day. As to what occurred in Captain Doyle's store on the 25th instant, I have little to say. I met there by appointment to submit my report. We went into a dark room, and when I began reading the list of names and amounts to account for the sixty odd dollars I had paid out in small sums, Captain Doyle forgot himself, flew into a rage and struck me. Under the circumstances to have resented his conduct then and there with blows would have been exceedingly improper. I did what prudence and humanity required—I left the store."

"Watson democrats" is the latest political "trick" in the tenth district. The Augusta Evening News, discussing this new feature of the congressional campaign, says:

"The 'Watson democrats' will find that their excuse will not be sufficient even for themselves if they will only read Mr. Watson's own criticisms of the democratic party. There can be no doubt that he has cut loose and is entirely on the outside, and being out no criticism of democracy is too severe from him. The grand old party in which he was nourished and which has honored him is altogether bad in his eyes now, and he even holds it responsible for the ills our people are suffering. The solid farmers and strong admirers of Mr. Watson will see, therefore, that it is utterly inconsistent to call themselves 'Watson democrats,' or any kind of democrats, if they would vote for or follow the fortunes of the third party leader in Georgia. Mr. Watson is 'clean gone' as far as democracy is concerned, and there is no such thing as 'Watson democracy.' He, himself, if consistent, would have to spurn the appellation."

Everybody who is taking any interest in the congressional race in the second district has heard about a letter that Colonel C. B. Wooten wrote to Mr. Green Ford, of Worth county. It had been represented as something that hopelessly compromised Colonel Wooten as between his present attitude toward the alliance and the position he occupied before the alliance nominating convention met at Cuthbert. The letter has made its appearance at last, and newspapers in the district, friendly to Mr. Wooten, are flaunting it triumphantly in the faces of his political enemies. The letter which has created so much unfavorable comment, is as follows:

"Albany, Ga., February 18.—Hon. G. G. Ford, Isabella, Ga. Friend Green: Ad Lippitt told me you were in town this week and inquired for me. Sorry I did not see you. I was over in Calhoun, where I find everything solid. There is no doubt about that county. The knowing ones say it is about unanimous for me. I wish you would do me the favor to see the delegates from Worth to the Cuthbert convention, which meets next Thursday. In event that they do not take an allianceman, and decide to take a man who is not a member of the alliance, I would like to have their support and influence. Of course I would like to have it in the first instance, but I presume a man who is a member of the alliance will be the first choice. This I infer from what you told me. I am not a member of the alliance. I would if I could, for I am in sympathy with them, as I am a farmer myself. Anything you may do for me will be appreciated by your friend, C. B. WOOTEN."

On Thursday next, the 2d day of June, the people of Echols county assemble in mass meeting to select delegates to the congressional convention. The papers in the district are talking about a threatened "invasion" and "schemes and devices to deceive the people," and lively times are looked for.

ETCHED AND SKETCHED.

Colonel Fletcher M. Johnson is active in the campaign against the third party in Hall county. He spoke at Chestnut mountain Saturday with Colonel Candler and will be heard from all over the county. He is a brainy man and a hard hitter from the word go.

By the way, Colonel Johnson is a legislative probability. Hall is entitled to two representatives, and he and Mr. Hawkins, of Flowery Branch, are being pressed by friends to make the race. Both are popular men and would be hard to beat. Mr. Hawkins is a prosperous merchant and has much to do with the growth of the thriving town where he lives. Colonel Johnson, if he comes to the house, will make his mark on the floor. His style is a good deal like that of Sam Jones, only it is more so.

* * *

The democratic club at Chestnut mountain, some miles from the railroad, numbers 150. There are few houses there. It is a country hamlet in a fine neighborhood, and a gathering there includes men from the country for several miles around. The activity and prosperity of the people of this neighborhood is due largely to a good school under the management of Professor L. M. Foster. He has ninety pupils enrolled with a good average attendance. Some of the boys and girls come three or four miles to school; Professor Foster himself comes three and a half miles and gets to the school before sun up on cold mornings in order to make the school house warm for the children. The school is kept in session nine months of the year by combining the state school fund with the voluntary contributions of substantial citizens. Children who are unable to pay go free, while the well-to-do voluntarily pay moderate tuition. Tris gives an excellent school.

* * *

Mr. Hawkins told me as we rode through the county that every child in Hall county who wanted to attend school could do so.

Colonel Candler and Professor Foster both bare witness to the good results of the county institutes, established by the last legislature for the benefit of country teachers. These institutes are doing good everywhere.

* * *

Northeast Georgia is particularly attractive at this season of the year. The natural beauty of the landscape, with its succession of mountain and meadow with shining rivulet and flying cloud, is heightened by the deep green of the woods and the lighter verdure of the fields. The clean tillage of the farms and the comfortable aspect of the villages nestling among the valleys suggest prosperity, and closer examination confirms the impression. At Flowery Branch I learned that the farmers of the vicinity are selling large quantities of corn. Mr. H. T. Cooper and his son Walter told me that they bought last Friday a thousand bushels of corn from one man. While I was there on Saturday they bought 500 more bushels from another farmer. The price is about 58 cents and the farmer gets his money in hard cash.

* * *

There is within a mile and a half of Flowery Branch a water mill which grinds the old-fashioned meal. Having eaten bread made of water-ground meal, from select white corn, I commiserate the people of Atlanta who have to put up with bolted and kiln-dried meal.

* * *

Mr. D. H. Mullenix, who has, for the past fifteen years, been connected with the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, has severed his connection with that company to go into the machinery business in Macon.

Mr. Mullenix has served the telephone company in many capacities; in fact, he has, probably, more practical telephone experience than any man at present connected with the company in the south. He was, for five years, manager of the Macon exchange, but resigned that position some twelve months ago to come to Atlanta. While in Atlanta he has faithfully discharged his duties as day chief operator, and has been acting manager at one time and another during the absence of Manager Gentry. The Atlanta exchange loses in Mr. Mullenix one of its best employes. His many Atlanta friends wish him unbounded success in his new venture.

* * *

Certainly, all members and friends of the Young Men's Library Association will be rejoiced to know that the library is going to be removed and placed in more desirable quarters and taken to a more acceptable location in the city.

It has been a drawback of no small degree heretofore to have the library on Decatur away from the busy and more central parts of the city. It is certain to become a more popular and a more useful institution where it will be located hereafter—in the old Markham home, corner of Marietta and Cone streets. Mr. James R. Nutting, chairman of the committee, is to be congratulated upon the trade he has made for the association. Mr. Nutting says the library will not be taken to its new quarters this year since the property is rented until January. He says it is a mistake on the part of one of the afternoon papers to state that the membership fees will be reduced from $4 to 50 cents per year. This, he says, has not been dreamed of by the association.

The new property was bought for $15,000 four years ago, showing how rapidly it is increasing in value, bringing $40,000 now.

The interest in the library is increasing every day and it is a gratifying thought that this is so.

* * *

I have just been glancing over the pages of a truly wonderful old book. It is a volume treating of the curious history of the famous Rosetta stone, discovered by the French officer, Bussard, during the contest carried on by the French and English in Egypt. The Rosetta stone bore on its face a trilingual translation of the hieroglyphics of the historic Egyptians, their pyramids and the like and the scientists at once thought when this stone could be fully translated it would disprove the Christian religion. But so far from doing so it strengthened the evidences of that religion. This old book is not printed. It is written, and each page is quaintly pictured with Egyptian symbols and caricatures. It was compiled by some college students of the University of Pennsylvania long ago. The book is a curiosity and is the property of Hon. Eb T. Williams, the well-known young attorney of this city.

* * *

It has been a long, long time here in Georgia since men turned out en masse to celebrate with all their hearts and souls the glorious Fourth of July. But, this year we'll have it in a dose that is fully calculated, as the saying goes, to make up for lost time. The people of Clarkston, a dozen miles from Atlanta on the Georgia railroad, are preparing for it already. They are advertising it in all the papers, and what they propose to do is to eclipse the country in a genuine old patriotic way in celebrating the day, the blessed birthday of our free republic of America. A basket dinner, four or five hair-splitting speeches, a brass band—maybe two—and thousands of men, women and children will go to make it what it is intended to be—a grand and blooming success. Hurrah for the Fourth once more!

* * *

What a time the democratic boys of the "bloody tenth" will have at Thomson on the 22d of June, when the district convention will be held to nominate the man who is to give that "black" eye to Watson, the third party leader! It is said that Major Black will be nominated with a great hurrah and genuine democratic zeal right there in Watson's own home town. They, say, an effort will be made to have not only a ringing speech from Major Black, but likewise also to have Congressman Charles Moses and other prominent democratic leaders there that day, and despite the fact that Watson has ceased to "chum" with democrats, somebody says it is probable that he will be down there to "see how things go off, that's all."

* * *

Colonel George A. Mercer, who has been commanding Camp Northen with such marked ability and so successfully, was in Atlanta yesterday to make his report to the governor. The Colonel is as browned by the sun as a genuine Italian.

* * *

It is always a delight to his many warm personal friends in Atlanta to have Thomas Nelson Page here. That is to say, to have him here as he was here yesterday and as he has always been in Atlanta—plain, genial, clever, witty and companionable Tom Page, the southern gentleman. To hear him when thrown back upon an easy chair indulging in the luxury of a rich Havana, tell story after story illustrative of life on 'de quarter" in the dear old days of southern aristocracy, is to become oblivious to all surroundings and throw one's self again upon the grass before the cabin door and hear the old "fo de wah" darkies in all their simple faith telling of their trials and their joys. In this respect Mr. Page gets word life and real life about as close together as they ever are in this prosaic old world of ours.

* * *

An Atlanta gentleman who was in Franklin county, Tennessee, on Monday, says that Judge Pete Turney's friends had a walk-over in the political meeting. Franklin is "old Judge Pete's" home county. Governor Buchanan's friends made a hard fight, but did not have one-third of the crowd. One man came over with eighty-six of his children and grandchildren. That was the famous Colonel Anderson, of Crow Coal valley, of course.

In Colonel Anderson's settlement there are 156 men, women and children who are his own descendants. There are four generations of the Anderson family living in the valley and they are all so closely related to each other that it is hard to tell which are which.

* * *

Colonel George A. Mercer, commander of the First regiment, came up from Camp Northen yesterday.

This gallant veteran spoke enthusiastically of the encampment and the results of the first week.

The discipline was strict, but the men liked it, and improved under it, and a number of them told the colonel that they wished they could stay another week.

* * *

Colonel Mercer, Messrs. C. N. West, W. R. Leaken, Walter G. Chareton and T. P. Ravenel, all prominent members of the Savannah bar, left on the vestibule yesterday for New Orleans to attend the United States court of appeals in session there.

* * *

One of the illustrated weekly papers contains pictures of the leaders in the "anti snap" convention, which met in Syracuse yesterday. Two or three have no hair at all on their heads, and those who have part it in the middle.

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

A New Law Proposed.

Editor Constitution—The painted hypocrites and bloody-shirt saints north of Mason and Dixon's line, who sympathize so much with criminals so utterly brutal that their crimes are not to be mentioned in a decent paper, appear to think that it is all right for the people of the south to be compelled to suffer such things. It is not at all probable that they expressed any sympathy with the poor, helpless sufferers, but all their sympathy is lavished on the guiltiest of the human family, if the unspeakable outrage is committed on a poor southern white woman. It is painful to know that human hate and prejudice can reach depths so intolerably Satanic and while we here suggest that an act be passed providing a speedy trial for such criminals, it is not with the expectation that Satan or any of his followers up north will have less to speak against the southern people, but that justice, according to law, may be administered and that the danger of punishing the wrong party may be avoided.

An act is hereby suggested to those who may be chosen for our next legislature. If they approve this view of the matter it is hoped that they will take it in hand and perfect a bill which will meet the case and provide a remedy for the trouble as far as such a thing is possible. A LAWYER.

Section 1. Be it enacted, etc, That any person who shall be guilty of the crime of —— or an attempt to commit the same, shall be guilty of a capital offense and shall be punished with death by hanging.

Sec. 2. That as soon as an arrest shall be made a party charged with said crime, or an attempt to commit the same, that it shall be the duty of the sheriff of the county to notify the clerk of the superior court of said county, who shall immediately notify the judge of the superior court of the circuit, and also the solicitor of the same, and that said judge shall, as soon as it is possible, organize a court for the trial of said criminal.

Sec. 3. That said judge shall have the grand jury of said county organized, who shall pass upon the charge immediately, and if a true bill is found against said party for such offense, that said judge shall proceed at once to organize a jury for the trial of said prisoner, from the jury impaneled at the previous sitting, or from the panel drawn for the next term, with power to select tales jurors as in other cases.

Sec. 4. The jury shall find either guilty or not guilty, and shall have no power to recommend the criminal to the mercy of the court, and there shall be no recommendation to life imprisonment, and the governor shall have no power to pardon, commute or mitigate the punishment for such crime.

Sec. 5. Said judge, in case the party is found guilty, shall sentence the prisoner to death by hanging, which shall not be postponed longer than ten days.

Sec. 6. In case a bill of exceptions is presented the same shall be heard as soon as possible. And if an application is made to carry said case to the supreme court it shall be presented to the supreme court within ten days from the time said bill of exceptions is certified by the judge, who shall notify the justices of the supreme court immediately of the certifying of the same.

Sec. 7. If the three justices of the supreme court cannot be present and the case should be heard by two only, and they should not agree, then the governor shall immediately appoint a judge in place of the absent justice, and the case shall immediately be argued again before said three judges, and if the case is affirmed the judge of the said superior court shall immediately set a day for the execution of the sentence, not extending the time beyond ten days.

Sec. 8. Should any person, or number of persons, take the life of such person so suspected of the crime without such legal trial, and without the due course of law, all such persons shall be held guilty of murder and shall be prosecuted for the same as in other cases of murder.

Sec. 9. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

The Last Atlanta Newsboy.

Editor Constitution—In July, 1864, with the Associated Press agent, Woodson, and Reid, a noted newspaper correspondent, and McClanahan, The Appeal editor and owner, while Sherman was shelling this city, I was in the pressroom of The Appeal newspaper, now Hutchinson's drug store, on Whitehall street. The cylinder of the Hoe press was slowly revolving, a copy of the paper was lifted from it by the iron fan or fly and a shell from Sherman's batteries came in at the west end of the building. It passed over the cylinder, through the fingers of the fan and through the copy of the paper on it. The shell exploded as it passed through the back door into the alleyway, killing a little newsboy ten years of age. Nobody else was harmed. We could not identify the little fellow. Every undertaker had fled the city. We coffined the boy rudely enough and buried him at night sorrowfully by moonlight in the rear of the building.

I am curious to learn whether the box containing the newsboy's body was ever afterwards unearthed. We inscribed his name in enduring letters on wood and metal deposited in this box. Is there no one living who remembers the "lost newsboy?" The old Hoe press, that was wounded with this luckless child, is still useful, though antiquated and rusteaten in the vaults of The Appeal building in Memphis.

Of those who witnessed the incident above defined, Reed and I, alone, survive. The pressmen, Woodson, McClanahan and the rest, all are no more. DUPRE.

* * *

"In the report of the address at Indian Springs yesterday there is a mistake," said Hon. W. C. Glenn yesterday. "In the address I remarked that the vast practical genius of Stephenson had overshadowed his greatness as a thinker and philosopher; that even in the birth of the railway he foresaw some of the problems which would arise, and that, foreseeing them he had uttered the aphorism which has risen almost into the dignity of a maxim that 'where combination is possible competition is impossible.'"

HE IS WITH US.

Sam Small Is Shelling the Woods, So to Say.

HE MADE THREE SPEECHES YESTERDAY,

Giving It to the Boys in Doses, Morning Noon and Night—The Speaker on Public Issues of the Day.

Sam Small has come back to Georgia, and is "shelling the woods" around in the fifth district.

He came to Atlanta yesterday morning, and joined his wife here, leaving in time to be in Decatur promptly in time to make a speech according to his published appointment there at 11 o'clock.

His audience was not as large as it might have been, there being only about fifty or sixty eager listeners to gather about him when he leaped upon the speakers' stand and looked about him in that "hear-me-for-my-cause and-be-silent-that-you-may-hear" style of his.

But a slim attendance did not at all dampen the enthusiasm of the speaker; nor did it prevent him from making one of his accustomed rich, rare and hair-raising speeches. Small was loaded for the occasion, and he gave it to his hearers, as the politicians say, "straight from the shoulders."

Mrs. Small was given a seat on the front row, directly in front of the speakers' stand, and was an interested member of his audience. Small, who has, heretofore, passed with no particular handle to his name, was introduced to the audience, by Mr. R. M. Brown, as "Colonel" Small. Then the speaker of the day began by congratulating his audience upon the arrival of that day when men could gather for the purpose of having a sober and honest discussion of affairs of state so vital to our common country.

He went on to say that the south must still be kept solid. He referred to the peculiar conditions of the southern states, and made a clear-sounding argument showing the necessity of maintaining white supremacy here.

This brought him to remark upon the gloom of the unfavorable financial conditions that confront the southern people today. "We must have more money and better money," he said, emphatically, "and what is more, we are going to have it. The only way to do it is to go direct to the government treasury door and demand a change in the iniquitous mode of manipulating the country's cash."

He made a direct and positive tirade upon the national banking laws, saying the banks were the middle man in the great game of fortune between the people's right and the millionaire's might. "Let us send no man to congress," he exclaimed, "who will not pledge himself to fight for a removal of this stigma upon the fair name of our free land."

"Us Alliance Fellows."

"All of us alliance fellows," Mr. Small went on to say, "want more money. Yes, I have rode the goat lately and I've got the wool on my coat-tail yet, too." (Laughter.)

Sam's Scheme for Money.

"There are 579,000,000 acres of public land," continued the speaker, "worth $1.25 an acre. Ain't that a basis for issuing money? It's not fiat money; not rag money; but a solid basis in the earth. You can't flood us with English land; you can't get it over.

"That alone would give $10 to $13 per capita more to every citizen of the United States." Taking a silver dollar from his pocket, he held it up and said: "You can't get that for 99 cents. But you say it only contains 70 cents' worth of silver. I have a dollar bill that has not a cent's worth of paper in it. But there's something on it—the name of the United States—good for every dollar she issues within the limits of her assets. When the United States puts her stamp on currency and says it's worth a dollar, it is, and don't you forget it. Have free coinage if you wish. But it's not essential. You can get along without it."

The Government and Railroads.

"My opinion in brief about the government ownership of railroads is, the scheme is impracticable. The railroads should be made to dance to the law in short order, and the people ought to have laws enacted in their favor, and not in favor of the railroads.

"The government might own and control telegraph lines. I think it ought to. Jay Gould should not be allowed to monopolize them."

A Free Trader.

Sam Small is a free trader.

He put himself down that way when he said: "You don't need tariff reform. You want something that will obliterate tariff in toto. You want free trade—as free as the water that you drink, as the air that you breathe.

"There are other things we want," he said, after a pause. "We want a graduated income tax, and there will result the lowest rate of interest the world has ever known. We want to abolish the liquor traffic. I am a prohibitionist from the tip end of the baldest hair in my head to the tacks in my boots. You say that ain't democratic. I don't care. I am not running around for things just because they are democratic."

As to the Third Party.

Sam is no third party man after all—not yet.

Said he: "Let me tell you, citizens of DeKalb, be calm. Don't jump too quick. Find out where you are going. As to the people's party, wait until they meet at Omaha, and find out who they are and what they want and how they propose to get it. Look at their pension laws. Great God, how much more are we to pay for getting licked?"

Then He Concluded.

Small said he was not decided yet to run for congress, but is just making a few independent speeches over the district partly as a democrat, chiefly as a prohibitionist.

At Stone Mountain.

It was a double engagement that Sam Small played yesterday. The afternoon game was played at Stone Mountain.

Here he made practically the same argument that he made at Decatur in the forenoon. He spoke with increased zeal about the necessity of demanding financial reform. He spoke about the tariff and all that, but he didn't say that the government should or should not own the railroads. He didn't speak on that question, leaving it severely alone.

Mr. Small went to Lithonia from Stone Mountain.

Mr. Small's Appointments.

The following list makes up the appointments of Mr. Small for future engagements:

Wednesday, June 1st, 3 p. m., at Douglasville.
Thursday, June 2d, 3 p. m., at Fairburn.
Thursday, June 2d, 8 p. m., at East Point.
Friday, June 3d, 3 p. m., at Jonesboro.
Saturday, June 4th, 2 p. m., at Covington.
Monday, June 6th, 2 p. m., at Conyers.
Tuesday, June 7th, 8 p. m., at Atlanta.
Thursday, June 9th, 2 p. m., at Monroe.
Thursday, June 9th, 8 p. m., at Social Circle.

PEOPLE HERE AND THERE.

ARCH—Joseph Arch, the leader of the agricultural laborers' unions of England, is a weak and worn man of sixty-six, who has thoroughly exhausted himself in his efforts to gain political power and recognition for the toilers upon the farms. He is a self-educated man, and knows what it is to have labored from sunrise to sunset for 60 cents a day.

HETHERINGTON—The exigencies of journalism in San Francisco are portrayed in the intelligence that "Mrs. Hetherington is said to have run from her parlor to the adjoining bedroom when a reporter, disguised as a waiter, asked her what she found to love in Gower Robinson." There is satisfaction, however, in the reflection that westward the star of kitchen journalism has taken its course.

TO PLAY

The Southern League ... Chang

ATLANTA OPENS U

And if There's No Rai ... Big Crowd—How ... Panned

The Atlantas will ope sated Memphis team to And the game will b at the baseball exchang The team left New morning and during th an exhibition game in morning the boys will and will open to the big has yet given up.

Memphians have not when Purcell and Snee along the banks of the days Memphis always crowds, and for two or ing of the Atlanta team ly advertised. The adv Memphis indicated tha would welcome Maskre

The illness of Camp leaves the team in a d tion and Maskrey is pu sent a team that can p son will pitch this aft will do the work behi will go on first and Maskrey will take left while the balance of t same as it usually is.

How The

Atlanta will play in M Macon leaves Montgo Orleans. Chattanooga moves fr gomery. Birmingham jumps fr Orleans.

It Was Thre

Montgomery, Ala., Montgomery won game from Macon fielding and heavy errors by the visit piling up seven runs to Schmitt and Hess occup visitors while Herr and battery for the home te made off Schmitt, whil tors down to six. M Veach, of the visiting engagement as a kicker, Macon's errors, 6; Mo

Score by innings:
Montgomery ....
Macon ....

Summary—Earned r Macon, 1. Two-base art, 1; Kirby, 1; Weddi 1. Three-base hits—K Bases on called balls Struck out—By Herr, pitch—Herr, 1. Time pire—Mr. Key.

It Rained

Memphis, Tenn., Ma grounds were too wet f third game of the Birmi went over, like that game forfeited by the v to show up Saturday i three to go on record. afternoon for New Orle to open here tomorrow weather indications are no game.

Chattanooga D

Mobile, May 31.— defeated Mobile today.

BIG LEAGU

At Brooklyn:
Brooklyn 2 0 0 0
Cincinnati 0 0 0 0
Batteries—Foutz and Murphy.
At New York:
New York 0 1 0 0
St. Louis 0 0 0 0
Batteries—Crane and and Buckley.
At Baltimore:
Baltimore 2 0 0 1
Pittsburg 0 0 0 2
Batteries—Buffington Smith and Mack.
At Washington:
Washington 0 0 0 1
Chicago 2 0 3 0 1
Batteries—Foreman, Gumbert and Schriver.
At Philadelphia:
Louisville 0 0 0 0
Philadelphia ..1 1 0 0
Batteries—Stratton a Clements.
At Boston—
Boston. 0 0 0
Cleveland. 0 0 0
Batteries—Stivetts an Doyle.

ON TH

Morris Pa

New York, May 31.— found himself somethi the close of the aftern the first race, $4,500 o tinued to double his b gramme. He did not mense losings are th tion in turf circles First race, five furlo Nell second, Morello Second race, mile and won, Banquet second, 2:08. Third race, The H one-half furlongs. Fri ond, Prince Imperial Fourth race, seven f Benvalio second, St 1:28 1-2. Fifth race, The Sea mile, Lamplight won nely third. Time, 1:4 Sixth race, six furlo Dollar second. Don 1:13.

Latoni

Cincinnati, May 31. just before the la making the track a tri First race, six furlo Hamline second, Ro 1:16 1-2. Second race, one Speth second, Powers Third race, four Sarah Ramey won, Q was third. Time, 0:56 Fourth race, mile worth won, W. B. Time, 1:48 3-4. Fifth race, five furl Ed Greenwood secon third. Time, 1:03. Sixth race, six furlo Rebuff second, Peddle

St. Lou

St. Louis, May 31.— John Frances won, bria third. Time, 1 Second race, six f Odetta second, Gayl Third race, six and Royal won, Lizzie M third. Time, 1:27 1-4 Fourth race, six Annie Race won, C. Burt Jordan third. Fifth race, six furlo bound, second, Crab Sixth race, one mil tent ran a dead hea Castle won, Hoodlum and 1:52 1-2.

THE ALUMNÆ

A Brilliant Recepti

Graduates of the

The alumnae of held its annual m Browning hall. The hall was fille the alumnae and th At 8:30 o'clock th order by the preside Mr. Hoke Smith the present conditio lanta. He stated th not be able to deli count of having be sickness of a relati Mr. Smith annou that Miss Helena scholarship endowed will enter the norm

TO PLAY TODAY.

The Southern League Clubs Make a Change.

ATLANTA OPENS UP IN MEMPHIS,

And if There's No Rain, There Will Be a Big Crowd—How the Games Panned Out.

The Atlantas will open with that rejuvinated Memphis team today.

And the game will be reported in detail at the baseball exchange on Decatur street.

The team left New Orleans yesterday morning and during the afternoon played an exhibition game in Meridian. This morning the boys will arrive in Memphis, and will open to the biggest crowd Memphis has yet given up.

Memphians have not forgotten the days when Purcell and Sneed fought for victory along the banks of the Mississippi. In those days Memphis always gave Atlanta big crowds, and for two or three days the coming of the Atlanta team has been extensively advertised. The advices last night from Memphis indicated that a great crowd would welcome Maskrey and his men.

The illness of Campfield and Berryhill leaves the team in a decidedly weak condition and Maskrey is put to the best to present a team that can play ball at all. Lawson will pitch this afternoon and Schabel will do the work behind the bat. Porter will go on first and McIntyre on third. Maskrey will take left field, Long's place, while the balance of the team will be the same as it usually is.

How They Play.

Atlanta will play in Memphis today.

Macon leaves Montgomery to play in New Orleans.

Chattanooga moves from Mobile to Montgomery.

Birmingham jumps from Memphis to New Orleans.

It Was Three Straights.

Montgomery, Ala., May 31.—(Special.)—Montgomery won its third successive game from Macon today by good fielding and heavy batting while costly errors by the visiting club aided in piling up seven runs to the home club's credit. Schmitt and Hess occupied the points for the visitors while Herr and Pietz comprised the battery for the home team. Eleven hits were made off Schmitt, while Herr held the visitors down to six. Mr. Key umpired and Veach, of the visiting nine, played a star engagement as a kicker, scoring a fine or two. Macon's errors, 6; Montgomery, 2.

Score by innings:

Montgomery ....2 0 0 3 0 0 1 1 0—7
Macon ....1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—3

Summary—Earned runs—Montgomery, 2; Macon, 1. Two-base hits—Dunn, 1; Weikart, 1; Kirby, 1; Weddige, 1; Veach, 1; Hess, 1. Three-base hits—Keith, 1; Weikart, 1. Bases on called balls—Herr, 1; Schmitt, 3. Struck out—By Herr, 7; Schmitt, 5. Wild pitch—Herr, 1. Time of game—1:50. Umpire—Mr. Key.

It Rained Again.

Memphis, Tenn., May 31.—(Special.)—The grounds were too wet for ball today and the third game of the Birmingham-Memphis series went over, like that of yesterday, so the game forfeited by the visitors by their failure to show up Saturday is the only one of the three to go on record. Birmingham left this afternoon for New Orleans. Atlanta is billed to open here tomorrow, but if the present weather indications are realized there will be no game.

Chattanooga Defeats Mobile.

Mobile, May 31.—(Special.)—Chattanooga defeated Mobile today.

BIG LEAGUE GAMES.

At Brooklyn:
Brooklyn ......2 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 1—7. BH9 E2
Cincinnati ......0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1. BH4 E3
Batteries—Foutz and Daily; Duryer and Murphy.

At New York:
New York ....0 1 0 0 0 1 2 4 0—8. BH9 E2
St. Louis ....0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1—3. BH4 E3
Batteries—Crane and Murphy; Dwyer, Bird and Buckley.

At Baltimore:
Baltimore ....2 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0—4. BH10 E4
Pittsburg ....0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0—3. BH 9 E3
Batteries—Buffington and Robinson; Galvin, Smith and Mack.

At Washington:
Washington ..0 0 0 1 1 0 2 0 0—4. BH10E2
Chicago ....2 0 3 0 1 5 0 1 *—12. BH14 E4
Batteries—Foreman, Gastright and Milligan; Gumbert and Schriver.

At Philadelphia:
Louisville .....0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1. BH7 E1
Philadelphia ..1 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 *—4. BH8 E2
Batteries—Stratton and Dowse; Esper and Clements.

At Boston—
Boston. . . . .0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0—2. H 5, E 2
Cleveland. . . .0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1. H 4, E 4
Batteries—Stivetts and Ganzell; Cuppy and Doyle.

ON THE TURF.

Morris Park Races.

New York, May 31.—Michael F. D. Dwyer found himself something like $30,000 out at the close of the afternoon. He bet $2,300 on the first race, $4,500 on the second, and continued to double his bets all through the programme. He did not pick up a bet, and his immense losings are the sole topic of conversation in turf circles this evening.

First race, five furlongs, Yemen won, Stone Nell second, Morello third. Time 1:00.

Second race, mile and a quarter, The Pepper won, Banquet second, Mars third. Time, 2:08.

Third race, The Harlem stakes, five and one-half furlongs. Frieze won, Restraint second, Prince Imperial third. Time, 1:07 1-2.

Fourth race, seven furlongs, Kilkenny won, Benvalio second, St. Hubert third. Time, 1:28 1-2.

Fifth race, The Sea and Sound stakes, one mile, Lamplight won, Actor second, Kenbely third. Time, 1:41.

Sixth race, six furlongs, Onward won, Gold Dollar second, Don Caster third. Time, 1:13.

Latonia Races.

Cincinnati, May 31.—A heavy shower fell just before the last race at Latonia, making the track a trifle slow.

First race, six furlongs, Ella Shipman won, Hamline second, Roseberry third. Time, 1:16 1-2.

Second race, one mile, Happiness won, Speth second, Powers third. Time, 1:43 1-2.

Third race, four and one-half furlongs, Sarah Ramey won, Queenide second, Governess third. Time, 0:56 1-2.

Fourth race, mile and a sixteenth, Wadsworth won, W. B. second, Yale '91 third. Time, 1:48 3-4.

Fifth race, five furlongs, Forest Rose won, Ed Greenwood second, Queen of Blondes third. Time, 1:03.

Sixth race, six furlongs, London Smoke won, Rebuff second, Peddler third. Time, 1:18 1-4.

St. Louis Races.

St. Louis, May 31.—First race, six furlongs, John Frances won, Maud B. second, Leumbria third. Time, 1:21.

Second race, six furlongs, Adrienne won, Odetta second, Gaylor third. Time, 1:20.

Third race, six and one-half furlongs, Penny Royal won, Lizzie Mac second, Little Phil third. Time, 1:27 1-4.

Fourth race, six and one-half furlongs, Annie Race won, C. R. Willingham, second, Burt Jordan third. Time, 1:28.

Fifth race, six furlongs, Catlan won, Buckhound second, Crab Cider third. Time, 1:23.

Sixth race, one mile, New Castle and Content ran a dead heat. On the run off New Castle won, Hoodlum third. Time, 1:49 1-2 and 1:52 1-2.

THE ALUMNÆ ENTERTAINMENT.

A Brilliant Reception Last Night by the Graduates of the Girls' High School.

The alumnae of the Girls' High school held its annual meeting last night in Browning hall.

The hall was filled with the members of the alumnae and their friends.

At 8:30 o'clock the society was called to order by the president, Mrs. A. H. Cox.

Mr. Hoke Smith made a short speech on the present condition of the schools of Atlanta. He stated that Bishop Nelson would not be able to deliver the address on account of having been called away by the sickness of a relative.

Mr. Smith announced to the alumnae that Miss Helena Proffitt had received the scholarship endowed by the alumnae. She will enter the normal school at Nashville, Tenn. Mrs. A. H. Cox will be given her diploma, one that she earned several years ago, but never received, on Friday night at DeGive's opera house.

The Fourth Artillery band was present at the entertainment, and furnished the music.

Major Slaton introduced Miss Erskine Richmond, who sang several pretty airs in her usual charming manner.

Miss Corinne Stocker followed with a selection from "The School for Scandal." Miss Stocker is an elocutionists of rare ability, and her impersonation of Lady Teazle was perfect. She responded to an encore with a charming little verse of childish wisdom. This closed the exercises.

Major Slaton then rose and said: "This closes our programme, and we now turn the hall over to the young ladies. If there are any young men in the hall who wish to move around the floor to music, they can clear the chairs away and begin."

The boys needed no second invitation, and soon there were a score of couples tripping the light fantastic toe.

Lemonade was served and dancing indulged in until a late hour.

Miss Helena Proffitt, the fortunate young lady who secured the scholarship, is the daughter of Mrs. Anderson Howard. She is nineteen years of age, and is a very hard student. She is very ambitious, and intends to become a teacher when she returns from Nashville.

The board of education is requested to visit the schools today, or Thursday, and the night school this evening.

THE BURIAL OF MRS. HOLLIDAY.

The People of Fayetteville Pay a Tender Tribute to Her Memory.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary Ann Holliday, which took place on Monday, evoked strong expressions of the esteem in which that lady was held.

From Saturday noon until Sunday night, the residence of Mr. James R. Holliday, 405 South Pryor street, was visited by over 1,500 people, who came to pay their condolences. The funeral procession started from the house at 5:30 o'clock a. m. Monday, to the church of the Immaculate Conception, where the mass for the dead was chanted, Father Kelley being the celebrant, assisted by Father Schadurel. A beautiful eulogium was pronounced by Father Kelley, who said that this was one case in which he knew that words of remembrance could not be exaggerated. From the church the remains were placed on the Central railroad train for Jonesboro. The pallbearers were: Captain Evan P. Howell, Mr. John J. Doonan, Colonel Rufus T. Dorsey, Mr. Thomas Malone, Colonel A. J. McBride and Colonel Thomas Corrigan.

At Jonesboro a large assemblage of old-time friends had gathered, Colonel William Stewart and wife being especially attentive to the mourning family. The procession which started out for Fayetteville was quite large.

It was at Fayetteville that the greatest surprise was in store. Although Mrs. Holliday had been born there, yet the last thirty years of her life had been spent in other places. The ladies of the town, headed by Mrs. William Stewart, had gathered and decorated the grave in a beautiful manner. The taste displayed in the floral arrangements was exquisite. The assembled citizens did all that kindness could suggest. The coffin-lid was removed, and people who had known Mrs. Holliday as a little girl feelingly looked upon her face again.

The newly-made grave was beside that of the husband, who had died twenty years before. The coffin was let down, the little mound over it was shaped by loving hands, the two graves were laden with the choicest flowers and the weeping people slowly turned away, leaving to God and at rest all that was mortal of Captain Robert K. Holliday and his wife.

THE PROGRAMME COMPLETED

For the Big Entertainment by the Odd Fellows Next Wednesday.

The programme for the entertainment to be given by the Odd Fellows at DeGive's next Wednesday night is as follows:

Part First.—Piano solo, Professor Kruger.

Vocal solo—"Answer," by Miss Bertha Martin.

Recitation—"Perdita," Miss Carrie Dan.

Vocal Solo—"Garden of Roses," by Miss Clara Werner.

Recitation—"How the Fiddle Sung," original, Colonel L. P. Hills.

Animal Imitation, original, Mr. George O. Van Winkle.

Recitation—By Miss Lillie Dimmer.

Banjo and Guitar Sextet—Professor J. B. Carlisle, R. D. Chase, T. Stocker, banjoists. A. J. Chapman, J. A. Schmidt, guitars. L. B. Byington, piano.

Recitation—"Rizpah," Mrs. William M. Durham.

Dance, Recitative Creative—"Money Musk," by Miss Mina Lou Blount.

Recitation, by Miss Julia Manning.

Dance Solo, trombone—Miss Leila Knott.

Part Second.—Musique Phenominique—By C. Guy Shearer.

Recitation—Poem, original, "A Noble Life," Major Charles W. Hubner.

Dance, ballet, deladour, minuet, "De la Cour," by Miss Leila and Pinley Knott.

Baritone solo, Mr. J. H. Stiff.

Song, dance, comique, Miss Julia Manning.

Musical Mopes, comique, Messrs. McDuffy, Farberry and Tenny.

Presdigintion—Legerdemain, necromancy Professors Threadwell and Shearer.

This entertainment will be one of rare versatility. The vocal and instrumental music, recitations, dancing and imitations will all be very interesting. One who misses it will certainly "miss it."

WORK AT THE TECH.

The Debris Has Been Removed and the Shops will Be Rebuilt.

The Technological school is fast recovering from the loss of its shops. The contract is soon to be let for rebuilding. The walls have been torn down and the debris removed. The foundations are still sound enough to use. The foundry and engine rooms are still standing, and it may not be necessary to tear them down.

The boys who will graduate on June 23d are:

Junior Class:

E. C. Ard, J. W. Bridge, A. R. Colcord, E. W. Collins, C. E. Fairbanks, George Freeman, W. A. Hansell, Jr., N. B. Hudson, M. W. Johnson, Jr., C. B. Little, M. Pearson, J. G. Rossman, J. T. Scully, Jr., W. P. Walthall, C. J. Weinmeister, Jr., Z. Whitehurst, F. E. Whitney.

Middle Class.

G. W. Adair, A. D. Black, J. P. Brown, Robert Clarke, H. D. Cutter, R. W. Davis, T. J. Fitten, R. Harper, C. W. Harris, C. H. Howard, L. B. Jackson, S. F. Jeter, F. Lathrop, J. W. Little, Jr., and H. L. Long, Jr.

The graduation exercises will be very interesting, and will probably be attended by people from all parts of the state.

The entire school has done very well this term despite the loss of the shops.

A HORSE THIEF,

With a Long Record of Crime Behind Him, Arrested.

A horse thief, with a long record of crime behind, spent last night at the police station.

Detectives Joe Green and Burk arrested him yesterday afternoon.

The negro's name is Will Goldsmith, alias John Thomas, alias Will Jones.

When first arrested the negro denied all knowledge of the crime with which he was charged, but he told conflicting stories, and the officers got him so badly mixed up that he finally admitted his guilt. He is the negro who stole the fine horse and elegant carriage of Dr. R. D. Wade, of Athens. Dr. Wade had advertised his loss extensively, and has offered a reward of $50 for the capture of the thief.

Goldsmith admits having stolen Dr. Wade's horse, and a number of other robberies have been traced to his hands.

Last night Policeman Goodman, of Athens, arrived in the city, and recognized Goldsmith as a negro badly wanted in Athens for forgery.

A long term in the penitentiary awaits Goldsmith.

Mr. Whatley's Candidacy.

The announcement that Hon. S. L. Whatley will be a candidate for re-election to the house from Coweta county will be of interest to very many people in all parts of the state. In the last house Mr. Whatley proved himself one of the safest and soundest members, and made an enviable record. He is a farmer and a practical one, and was the earnest champion of all measures calculated to benefit the people. Sim Whatley earned the friendship and respect of every member who served with him in the legislature, and all who know him feel sure that Coweta will do the right thing and send him back.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

The Brandon-Inman Wedding Will Occur This Evening.

A NOTABLE SOCIETY EVENT IT IS.

News of Interest Concerning Atlantians and Their Friends—Personal Gossip of Interest.

EPITHALAMIUM.

To Harriet F. I.

Now I have seen her picture, well I know
The charm which fame hath spoken of her face,
Her love-lit eyes that beam with tender grace,
The richest dower heaven can bestow.

Enrapt, I gaze, then say 'tis even so,
The angles came and o'er her cradle smiled,
Then kist her lips and blest her as a child:
While He who sent them earthward, long ago,
Hath kept her heart as pure and fresh and good,
His promise of the noblest womanhood.

O rare, sweet maid! God grant to thee be given
Thy dream of happiness: when this is past,
Make thee, as now thou art, His own, at last—
"An angel, newly drest, save wings, for heaven."

JOHN Q. ADAMS.

Washington, Ga., June 1, 1892.

***

Today ushers in the much talked of and anticipated Brandon-Inman wedding, and brings with it a number of interesting people from a distance to attend the ceremony. Among them are Mr. William Brandon, brother of the groom, and Mr. McReynolds, of Nashville. Miss Sutton, of Pittsburg; Miss Marshall, of Nashville, and Miss Lucy Inman, of New York, the three bridesmaids from a distance are the guests of Miss Inman.

They are three very charming and brilliant girls and have received a perfect social ovation since their arrival. Miss Lucy Inman, who is the daughter of Mr. John H. Inman, is a young girl just entering society, with every blessing that beauty, wealth and social distinction can bestow. She is tall and graceful with an exquisite complexion and soft burnished hair, and her eyes are marvelously beautiful.

Certainly no handsomer a group of bridesmaids will ever attend a bride than these of this evening. Their gowns, too, are marvels of elegant simplicity and good taste, and this is true of every detail of this ceremonial.

All those invited to the church are expected to bring their cards of admission which will be demanded by the ushers at the entrance of the awning. This has to be done to insure against the crowd which so often mars the most magnificent church ceremonial.

***

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Saloshin and family, who have been residing in Stettin, Germany, for the past two years, arrived in New York yesterday, where they will make their future home. Mrs. Saloshin was formerly of Atlanta, where she was raised, and is a daughter of Mr. Gustave Saloshin, Sr.

***

A beautiful and impressive marriage ceremony was solemnized at the Bristol house last night at 9:30 o'clock, which joined in holy wedlock Miss Tommie Randall to Mr. J. D. Cleaton, Rev. J. B. Hawthorne pronouncing the words that made them man and wife in the presence of a few friends of the contracting parties.

The marriage was quiet, the attendants being the two lovely children—Miss Alva and Master Chapman—of Mr. and Mrs. Hudson, and under the blaze of light that flooded the elegant parlors, beautifully decorated with lovely flowers, the happy group presented an attractive scene.

Mr. Cleaton is news editor of the American Press Association. The bride, whose many lovely traits have gathered about her a host of friends, was a picture of grace and elegance as she received the earnest greetings of her friends.

***

Mr. Clarence Knowles entertained at his pleasant home on Ponce de Leon avenue yesterday a few friends with Mr. Thomas Nelson Page at lunch. Those present were Messrs. Clarence Knowles, Thomas Nelson Page, Clark Howell, Remsen Crawford, Fulton Colville, Marion Knowles and a few others.

Mr. Page came to Atlanta yesterday at noon and left at 4 o'clock to give one of his delightful readings at the Southern Female college last night. He will return to Atlanta tomorrow and spend a day before going back to New York.

***

Misses Stocking will spend the summer along the resort shores of New England with Mrs. B. W. Wrenn. They will first go to Yale commencement.

***

Miss Carrie Cohen, of Augusta, will go to the White Sulphur Springs in the near future.

***

Miss Minnie Fontaine, of Atlanta, will spend the commencement season with Miss Alice Williams, of Athens.

***

Mrs. Francis Fontaine will leave today to spend several days in Athens, visiting her mother, Mrs. R. C. Hamilton.

***

Mrs. G. W. Byington and family, accompanied by Miss Jennie Lee Brown, will spend the month of June in Madison at the Turnell Butler.

***

Miss Clara Pause has gone to Chattanooga, in response to a telegram from Miss Kate Lauter, announcing the death of her father, Mr. A. J. Lauter.

***

This evening at the First Presbyterian church, a superb musical programme will be given by Mr. J. P. O'Donnelly, organist, prior to the Brandon-Inman marriage ceremony. The programme has been specially arranged, and is complimentary to Miss Inman and her guests. It is as follows:

Overture to "Stradella," Noel; "Sunshine and Shadow," Dudley Buck; fantasie pastorale, postlude, march, Wely; offertoire, "Kreutzer Sonata," prelude, Batiste; sonata, Merkel; intermezzo from "Cavalleria Rusticana," gavotte from "Mignon," Thomas; march, Wagner.

***

Mrs. W. T. Gentry left yesterday for Alleghany City, Va., to attend her mother, Mrs. Mann, who is seriously ill.

***

Miss Emma High, an attractive young lady of Madison, is stopping at the Markham.

***

Among the handsome commencement invitation cards that are now being hurled forth broadcast over Georgia none are more beautiful than those sent out by the Dalton Female college. This flourishing seminary is at its best this summer. Rev. Charles Lane, of Atlanta, is going to be the commencement orator and the college will close its doors with a grand celebration on the 18th of June.

***

The Home school at Athens will have its greatest commencement this year.

***

Miss Ree Herring, of New York, is in the city, the guest of Miss Sallie Maude Jones, at her home on Peachtree.

***

Last evening Miss Lucy Peel entertained a number of her friends most delightfully at the home of her father on Peachtree.

***

Last night at the Capital City Club, Mr. Brandon, his attendants and several of his friends were entertained at a delightful supper.

***

Tomorrow night at the residence of Mr. J. D. Proctor, 125 Wheat street, a delightful evening will be spent among the pupils of Miss Evelyn Jackson. It will be a display of talent and skilled training in music and such a one as will show in no uncertain way how thorough is Miss Jackson's method. All of her pupils will take part, and this means that some delightful entertainment is in store for all lovers of vocal and instrumental music who go there.

"PLAY BALL!"

Cried Umpire Scott Thornton in Richelieu Tones.

AND THE FAT MEN PLAYED, TOO.

Jim Lynch Makes a Home Run, and Peg Williams Pitches a Great Game. Rare Fun They Had.

A jolly round of fun and laughter was the fat men's ball game yesterday afternoon.

No game ever played in Atlanta pleased the grand stand better, and from the time that Scott Thornton bawled "Play ball," in his Shakespearian tone, until Terry Towns refused to go on at the seventh inning, was there a dull moment.

The features of the game were Jim Lynch's home run, Harry Spillman's pitching, Bill Sparks's base stealing and Peg Leg Williams's brilliant work on third.

There were two sides to the game, though that fact was not discernible to an onlooker.

The sides were:

Spillman's team, from Lickskillet—Amos Baker, first base and catcher; Bob Jones, pitch; Bolivar Grubb, first base; J. F. Whitley, catcher; Howard Ellis, right field; Terry Towns, left field; Peg Williams, third base and pitcher; Andy Anderson, center field; Harry Spillman, shortstop and pitcher.

Jim Lynch's Tightsqueeze Tigers—Irwin, pitcher; Bill Sparks, second base; Dickinson, first base, C. P. Johnson, center field; Ed O'Donnell, shortstop; Bruce Crawford, right field; Bill Lamb, third base; Alf Audoin, catcher; Jim Lynch, left field and catcher.

A pretty fair crowd witnessed the slaughter of the innocents.

At 4 o'clock, baseball time, Scott strode upon the diamond and, in a deep basso profundo voice, thundered "Play ball." The grand stand and bleachers went wild. Scotty wore a white and blue striped cap, and his trousers' legs were rolled up. He looked every inch an umpire.

Amos Baker grabbed a willow and started the ball to rolling for Spillman's team. He swung his bat over his head, describing numerous circles in the air. The grand stand yelled while Amos continued to flourish his bat, and Scott called balls and strikes indiscriminately.

The batter finally got his base on balls, and quickly gained third on a throw at random made by the pitcher.

A keg of beer sat by third and the crowd yelled "Beer! beer!"

Scott took the matter in hand and gravely walked to third and awarded the victorious player with a foaming schooner. All hands knocked off and took beer.

Fatty Grubb's hit carried him safe to first and while playing off toward second he was thrown out, and by a brilliant double play Amos Baker was put out just as he was waltzing victoriously to the homeplate.

Bob Jones retired the side by trying to hit three of Irwin's puzzling inshoots.

Irwin made a safe hit to first and while the boys were drinking beer he stole third, and made the first score on a passed ball.

C. P. Johnson dodged Bob Jones's pitched balls until he was declared struck out by Umpire Thornton.

Whitley made a good hit, which carried him safe to beer. Peg Williams paralyzed the ball, trotted to first and Whitley cantered home.

Harry Spillman touched the ball into deep center and made third, and while preparing to touch the beer the coacher yeled to him to run home as the man on third had muffed the ball. He trotted in and the third baseman brought him his beer.

After that the fat boys from Tightsqueeze made runs as fast as they could go round the bases. Once they had to stop to allow the scorer to catch up.

In the fourth, after some ten balls and about six strikes had been recorded against Whitley, Scott cried:

"You're out!"

"Forty balls!" the bleachers yelled, "ninety strikes!"

"Rotten," "Give 'em turnips," "Go train your voice," and a hundred other such remarks were directed at the umpire, but above all the din his stern voice cried, "play ball!"

Peg Williams was put in the pitcher's box in the fifth and Amos Baker caught him. The boys soon got on to Peg's famous curves and hit him freely.

At the close of the seventh inning the score stood 25 to 5 in favor of Lynch's team, and Terry Towns said he had enough of ball.

"Let's all drink beer," the boys cried, and the joy of victory and the humiliation of defeat were soon bathed in schooners of foaming beer.

WILL REST DURING THE SUMMER.

The Christian Union Will Hold Public Exercises Tonight.

The lecture room of the First Baptist church will be handsomely bedecked with flowers tonight, the occasion being the closing meeting of the Christian Union for the summer. About three-quarters of an hour will be given to handshaking. Among the features of the interesting programme will be:

Piano Solo—Mrs. A. W. Bealer.
Reading—Miss Loy McAfee.
Vocal Duet—Messrs. Weber and Garfield.
Recitation—Mr. Sam Deane.
Euphonium Solo—Mr. S. H. McAfee.

CITY NOTES

One of the most remarkable revival meetings held, possibly, for many years, is now in progress at the Third Baptist church, on Jones avenue. Rev. J. D. Winchester, of Rockwood, has been preaching in the meeting for about a week, and last night the meeting was one of the finest yet held. Mr. Winchester is pathetic, eloquent and stirring in his appeals, and many are asking help to lead better lives. Services at 4 and 8 p. m. The public is invited to these meetings.

The quarterly meeting of the Atlanta Humane Society was held yesterday afternoon at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association. The usual routine business was transacted and reports of committees were received. The ministers of the churches of the city will be requested to deliver a sermon on humane work on Sunday, as each minister may select. Many interesting features appeared in the reports of the committee, showing the work that has been done during the past quarter.

Dr. Alonzo Monk, of Memphis, will preach at Trinity church tonight. He is one of the ablest and most gifted ministers in the south.

Dr. W. M. Durham will attend the National Eclectic Medical Association to be held in St. Louis this month.

Ex-Senator M. W. Beck, who is a candidate for solicitor general of the Flynt circuit, is registered at the Kimball.

Mr. Frank C. Davis, of Covington, who is a candidate for commissioner of agriculture, was seen about the corridors of the Kimball house yesterday.

Willie Reaves Harbuck, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Harbuck, died at their home, No. 170 Mills street, Monday night. The interment was at Rayton, Ga., yesterday morning.

There will not be any prayer meeting services held at the First Presbyterian church tonight.

Late last night the glad news was given out by those in a position to know that Mr. Ben Hill Thompson, who has been so sick with paralysis, was slightly improved and the hope has revived that he may recover. For several days his life has been despaired of, but a ray of promise came last night with more favorable developments in his sickness. This will, indeed, be good news to his hosts of warm friends.

Dyspepsia makes you nervous, and nervousness makes you dyspeptic; either one renders you miserable. Carter's Little Liver Pills cure both.

THE GAY REPORTERS

Will Meet the Dandy Cops at Brisbine Park This Afternoon,

AND CAP JOYNER WILL UMPIRE.

It Will Be the Game of the Season—Captain Thompson Will Pitch for the Finest, and the Chief Will Catch.

The reporters and policemen will play the ball game of the season at Brisbine park this afternoon.

Cap Joyner will umpire the game, assisted by the grand stand.

Captain Thompson will pitch the balls that will puzzle the reporters, and Chief Connolly dressed in a mask, a breast pad and wearing big gloves will take Captain Thompson's deadly curves in.

The battery for the reporters' team will be Walter Howard and S. A. Rosenfeld. Pitcher Howard has an amazing record for strike outs and Catcher Rosenfeld was never known to let a ball pass. Each of these players has been offered magnificent salaries to sign with some of the big leagues, but their fondness for reportorial work was too strong and they declined. To the brilliant playing of these two players the reporters will be largely indebted for the defeat of the policemen.

Messrs. Grady and Bunting have brilliant records as players on college teams.

The teams are as follows:

Policemen—Captain Thompson, pitcher; Chief Connolly, catcher; Captain Manley, first base; Captain Moss, third base; Captain Wright, second base; M. J. Wright, short stop; Etheridge, left field; John Abbott, right field; Branan, center field. Subs—Barrett, Robins, McConnell and Landford.

Reporters—H. W. Grady, first base; H. S. Bunting, short stop; G. N. Hurtel, second base; J. J. Hastings, left field; Jack Futrell, third base; Lucien Lofton, center field; W. H. Howard, pitcher; R. L. Adamson, right field; S. A. Rosenfeld, catcher. Subs—Gillam, Taylor, Kean and Knight.

The game will be called promptly at 4 o'clock. Special schedules will be run by the Atlanta Traction Company to take the immense crowd that will go. The admission will be 25 cents, grand stand 10 cents; ladies admitted free. The proceeds of the game are to be equally divided between the Grady hospital and the Police Relief Association.

Captain Manley is the captain of the team of policemen, and Walter Howard is captain of the reporters' nine.

It will be a great game and everybody will go.

THE CONCERT AT THE BARRACKS.

It Will Occur This Afternoon at 4 O'clock Sharp.

The concerts given by the Fourth Artillery band at Fort McPherson have heretofore occurred at 8 o'clock in the evening.

A change, however, has now been made, and the concerts will occur at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The change will, no doubt, meet with popular favor, and many will perhaps avail themselves of the opportunity to enjoy the afternoon concerts.

The barracks has always been a favorite resort for Atlanta people, especially since the charming concerts by the Fourth Artillery band commenced. A large crowd will, no doubt, go out to the barracks this afternoon. The dress parade will be formed at sundown.

Wonderful Feats with a Shotgun.

Lewisburg Letter to The Philadelphia Press.

There is a gentleman residing in this place who, by virtue of his achievements as a marksman, deserves to be ranked with the leading shots of the world. In fact, he stands ready to back himself for from $500 to $5,000 against all comers with the shotgun.

He is not a professional shot; has never posed as such. He is a wealthy and prosperous lumberman who resides in a beautiful home here with his wife, son and daughter, is universally regarded with the highest esteem by friends and neighbors, and his name is Mr. Coleman K. Sober. He is at the head of one of the largest lumbering concerns in the state, and has under his direct control and supervision over forty-five thousand acres of timber land and 400 men. Mr. Sober inherits his wonderful ability as a marksman; for his mother—one of that hardy type of Pennsylvania matrons who raised their children upon what, even half a century ago, might be called the frontier line of the Keystone State—was expert with the shotgun.

The following record of the number of ruffed grouse killed by this gentleman during the past eight years will suffice to show the reader who is familiar with the great difficulties of this kind of hunting the astonishing expertness which Mr. Sober has attained in handling a shotgun in the brush:

In 1884 shot 95, in 1885 shot 87, in 1886 shot 108, in 1887 shot 40, in 1888 shot 87, in 1889 shot 117; to December 21, 1891, shot 103. A total of 814 birds, or an average of over one hundred and one each season. Mr. Sober says that most of these birds were killed on his own lands during his tramps through the forests on business. In the fall of 1890 he made a straight run of thirty-two kills on ruffed grouse and in the last fifty he killed that year, he shot at but fifty-five. During the early part of December of last year the writer saw Mr. Sober kill thirty-five grouse out of thirty-eight he shot at.

By all odds the most remarkable exhibitions of Mr. Sober's skill with the shotgun are in trick shooting, or what he terms "rough and tumble shooting." In such exhibitions he handicaps himself in the most unusual and remarkable manner; shooting with his gun in all sorts of positions at inanimate targets such as King birds, glass balls, clay pigeons or even live pigeons sprung from a trap. In these unique methods of shooting his scores are fully equal and in fact superior in many instances to those made by many of the professional trap shooters who fire from the shoulder and who have no obstructions on their guns. Mr. Sober performs over one hundred feats with the double-barre shotgun and he claims that he can perform more unique feats with this arm than any other living man, and those who have witnessed his marvelous marksmanship do not doubt in the least his assertion.

He shoots with the greatest accuracy from either shoulder. He breaks glass balls or composition targets or kills live pigeons with coats or handkerchiefs tied around the barrels of his gun; with the muzzle thrust through various objects, ranging in size from a cigar box up to a flour barrel. Even thus handicapped, he shoots with the gun either side up and in many other ways with such a degree of accuracy that it seems almost incredible to those who have never witnessed his performance.

ON CREMATION.

It matters little to the winged sprite
That flits and flits the clustered stars among
What fate befell the useless vesture flung
So sadly earthward at the time of flight.
Eyes dazzled by a sudden flood of light
Cannot look into darkness; hymns are sung
In vain for spirit ears, on which has rung
God's perfect music, heard at last aright.
Yet for this worn-out garment seems more fit
Than beak of Parsee bird, or wormy shroud,
Or grinning ages in Egyptian pit,
A chant of merry fire tongues singing loud,
While deft flame fingers shall unravel it,
And slim wind fingers weave it into cloud.
—George Horton, in Harper's Magazine.

HE KILLED TWO MEN,

And Fatally Stabbed Another Who May Die.

HE IS NOW AT THE POLICE STATION

Which Is Due to the Good Work of Detectives Looney and Green, and Officer Veach, of Birmingham.

Curled up under a bed in a basement near the corner of Loyd street and Trinity avenue a young negro murderer charged with taking the life of two men was arrested last night.

Detectives Dave Looney and Joe Green and Patrolman Veach, of the Birmingham police force, made the arrest, the latter officer immediately identifying the negro as the one he was looking for.

The negro gave his name as C. Jones, the name by which he was known in Birmingham. Jones is one of the most badly wanted men in the country and has a bad record as a criminal. He is about twenty-two years of age and has a villainous looking face.

A few weeks ago Jones killed a young white man at Glen Mary, Tenn. The man whom Jones killed was the depot agent at Glen Mary. Jones went to the depot and became involved in a quarrel with the young man about a railroad ticket and cut him with a knife. From the wounds the depot agent died and Jones fled.

He went to Birmingham and began work on the Birmingham Mineral road. One night a few weeks ago he killed a negro at the camps of the new railroad and again disappeared.

He next turned up in Birmingham, where his fatal propensity for wielding the deadly knife brought him to light.

Bent on bloodshed, the murderous villain attacked a citizen of Brookside, a suburb of Birmingham, for a very trivial cause, and used the knife upon him with almost fatal effect. Since then the police authorities of the Magic City have been looking for Jones.

Officer Veach scented a hot trail Monday and got close on the heels of the negro. Jones left for Atlanta to evade arrest, telling his mother that she would never see him again.

He reached Atlanta night before last and close behind him came Detective Veach, who arrived yesterday morning. The Birmingham officer immediately enlisted the assistance of Detectives Looney and Green.

These three shrewd officers began working on the case and last night they located the negro in the basement of a house near the corner of Trinity avenue and Loyd street.

Jones admits having cut the depot agent at Glen Mary, Tenn., but says he did not know that he was dead. He was badly frightened when arrested.

Good rewards have been offered for the arrest of the negro.

Detective Veach will carry him back to Birmingham this morning.

A Battle with Catamounts.

From The Pittsburg Dispatch.

Two noted hunters of this place, John Chilcote and Isaac Swope, met with an exciting adventure yesterday. They have a number of traps on Short and Tussey mountains. They started early in the morning, soon striking the Tussey hills, two miles from town. They then shaped their course westward, their objective point known as "The Loop," the loftiest peak east of the Alleghenies, 2,300 feet above sea level. In a hollow directly under this peak they had placed a large trap, and on approaching it they discovered that something had been trapped. Believing it to be a fox or raccoon, the hunters placed their guns at the foot of a tree, and Swope, armed with a club, started to kill the animal in the way best calculated to preserve its pelt. He was within a few feet of it, when the beast gave a piercing scream and the hunters discovered it to be an enormous catamount.

Swope drew back and Chilcote leveled his gun to fire when another wildcat sprang from the bushes, and a terrible fight followed. The animal alighted directly upon the hunter's back, between his shoulders, and scratched and bit so fiercely that he was soon bleeding from a score of wounds, while his coat was torn into strips. Swope started to protect his friend, when he stumbled, and the wildcat in the trap nailed his left arm in an instant, chewing it terribly and lacerating his body with the free fore foot. Though badly hurt by the unexpected encounter, both hunters finally threw the beasts off and clubbed them to death. While surveying their prey they heard mewing from the bushes, and upon investigation found a litter of six catamounts but a few days old. The little animals spit and fought the strangers bravely, but were easily killed, and after treating their own wounds as best they could, the hunters started for home with their game. There is a bounty of $2 each for wildcat scalps. The largest animal weighed thirty-two pounds, and the other twenty-one pounds.

Eli and Ami Skinner, twin sons of Ambrose Skinner, of Racket Creek, treed a half-grown wildcat three years ago last fall, when they were thirteen years old. The lads didn't know what kind of an animal it was, but it looked so cunning that they wanted to capture it and carry it home. Eli climbed the tree and shook the limb until the wildcat had to let go. When it struck the ground Ami threw himself on it, caught it by the neck and hung on to it till his brother came down, although it scratched him a good deal and tore his clothes. The boys tied the wildcat's legs and lugged it to the house, and Mr. Skinner punched round holes into its ears and let it go.

One moonlight night last week Mr. Skinner heard footsteps behind him as he was crossing a bushy ridge between Racket and Willow creeks. On looking around he saw a wildcat following him, and, being unarmed, he threw a club at it. It dodged the club and sprang at Mr. Skinner before he had a chance to grab anything to defend himself with. The wildcat stuck its claws into the left sleeve and side of his overcoat and the cloth gave way and let the wildcat fall on its back. It was on its feet in a second, but by that time Mr. Skinner had pulled off his undercoat and overcoat together. The wildcat with a yell leaped at his shoulders and Mr. Skinner jumped to one side and threw the coats over the infuriated animal, falling on it at the same time. It struggled to get loose and Mr. Skinner had all he could do to hold it, but he kept it covered with the coats until he had choked and smothered it to death. Then he slung the carcas over his shoulder and went home. While his wife was holding the lamp for him to skin the wildcat he discovered that it had a round hole in each ear, and he is firm in the belief that the wildcat remembered him and tackled him for revenge.

A Valued Testimonial.

From The Raleigh Chronicle.

As is known to some, ex-President Davis, a short time before his death, bequeathed his inkstand to Colonel Wharton J. Green, of our state, as a testimonial of his regard, but owing to Mrs. Davis's assiduous literary labors and consequent long absence from home it has only recently been received.

It is safe to say that Mr. Davis could not have bequeathed the priceless heirloom to any one who would have appreciated it more highly than Colonel Green, for no one ever held the great donor in higher esteem. To Colonel Green the ex-president was the impersonation of the best elements of American statesmanship, as he was the representative of southern chivalry and manhood. The inkstand, in itself, is of little intrinsic value, but is suggestive of both quietude and activity. From it was supplied the material with which he wrote down those master thoughts which will prove more lasting in their effect than the potent strokes of the sword.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY TRADE GENERLL Y

THERE IS HOPE

For every one who has blood trouble, no matter in what shape or how long standing, provided none of the vital organs have been so far impaired as to render a cure impossible. S. S. S. goes to the root of the disease, and removes the cause, by expelling the poison from the body, and at the same time is a tonic to the whole system. However bad your case may be, there is hope

FOR YOU.

S.S.S. Cured me of a most malignant type of chronic blood trouble, for which I had used various other remedies without effect. My weight increased, and my health improved in every way. I consider S. S. S. the best tonic I ever used.
"S. A. WRIGHT, Midway, Ga."

Treatise on blood, skin and contagious blood poison mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Douglass, Thomas & Davison.

See the north show window down the street.

VISIT THE STORE TODAY.

Always something new and novel.

FUR RUGS.

Black, grey and pure white skin, 3x5 1-2 feet. Worth more than double our price.

$2.75.

MIKADO RUGS.

Extra quality worth $10. Brown center, grey border, black center, brown border, almost every conceivable combination.

Every room should have a Rug at this low price.

$3.75.

DRESSMAKING

If perfect satisfaction in the fit, finish and individuality of a dress is worth anything to you, we guarantee every gown made by us.

Our ambition is not easily attained—we seek perfection in this department.

Try us. You'll be delighted.

Douglass, Thomas & Davison.

Niagara of the south, Tallulah Falls. Train leaves 7 a. m. Round trip, $1.50. Thursday, June 2d. Any information furnished. No. 10 Kimball House.

For School Closing:

ANY SUIT

OF

KNEE PANTS CLOTHES,

Sizes from 4 to 15, at 20 PER CENT DISCOUNT.

BOYS' SUITS, LONG PANTS,

Sizes from 14 to 19, 10 PER CENT DISCOUNT.

All goods marked in plain figures—take the discount off yourself.

A. Rosenfeld & Son

Everything in Men's Attire.

24 Whitehall Street, Cor. Alabama.

Go to West End

on Thursday afternoon, June 2d, at 4 o'clock and buy one of those beautiful lots on Irwin and Baugh streets. G. W. ADAIR.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, May 31, 1891.

Atlanta Clearing Association Statement.

Clearings today $373,759.06
For 2 days........ 778,865.20

Local Bond and Stock Quotations.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at $1.50@$2.00 premium.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
New Ga. 3½s 27 to 30 years	99½	101	Atlanta 6s, L. D.	113	
New Ga. 3½s, 35 to 40 years	99	101	Atlanta 6s, S. D.	100	
New Ga. 4½s, 1915	112	113	Atlanta 6s, L. D.	100	
Georgia 7s, 1896	111½		Atlanta 4½s	98½	
Savannah 5s	102½		Augusta 7s, L.D.	107	
Atlanta 8s, 1902	123		Macon 6s	113½	
Atlanta 7s, 1904	115		Columbus 5s	100	
Atlanta 7s, 1899	112½		Rome graded	103	
			Waterworks 6s	103	
			Rome 5s	90	

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Atlanta Nat'l	350		Lowry B'k Co.	140	150
Atlanta B. Co.	121	125	Atlanta Trust & Banking Co.	100	105
Ger L'n & B. Co.	100	102	Am'n Banking & Trust Co.	100	
Merch. Bank	150		South'n Bank'g & Trust Co.	100	103
Bank S. of Ga.	150				
Gate City Nat.	145				
Capital City	115	120			

RAILROAD BONDS.

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Ga. 6s, 1897	103		Ga. Pacific, 1st	100	102
Ga. 6s, 1910	112	114	Ga. Pacific, 2d	55	57
Ga. 6s, 1922	113		A. P. & L., 1st 7s	104	
Central 7s, 1893	101½		Mari'ta & N. G.		45
Char. Col. & A.	102½		S., A. & M., 1st	76	78
At. & Florida					

RAILROAD STOCKS.

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
Georgia	173	175	Aug. & Sav.	113	
Southwestern	94	96	A. & W. P.	101	105
Central	55	60	do deben.	95	—
Cent. deben	65	70	E. At. L'nd Co.	100	107

THE NEW YORK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The stock market today was a quiet one, very few stocks showing any activity. There was a great deal of pressure upon Reading in early trading, but it was well maintained and an effort to make an impression upon it was soon given up, though on a smaller volume of business in the last two hours it yielded more readily. Other stocks, with an international market, however, failed to give any sign of foreign selling, and even among other Grangers, with the exception of Rock Island, changes in quotations were small in the extreme. The only really strong point in the market, however, was the Industrial group, and while Cordage stocks failed to increase their late gains, Sugar and Lead shares were prominent for advances scored on comparatively light trade. The general list, after the firm and higher opening, made some slight further advance, but the drive at Reading in the early dealings and against Louisville and Nashville and Burlington later checked the upward tendency, and before noon prices as a rule were a shade below those of the opening. The rally in the afternoon was followed in the last hour by another dropping spell, and the close was quiet but heavy at lowest prices. The loss in Louisville and Nashville is 2 1-8 per cent, and in Burlington 1 3-4, but all other changes are confined to fractional amounts, and few slight gains were seen. Sales of listed stock, 204,000 shares; unlisted, 27,000.

Exchange quiet and strong at 487½@489, commercial bills 486½@488.

Money easy at 1@1½, closing offered at 1½.

Sub-treasury balances: Coin, $102,655,000; currency, $21,440,000.

Governments dull but steady; 4s 117.

State bonds neglected.

Ala., Class A, 2 to 5	103	N. Y. Central	113½
do., Class B, 5s	107	Norfolk & West. pref.	45½
N. C. con. 6s.	125	Northern Pacific	19¾
do. 4s.	99	do. preferred	52⅞
S. C. con. Brown.	97½	Pacific Mail	34½
Tennessee 6s.	108	Reading	61¼
Tennessee 5s	103½	Rich. & W. P. Ter.	9¾
Tenn. settlement 3s	52½	Rock Island	77½
Virginia 6s	35	St. Paul	77⅜
Virginia consols	37	do. preferred	124
Chicago and N. W.	119	Texas Pacific	9¼
do. preferred	147	Tenn. Coal & Iron	41
Del. and Lack.	159½	Union Pacific	40½
Erie	27⅜	N. J. Central	140¾
East Tenn., new	4⅞	Missouri Pacific	56
Lake Shore	133¼	Western Union	94¼
Louisville & Nash	73⅛	Cotton Oil Trust	39⅜
Memphis & Char	50	Brunswick	6
Mobile & Ohio	39	Mobile & Ohio 4s	66¾
Nash. & Chat.	85	Silver certificates	88
Texas Pacific 1st	84⅜	Sugar	98

*Ex-dividend.

J. S. Bache & Co.'s Stock Letter.

By Private Wire to A. P. Youngblood.

NEW YORK, May 31.—London was about steady, but sold quite a little Louisville and Nashville, and would have sold more had not the price declined too quickly. The weakness in Louisville and Nashville was again attended by old rumors of a new bond issue, and also that the treasury stock had been sold. The next meeting for semi-annual dividend will take place in about four weeks, and it is expected that about 2 per cent will be declared on the stock. Leading bear houses sold Louisville and Nashville during the morning session, but they bought in about 12,000 shares of different stocks, particularly Rock Island. This was no doubt done to test the market, and as it proved an easy matter to buy, then they were willing to put them out again during the afternoon. The publication of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy statement for April, showing a net decrease of over $250,000 was enough to unsettle prices all around. This statement was a great surprise to the street, and Boston sold a great deal of the stock. The only way we can explain this large decrease is that the movement of corn during April was very small. The statement for May will be worse than that of April, as the Company suffered a great deal from floods. The movement of corn out west has increased materially the last few days, but this will depend entirely upon the weather. The reports from the corn belt were again discouraging as it rained again all through the region, and unless the weather improves quickly and remains favorable for some time to come, a short crop seems inevitable. As regards the general market we think the bears are in control and think it will work further to their advantage.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, May 31.

Local—Market firm: middling 7 1-16c.

The following is our statement of the receipts, shipments and stock at Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS 1892	RECEIPTS 1891	SHIPM'TS 1892	SHIPM'TS 1891	STOCK 1892	STOCK 1891
Saturday	6	6	......	40	14820	10349
Monday	......	9	......	......	14820	10358
Tuesday	70	3	......	34	14890	10327
Wednesday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Thursday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Friday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total	76	18	......	74	......	......

Receipts since September 1........ 122,544
Same time last year........ 125,609
Showing a decrease........ 3,065

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
June	7.38@ 7.42	7.44@ 7.45
July	7.45@ 7.38	7.50@ 7.51
August	7.50@. ...	7.55@ 7.56
September	7.58@. ...	7.64@ 7.65
October	7.69@ 7.61	7.74@ 7.75
November	7.79@.	7.84@ 7.85
December	7.90@....	7.94@ 7.95
January	7.99@ 8.00	8.03@ 8.04
February	8.08@....	8.13@ 8.14

Closed firm; sales 119,700 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS 1892	RECEIPTS 1891	EXPORTS 1892	EXPORTS 1891	STOCK 1892	STOCK 1891
Saturday	5373	5282	....	7479	677584	397726
Monday	5914	6136	423	11629	683021	384673
Tuesday	11239	5160	14953	7375	680108	393184
Wednesday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Thursday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Friday	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total	22526	15872	15376	26483		

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	7.67	July	7.32
February	7.74	August	7.36
March	7.81	September	7.40
April	....	October	7.46
May	....	November	7.53
June	7.30	December	7.60

Closed steady; sales 52,700 bales.

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, May 31—Spot sales in Liverpool yesterday were 10,000 bales and futures advanced 2@3-64d over Saturday's prices. Today spot sales were 7,000 bales, and the market closed very steady with yesterday's improvement fully maintained. Our cables say that the market will be entirely governed by crop accounts, but that spinners are not likely to materially increase their takings until the Whitsuntide holidays, which commence next week. In Manchester yarns are reported to move about 4 points over Saturday's figures. The improvement, in view of the advance in Liverpool, was considered small, and part of it was lost during the morning upon the news that New Orleans receipts today would probably be 6,000 bales and that 5,000 bales additional would be received tomorrow. The latter rumor was, however, unconfirmed, and by 1 o'clock August contracts in this market had sold at 7.52. The entire absence of any outside buying is plainly apparent, and the improvement that has been established is purely in response to the better character of the Liverpool advices. The crop situation is unchanged. The lower Red river was yesterday reported to be a little higher, but today the reports of the agricultural department indicate lower water everywhere, and our private advices rather deprecate the idea that any serious crop curtailment is likely to result from the overflow. In the south today the weather is generally warm and clear, slight showers having fallen in most sections. Better conditions for the growth of the plant could not exist. The large movement at New Orleans today is due to the fact that it is the last day of the month. During the afternoon the market continued to gain in strength. August sold as high as 7.56, at which price it closed firm. The improvement seems to be due mainly to the covering of the shorts, prompted by the fear that the report of the agricultural department on June 10th will show a great decrease in acreage and result in a sharp advance in prices. Liverpool, it is generally expected, will be at least 3-64d higher tomorrow.

Lehman Bros.' Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to A. P. Youngblood.

NEW YORK, May 31—Liverpool advices this morning were rather non-committal, though our friends continue to assert that the undertone remains good, and every stimulus must affect the market. The sales there have not been large, but notwithstanding this since last Saturday prices there have advanced 3-64d, closing firm. Here we opened at about 4 points higher, at which the offerings were quite free, mainly under the influence of liberal receipts at New Orleans today, as well as the expectation of a fair movement to that port tomorrow. There was, however, no weakness apparent at any time, and about noon a buying movement set in which did not let up till the close, a large part of the purchases being for Europe. There has been a further small engagement of freight late Saturday evening, and it looks as if spots would continue to be moved in reasonable lots for some time to come, our own friends writing us that the grades below middling are likely to find favor abroad at the relative prices that exist. The stocks here in warehouses today show but 350,000 bales, against a previous stock in 1884 of 305,000 bales, so that, although the quantity of cotton that came into sight was abnormally large, the position, as far as this country is concerned, does not show any specially discouraging outlook unless such should arise from later developments of the crop.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, May 31—12:15 p. m.—Cotton spot steady with little doing; middling uplands 4⅛; sales 7,000 bales; American 6,100; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 5,200; all American; uplands low middling clause May and June delivery 4 6-64; June and July delivery 4 6-64, 4 5-64; July and August delivery 4 8-64; August and September delivery 4 11-64; September and October delivery 4 13-64; October and November delivery 4 15-64; November and December delivery 4 17-64; futures opened easy.

LIVERPOOL, May 31 — 4:00 p. m.— Uplands low middling clause June delivery 4 6-64, sellers; June and July delivery 4 6-64, sellers; July and August delivery 4 8-64, 4 9-64; August and September delivery 4 11-64, value; September and October delivery 4 13-64, sellers; October and November delivery 4 15-64, 4 16-64; November and December delivery 4 17-64, 4 18-64; December and January delivery 4 20-64, sellers; futures closed firm.

NEW YORK, May 31—Cotton firm; sales 2,609 bales; middling uplands 7 7-16; Orleans 7 13-16; net receipts 848; gross 4,315; stock 362,792.

GALVESTON, May 31—Cotton steady; middling 7 3-16; net receipts 513 bales; gross 543; sales 64; stock 24,677.

NORFOLK, May 31—Cotton firm; middling 7⅛; net receipts 334 bales; gross 334; sales 790; stock 17,474; exports coastwise 340.

BALTIMORE, May 31— Cotton nominal; middling 7⅝; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; to spinners —; stock 15,435.

BOSTON, May 31—Cotton dull; middling 7⅜; net receipts 66 bales; gross 849; sales none; stock none; exports to Great Britain 1,762.

WILMINGTON, May 31—Cotton firm; middling 7¼; net receipts 77 bales; gross 77; sales none; stock 11,900.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31—Cotton steady; middling 7⅝; net receipts 366 bales; gross 1,053; sales none; stock 13,151.

SAVANNAH, May 31—Cotton quiet; middling 7; net receipts 464 bales; gross 464; sales 650; stock 25,547; exports to continent 300; coastwise 522.

NEW ORLEANS, May 31—Cotton firm; middling 7 3-16; net receipts 7,481 bales; gross 7,743; sales 1,900; stock 160,927; exports to continent 2,420.

MOBILE, May 31—Cotton steady; middling 7⅛; net receipts 114 bales; gross 114; sales 100; stock 15,163; exports coastwise 547.

MEMPHIS, May 31—Cotton firm; middling 7 3-16; net receipts 133 bales; shipments 826; sales 350; stock 37,972.

AUGUSTA, May 31—Cotton steady; middling 7¼; net receipts 83 bales; shipments 242; sales 290; stock 13,532.

CHARLESTON, May 31—Cotton steady; middling 7⅛; net receipts 45 bales; gross 45; sales 883; stock 27,261; exports coastwise 777.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, May 31—A huge, inglorious fizzle ended the May corn deal. The market throughout the day was excited and active to a point of feverishness. On the opening at the tap of the bell $1.00 was bid for May by brokers on the long side. Round lots were sold immediately at that figure, and $1.00 was bid continuously till about 11:30, when a sudden reaction set in on rumors regarding the financial condition of the chief local concern interested in the deal—Coster & Martin. The price suddenly receded with trades varying 5c at a time until 49c was reached. The other futures sympathized. July declined to 46⅛c after selling at the start at 48⅝c. The early bulge in July was attributed largely to wet weather all over the west, and the initial trades were at 1@2c advance at 47@48c, the price later working up ⅝c more. At 12:15, on the announcement to close all trades with the house mentioned, advanced to 47⅜@47½c on buying it for this concern. The close was at 47⅝c, or 1¼@1⅜c higher than the final quotations of Saturday.

In wheat trading was light. The opening was ¼@½c higher than the closing of Saturday and held steady for a while, broke suddenly 1¼c on rumors of financial difficulty in the corn market, rallied 1⅜c, ruled irregular, and the closing was ¼c lower than Saturday.

Oats opened up somewhat firmer, and after weakening as the day advanced on good crop reports, recovered again and closed from ¼@1c higher on the deferred deliveries. Provisions started with a big advance. Pork showed a gain of 30c, ribs 20c and lard 7½c at the top figures. There was some reaction of a natural character before the failure in the corn trade, when there was a sharp drop to the lowest figures of the session. When the demoralization was over there was some recovery, and final quotations were up from the close Saturday 15c on pork and 2½c on lard.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago today.

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
May	85	85	82¾
July	83⅜	85¼	83
CORN—			
May	100	100	49½
July	46¾	48¾	45⅜
OATS—			
May	31⅝	31¾	31⅜
July	31⅜	31½	31¼
PORK—			
May	10 67½	10 85	10 70
September	10 85	11 00	10 85
LARD—			
May	6 42½	6 45	6 40
September	6 62½	6 70	6 65
SIDES—			
May	6 47½	6 60	6 50
September	6 50	6 67½	6 55

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

By Private Wire to A. P. Youngblood.

CHICAGO, May 31.—Notwithstanding the gloomy weather the large decrease on passage of 2,500,000 bushels, 500,000 decrease in India and Baltic shipments and a decrease of over 1,000,000 bushels in the visible supply, the opening was the highest quotation for wheat. Offerings seemed to be very large, and the few orders and shorts that were buyers soon became filled up, the market settling down gradually until the break in corn, when there was a sudden decline, at which point there was liberal buying by strong parties, causing a gradual advance to the close, which was a shade lower than last week's closing. The May corner terminated as such transactions usually do—disastrously to the parties who tried to manipulate the market, but it has tended to unsettle prices to such a degree that it is difficult to tell what will be the result of the outcome.

Just how serious the extensive rains are going to be is an open question. There are a great many speculators who begin to think that July corn is not high anywhere between 45 and 50 cents. Farmers in western Iowa believe the feeders will be obliged to pay them 40 to 45 cents out there. This will produce rather a strong market until the conditions improve. A great many will hold their old corn till the prospects for a new crop are more flattering than at present. Should it clear off tomorrow we think the receipts will be larger and prices somewhat lower, but are inclined to think it not safe to sell short any kinds of corn below 45 cents at present. There was an unusually good demand for short ribs, which caused rather a firm speculative feeling in mess pork and lard. With the present outlook for corn packers are disposed to hang on to their stock of provisions so long as the foreign and domestic demand continues.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, May 31, 1891.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, May 31—Flour, southern dull; common to fair extra $2.50@3.25; good to choice $3.30@4.75. Wheat, spot irregular and quiet; No 2 red 98@99¼ afloat; options closed irregular ⅝c down to ¼c up; No. 2 red May 90½@90¾; June —; July 91½. Corn, spot quiet, unsettled and lower; No. 2 57@82 in elevator; options closed 2c higher for May and ⅞@1⅛c on the others; May 50@64; June 54¾; July 52¾. Oats, spot irregular and fairly active; options firmer but dull; June 36½; July 36; No. 2 spot 36½@37¾; mixed western 35½@38. Hops firm and in moderate demand; common to choice state 15@22; Pacific coast 18@22.

ATLANTA, May 31—Flour—First patent $5.75; second patent $5.25; extra fancy $4.75; fancy $4.50; family $3.50@4.00. Corn—No. 1 white 72c; No. 2 white 71c; mixed 70c. Oats—White 47c; mixed 45c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 97½c: No. 1 timothy, large bales, 95c; choice timothy small bales, 97½c; No. 1 timothy, small bales, 95c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 90c. Meal-Plain 68c; bolted 63c. Wheat bran—large sacks, 97½c; small sacks $1.00. Cotton seed meal—$1.10 ₩ cwt. Steam feed—$1.35 ₩ cwt. Grits—Pearl $3.50.

ST. LOUIS, May 31—Flour steady; choice $3.15@3.20; patents $4.45@4.45; fancy $3.65@3.75; family $3.00@3.10. Wheat closed ⅛c above Saturday; No. 2 red cash 87; June 83 bid; July 82½ asked. Corn, July closed ⅛c above Saturday; June declined 3c; No. 2 mixed cash —; June 45; July 44. Oats higher; No. 2 cash 32½@33; July 31¼.

BALTIMORE, May 31—Flour quiet; Howard street and western superfine $2.40@3.00; extra $3.10@3.85; family $4.10@4.65; city mills Rio brands extra $4.90@5.25. Wheat, southern dull; Fultz 85@97; longberry 90@93; western easy; No. 2 red winter spot 91¼@91⅜. Corn, southern firmer; white 53@53½; yellow 53½@54.

CHICAGO, May 31. — Cash quotations were as follows: Flour dull; winter patents $4.20@4.40; spring patents $4.15@4.60; bakers $3.00@3.25. No. 2 spring wheat 82½@82¾; No. 3 do. —; No. 2 red 83½@85. No. 2 corn 48@49. No. 2 oats 31⅛.

CINCINNATI, May 31—Flour strong; family $3.30@3.50; fancy $3.90@4.10. Wheat dull; No. 2 red 87½@88. Corn easy; No. 2 mixed 48. Oats firm; No. mixed 35¼@36¼.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, May 31— Roasted coffee — Arbuckle's 19.60c ₩ 100 lb cases; Lion 19.60c; Levering's 19.60c. Green—Extra choice 20c; choice good 19c; fair 18c; common 16½c. Sugar—Granulated 5c: powdered 5½c; cut loaf 5½c; white extra C 4¼c; New Orleans yellow clarified 4½c; yellow extra C 4c. Syrup — New Orleans choice 45@50c; prime 35@40c; common 30@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 22@25c; Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40@60c. Nutmeg 65@70c. Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Allspice 10@11c. Jamaica ginger 18c. Singapore pepper 14c. Mace $1.00. Rice—Fair 7½c; good 6½c; common 5½@6c; imported Japan 6@7c. Salt—Hawley's dairy $1.50; icecream $1.10; Virginia 70c. Cheese—Full cream, Cheddars 12½c; flats 13c. White fish—½ bbls $4.00; pails 60c. Soaps - Tallow, 100 bars, 75 lbs, $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars, 60 lbs $2.25@250. Candies—Paraffine 12c; star 10½c, Matches—400s $4.00; 300s $3.00@3.75; 200s $2.00@2.75; 60s, 5 gross, $3.75. Soda—Kegs, bulk, 5c; do. 1 lb packages 5½c, cases, 1 lb 5⅝c; do 1 and ½ lbs 6c; do. ½ lbs 6¼c. Crackers—XXX soda 6½c; XXX butter 6¼c; XXX pearl oysters 6c; shell and excelsior 7c; lemon cream 9c; XXX ginger snaps 9c; cornhills 9c. Candy—Assorted stick 6½c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk $6.00@8.00; imitation mackerel $3.95@4.00; salmon $600@7.50; F.W. oysters $1.75; L. W. $1.25; corn $2.50@3.50; tomatoes $1.60. Ball potash $3.20. Starch—Pearl 4c; lump 5c; nickel package $3.00; celluloid $5.00. Pickles—Plain or mixed, pints, $1.00@1.40; quarts $1.50@1.80. Powder—Rifle, kegs, $5.50; ½ kegs $3.00; ¼ kegs $1.65. Shot—$1.70 ₩ sack.

NEW YORK, May 31—Coffee, options closed steady and unchanged to 5 points down; June 12.10@12.15; July 11.85@11.90; September 11.75@11.85; spot Rio dull but steady; No. 7 12⅞@13; fair cargoes 16⅛. Sugar, raw, fair to good refining 3@3 1-16; centrifugal 96-test 3 7-16@3½; refined firm and in good demand; mould A 4 5-16; standard A 4 3-16@4 7-16; off A 4⅛@3 13-16; confectioners' A 4¼@4⅜; cut loaf 5@5⅛; crushed 5@5⅛; powdered 4¾@4⅞; granulated 4⅜@4⅝; cubes 4⅝@4¾. Molasses, foreign dull; 50-test 11⅛@13; New Orleans quiet and steady; open kettle common to fancy 28@35. Rice in fair demand and firm; domestic fair to extra 4⅜@5¾; Japan 5⅛@5¼.

NEW ORLEANS, May 31— Coffee quiet; Rio ordinary to fair 14½@17½. Sugar steady; open kettle Louisiana, choice 3⅛; fully fair to prime 3⅛; good common to good fair 2 13-16@3; centrifugals off plantation granulated 3⅞; off white 3⅜; gray white 3⅛@3¼; choice yellow clarified 3⅛; prime do. 3⅛@3 13-16; off do. 3¼@3⅛; seconds 2¼@3⅜. Molasses steady; open kettles centrifugals, strictly prime 19; good prime 15@17; fair to prime 10@13; common to good common 5@8. Louisiana syrup 24@31. Rice firm; Louisiana ordinary to good 3⅛@4⅛.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, May 31—Provisions strong, higher. Pork, new $11.50; old $10.00. Lard, prime steam 6.25@6.40. Dry salt meats, loose shoulders 5.37½@5.50; long clear 6.62½; clear ribs 6.62½; short clear 6.75. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.00; long clear 7.12½@7.25; clear ribs 7.12½@7.25; short clear 7.50; hams 9@10½.

NEW YORK, May 31—Pork quiet and steady; mess old $9.75@10.50; new $11.00; prime extra $10.50@11.00. Middles firmer; short clear 7.20@7.25. Lard higher and quiet; western steam 6.67½ bid; city steam 5.95; options, July 6.75; August 6.82; September 6.89.

ATLANTA, May 31—Clear rib sides, boxed 7¼c; ice-cured bellies 8½c. Sugar-cured hams 11¼@13c, according to brand and average; California 8¼@8½. Breakfast bacon 10½c. Lard—Leaf 7¾c.

CHICAGO, May 31—Cash quotations as were follows: Mess pork $10.70@10.72½. Lard 6.37½@6.40. Short ribs loose 6.47½@6.50. Dry salt shoulders boxed 5.25@5.37½; short clear sides boxed 6.65@6.82½.

CINCINNATI, May 31—Pork held higher; new $10.75. Lard strong; current make 6.25. Bulk meats firm; short ribs 6.62½. Bacon firm; short clear 7.87½.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, May 31—Turpentine steady at 27½; rosin firm; strained 95c; good strained $1.00; tar steady at $1.35; crude turpentine steady; hard $1.00; yellow dip $2.00; virgin $2.00.

NEW YORK, May 31—Rosin dull but steady; strained to good strained $1.35@1.37½; turpentine dull and easy at 29@30.

CHARLESTON, May 31—Turpentine steady at 27; rosin firm; good strained $1.00.

SAVANNAH, May 31—Turpentine firm at 27½; rosin firm at $1.05@1.10.

Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, May 31—Apples—Choice $5.50@6.00 ₩ bbl. Lemons $3.00@3.50. Oranges—Messina $4.00@4.50. Cocoanuts 3½@4c. Pineapples $1.50@2.00 ₩ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.50@2.00. Figs 13@18c. Raisins—New California $2.25; ½ boxes $1.50; ¼ boxes 75c. Currants 7@8c. Leghorn citron 20@25c. Nuts—Almonds 16c; pecans 12@14c. Brazil 9@10c. Filberts 11½c. Walnuts 16c. Peanuts—Virginia, electric light 5½@6c; fancy handpicked 4½@5c; North Carolina 4@5c.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, May 31—Eggs 15@17½c. Butter—Western creamery 22½@25c; choice Tennessee 18@20c; other grades 10@12½c. Live poultry—Turkeys 10@12½c ₩ lb; hens 32@33c; young chickens, large 25@30c; small spring 15@20c; ducks 18@20c. Dressed poultry—Turkeys 18@20c; ducks 15@16c; chickens 15@16c. Irish potatoes 75@80c ₩ bu. Sweet potatoes $1.15@1.25 per bu. Honey—Strained 8@10c; in the comb 10@12c. Onions $3.00@3.50 ₩ bbl; crates $1.25@1.50. Cabbage—Green Florida 2½@3c ₩ lb; Louisiana 2@2½; Charleston 2½@3.

Petroleum Markets.

Furnished by Commercial Oil Company:

Georgia Test	9½c	Peerless Water White	12½c
Prime white, 150.	10	National Light	15c
W. W. Headlight	11c	White Rose Gasoline	12c
Red eadlight	12c		



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ONLY A FEW SPECIAL PRICES CAN BE GIVEN TODAY:

White Goods.

All our 30c White Dress Goods reduced to 15 cents.

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Laces and Nets have all been heavily cut. Children's Blazers, worth up to $9, are being sold at from $2 to $3.50 each, in 8 and 10-year sizes only.

Ladies Muslin Underwear at half price.

Bathing Suits

For Men, Women and Children. If you intend going to the seashore, now is your time to buy Bathing Suits.

Boys' Waists.

The largest line of Boys' Percale Waists we ever had at 47c.

The "Mother's Friend" Patent Shirt Waist for boys has no equal.

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Made and laid.
Extra super Ingrain at 45c yard.
Full extra super Ingrain, 60c yard.
Tapestry Brussels at 60c yard.
Best grade Tapestry Brussels at 75c yard.
Body Brussels at 90c yard.
Good Mattings, good assortment, at 10c yard.
Mismatched Carpets at any price.
Rugs made from remnants at your own price.

Chairs.

Nice oak sitting room Chairs, 65c.
Best cane bottom oak Chair ever shown, $1.25.
Dining room Chairs in oak, worth $2.25, at $1.25.
Fine Willow Porch Rockers, worth $4.50, at $2.50.
Bedroom Rockers, worth $3, at $1.75.

Tables.

Good oak Tables, worth $3, at $1.50.

Bedroom and Parlor Suits.

$25 Bedroom Suits, oak or maple, at $12.50.
5-piece Parlor suits at $25, upholstered in brocatelle or tapestry, and worth $45.
$25 oak Sideboards at $15.

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Our real Leather Couch, worth $27.50, at $13.50.
Our Velour-covered Couches, worth $25, at $12.50.

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Our $10 Hat Racks, with nice mirror, for $6.50.
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STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON.—To the Superior Court of said County.—W. S. Morgan, O. E. Mitchell, Ulysses Lewis, Will Haight, O. C. Fuller, Henry R. Powers, L. B. Folsom, J. H. Johnson, J. W. Goldsmith, W. L. Calhoun, John Bippus, W. C. Carter, Abe Fry, S. B. Scott, G. H. Tanner, and all of the state of Georgia and residing in the county of Fulton, for themselves, their associates and successors, respectfully petition for a charter for a corporation under the corporate name of "Inter-State Abstract, Title, Guarantee and Trust Company."

The principal office for the transaction of business to be in the city of Atlanta, in said county of Fulton, with the privilege of establishing branch offices and agencies elsewhere in this state or the United States or foreign country, and of appointing agents, attorneys and such other officers and representatives as may be deemed necessary to carry on the business of the corporation.

The object is pecuniary gain for its shareholders, and the principal business to be done is a general abstract of titles to real estate, and loan business; also to guarantee the titles to real estate by special contracts guarantee loans; to obtain, deal in, buy, own, sell and assign copyrights or interest thereon, especially those relating to conveyancing and abstracting titles, to manufacture and sell books, blanks, forms, plats, maps relating to said business; to make, procure, buy and sell abstracts of titles and of records; to buy, own, sell, improve, mortgage, encumber, lease, rent and convey real estate and personal property, both as the property of said corporation and property of others on commission or otherwise; to lend and borrow money on deeds, mortgages, notes, bonds, debentures, securities or otherwise; to loan its funds on long or short time, payable in installments or otherwise; to act as agents for negotiating loans, and charge a commission therefor.

To act as mortgage trustee for other corporations, minors or other persons requiring a trustee; to act as administrator, executor, assignee for creditors, receiver, attorney in fact and guardian.

To erect, own and maintain safety vaults for the storage of stocks, bonds, moneys, papers or other valuables, and rent or lease same to other persons; to make, alter and amend such by-laws, rules and regulations for its government as it may deem proper, and do and all things not inconsistent with the laws of this state or the United States, or any state thereof for the promotion and furtherance of its business.

The capital stock of said corporation shall be twenty-five thousand dollars in shares of one hundred dollars each, and the further privilege is asked of increasing the capital stock by resolutions of the board of directors at any time to an amount not exceeding one million dollars. The subscriptions to said stock may be paid in money, in cash, or installments or in such property, labor or interests as are appropriate to the business of said corporation, and which it is authorized to own and deal in.

Your petitioners, therefore, pray that they be so incorporated for the full term of twenty years with the privilege of renewal at the expiration of that term.

ULYSSES LEWIS,
Attorney for Petitioners.

Filed in office May 17, 1892.
G. H. TANNER, Clerk.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. The foregoing is a true copy of an application for charter on file in this office by "Inter-State Abstract, Title, Guarantee and Trust Company."

Witness my hand and seal of superior court of said county, May 17, 1892.
G. H. TANNER,
may 18 4-t, wed Clerk Superior Court.

The Alaska



Refrigerator.

FACTS WORTH CONSIDERING

The qualities sought for in the refrigerator are Preservation of Perishable Food and an Economical Use of Ice.

The economical use of ice depends entirely upon the principle involved, the construction of the Refrigerator, and in utilizing all the cold air.

Dry atmosphere and uniform temperature can be obtained only by a perfect circulation of the air in the Refrigerator, and its condensation in the ice chamber.

The Alaska is constructed upon strictly scientific principles, by which low temperature and dryness of air are naturally and inevitably obtained.

The Alaska possesses a provision chamber free from odor.

The Alaska produces better results with less ice than any other refrigerator.

The Alaska is a dry-air refrigerator, and the best one ever patented.

DOBBS, WEY & CO.
61 Peachtree Street.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.

April 23-104t wed-sat-sun wk26t e o w

R. SCHMIDT, JR., Manager. GEO. E. MASON, Sec. and Treas.

Central Coal and Wood Co

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Corner Mitchell and Thompson Streets.

Etna Blacksmith	$5 00
Jellico, or Poplar Creek Lump	5 00
Jellico, or Poplar Creek Nut	4 00
Steam and Blacksmith	$2 50 to 5 00
Seasoned Stovewood, per cord	4 00
Pine and Oak, per cord, $3 and $3.50.	

Telephone 1080.
may4-1m-sun wed fri.

JNO. W. PARROTT, President. CHAS. A. COLLIER, Vice President. JACOB HAAS, Cashier.

THE CAPITAL CITY BANK,
CITY DEPOSITORY.
CAPITAL, $400,000. SURPLUS, $100,000.

Individual liability same as national banks; transacts a general banking business; commercial paper discounted; loans made upon approved collateral, and collections on points in the United States, Canada and throughout Europe, made on the most favorable terms; draw our own bills of exchange on Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, France, Austria and other European states; invite the accounts of individuals, firms, banks, bankers and corporations; issue demand certificates or savings bank book to draw interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum if left 60 days, 4 per cent per annum if left 6 months; 4½ per cent per annum if left 12 months. nov21-dly fin pg

R. F. Maddox, Pres't.; J. W. Rucker, Vice Pres't.; W. L. Peel, Cash'r.; G. A. Nicolson, Ass't Cash'r.

Maddox-Rucker Banking Co.
Capital, $150,000. Charter Liability, $300,000.

Transact a general Banking Business; approved paper discounted, and loans made on collateral. Will be pleased to meet or correspond with parties contemplating changing or opening new accounts. Issue interest-bearing certificates of deposit payable on demand, as follows: 3½ per cent, if left 60 days, 4 per cent if left six months, 5 per cent if left 12 months. 1y

W. A. HEMPHILL, President. H. T. INMAN, Vice Prest. ALONZO RICHARDSON, Cash.

The Atlanta Trust & Banking Co.
CORNER PRYOR AND ALABAMA STREETS.
Capital, $150,000. Undivided Profits, $30,000.
TOTAL LIABILITY OF STOCKHOLDERS, $330,000.

A general banking business transacted.
Superior advantages for handling collections.
Commercial paper discounted at current rates.
Loans made on marketable collaterals.

Accounts of Banks, Corporations, Firms and Individuals Solicited.

Issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, drawing interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum if left three months; 4½ per cent per annum if left six months; and 5 per cent per annum if left twelve months.

DIRECTORS:
W. A. Hemphill, H. T. Inman, Charles N. Fowler, H. Y. McCord, E. C. Spalding, J. Carroll Payne, A. J. Shropshire, Allen P. Morgan, Alonzo Richardson.

feb 26 d 1y

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK,
OF ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS........ $300,000.
SAFE DEPOSIT AND STORAGE VAULT.

Boxes to rent at from $5 to $20 per annum, according to size. Interest paid on deposits as follows: Issues Demand Certificates to draw interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum if left four months; 4 per cent per annum if left six months; 4½ per cent per annum if left twelve months. Accommodations limited solely by the requirements of sound banking principles. Patronage solicited.

Equitable Life Assurance Society
OF THE UNITED STATES,
JANUARY 1, 1892.

ASSETS,	$136,198,518 38
Liabilities, including the Reserve on all existing Policies (4 per cent standard) and special Reserve, toward the establishment of a 3½ per cent valuation, of $1,500,000	109,905,537 82
Total Undivided Surplus	26,292,980 56
Income	39,054,943 85
New Assurance written in 1890	233,118,331 00
Outstanding Assurance	804,894,557 00

The Free Tontine policy (the Society's latest form) is unrestricted as to residence, travel and occupation after one year; incontestable after two years, and "non-forfeitable" after three years.

Claims are paid immediately upon the receipt of satisfactory proofs of death.

HENRY B. HYDE, President.
JAMES W. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres.

PERDUE & EGLESTON, General Agents, - Atlanta, Ga.
Special Agents Atlanta, Ga.: Chas. S. Northen, J. J. Meador, J. L. Shuff.

W. B. GUIMARIN, V. Pres. P. D. WILSON, Sec. F. J. ENGLES, G. M.

THE GUIMARIN - ENGLES CO.
STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,
AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS, PLUMBING AND REPAIRS
CONTRACT WORK A SPECIALTY.
13 SOUTH BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA
TELEPHONE 469.
mar 6 1 y sun wed fri

SOUTHERN Shorthand and Business College.
ESTABLISHED 1880. ATLANTA, GA. ESTABLISHED 1880

The leading commercial college of the south. Occupies 4,500 square feet of space. Employs seven teachers. Has pupils from 20 different states. Over 300 graduates holding positions in Atlanta alone. Handsomely illustrated catalogue free. Telephone 526.

VIGNAUX'S
RESTAURANT AND LADIES' CAFE,
NO. 16 WHITEHALL STREET.
The choicest and most palatable fare in the city. Ice cream parlors for ladies a specialty.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

25 Shares United Underwriters' Insurance Co. Stock Cheap.

Make us an offer. There is talk of making an assessment. We want to sell. Also talk of changing some of the board of directors next annual meeting. Look out.

F. J. COOLEDGE & BRO.,
PAINT AND VARNISH MAKERS.
Largest Dealers in Window Glass and Brushes in the South.
21 EAST ALABAMA STREET, - ATLANTA, GA

WHAT? THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., WITH ITS SIX LARGE FACTORIES, MAKERS OF OVER 11,000,000 SEWING MACHINES

WHERE? SOUTHERN OFFICES:
205 BROAD STREET, - - - RICHMOND.
155 CANAL STREET, - - - - NEW ORLEANS.
55 PEACHTREE STREET, - - - ATLANTA, GA.
AND
IN EVERY CITY OF THE CIVILIZED WORLD.

WHY? BECAUSE—THEY MAKE AN HONEST MACHINE,
A MACHINE FOR EVERY TRADE USING A NEEDLE,
A LIGHT-RUNNING, NOISELESS, DURABLE MACHINE.
THEREFORE
THE PEOPLE WILL HAVE IT.

TRIED TO KISS HER,

And Wound His Arm About Her Shapely Waist,

AND SHE REPORTED IT TO HER FATHER.

And Now the Case Is in the Police Court. A Well-Known Young Drummer's Predicament.

M. Moore, a well-known drummer, was arrested last night at the request of an indignant father, and if that indignant father could have found the festive drummer any time yesterday the latter would have been none the better for that meeting.

The charge against Moore, as it appears on the police docket, does not tell the story that is back of the arrest. It is the plain everyday charge of disorderly conduct, and as such it will be tried in police court today, but if the charge is sustained by evidence the penalty will be much heavier than is usually imposed in cases of that nature.

Mr. Moore is a traveling salesman for Elsas, May & Co., and is one of the well-known commercial tourists of the city. He is about twenty-seven years of age, dresses neatly, and is quite nice looking.

Yesterday morning an elderly gentleman called at Chief Connolly's office and made the charge which caused Moore's arrest.

This gentleman was very quiet, but very determined, and he intimated that if he got his hands on Moore he would give him such a chastising as he would remember to his dying day.

He said he was the father of a young and pretty girl. He was a poor man and he and his children had to work for a living. This young daughter was employed in Elsas, May & Co.'s bag factory.

Yesterday morning she reported to her father that Moore had been insultingly familiar with her, and had placed his arm about her waist. This she had indignantly resented, and had reported to the proprietors of the establishment.

Flushed with indignation she went home and told her father. He was greatly stirred up over the matter and immediately sought out Chief Connolly and reported the case and asked that Moore be arrested.

The details of the case as given by the outraged father of the young girl made out a bad case against the young drummer, and Chief Connolly gave instructions that Moore be immediately arrested and only released upon his making a strong and secure bond.

Last night the case against Moore was entered on the police docket by Chief of Detectives Wright and Officer Jordan, Moore having been arrested by the latter.

Moore had just started out on a trip for about nine weeks, but the case interfered with his arrangements.

He begged that he be allowed to make bond and go out on his trip, but this was refused.

"The case is of too bad a nature to allow of that," said Chief Connolly. "It must be investigated at once. You can make bond to appear at the recorder's court tomorrow morning, when it can be disposed of."

Mr. Moore put up $100 collateral as bond for his appearance before Recorder Calhoun this morning.

He appeared to be rattled somewhat by his arrest, but said nothing of the charges against him.

The trial before the recorder will be one that will interest the police court audience no little.

AROUND THE COURTHOUSE.

The grand jury will resume its sitting tomorrow morning. Two divorce cases, both in favor of the plaintiffs, were decided in Judge Marshall Clarke's court yesterday. One was the suit of Mrs. S. J. Lovett, charging her husband, T. J. Lovett, with deserting her shortly after marriage, and never coming to see her again. She was a loyal and devoted wife, and no reason was furnished by her own conduct for such an unkind abondonment. The verdict of the jury being the second rendered in her favor, the court decreed that she was entitled to her maiden name, and was at liberty to contract a new alliance.

The other suit was similar in its allegations, and was brought by Mrs. Willie Epps. She complained that her husband, Hiram Epps, deserted her in the second year of their union, that she had never heard of him since, and that he contributed little or nothing towards her support. The jury awarded to Mrs. Epps a second verdict also, and she was presented with her maiden name accordingly.

Admitted to the Bar.

Another young lawyer has been admitted to the bar—or rather to the courts of law and equity in Georgia, for he was formerly a practitioner in another state.

The young attorney, William B. Farley, filed in the clerk's office a few days ago a petition stating that he was now a citizen of Fulton county, having lately removed from the state of Florida; that he had practiced law for six years, which was certified to by a paper attached, and that he desired to be formally admitted to the practice of law in Atlanta.

The application was signed yesterday by Judge Clarke, and Mr. Farley was legally admitted into the courts.

THE UNIVERSITY CLUB'S BANQUET.

Arrangements Being Made by the Committee in Charge.

The University Club will not have its banquet tonight as was intended.

Arrangements for a full attendance could not be made, owing to the unfinished roll of members. It is desirable that all of the university men in Atlanta shall be present at this the first banquet of the club, and as there is some difficulty in reaching all of them, the committee deemed it expedient to postpone the banquet for a few days until a complete roll is made out.

At a meeting of the executive committee yesterday the following letter was mailed to all the university men in Atlanta whose names could be obtained:

"Atlanta, Ga., May 31, 1892.—Dear Sir: The alumni and matriculates of the University of Georgia, residing in Fulton county, are invited to join "the University Club" of Atlanta. Its purposes are to promote good fellowship and a more intimate acquaintance among its members, and to advance the interests of the University of Georgia.

"The dues are 50 cents a month, payable quarterly in advance. All desiring to join will please send their names and addresses to Remsen Crawford, secretary and treasurer, Constitution editorial rooms.

"The executive committee is now making arrangements for the first banquet, which will be given as soon as the list of membership is completed. No extra assessment will be charged therefor"

Signed: N. J. Hammond, Harvey Johnson, Howard Van Epps, Clark Howell, John M. Slaton, executive committee.

DEATH OF MRS. GOLDSMITH.

The Wife of Dr. W. T. Goldsmith Buried Yesterday in Oakland Cemetery.

Mrs. Annie S. Goldsmith, wife of Dr. W. T. Goldsmith, was laid to rest in Oakland cemetery yesterday.

Mrs. Goldsmith died Monday evening at the residence of her son, Mr. Henry Goldsmith, No. 426 Capitol avenue. She was for many years a patient invalid, and endured her sufferings with remarkable fortitude and resignation. She was a devout member of the Baptist church, and lived a consistent and exemplary Christian life.

Mrs. Goldsmith was a sister of Mrs. Dr. H. C. Hornady, wife of the well-known and influencial Baptist minister, and also of Colonel Smith, of Dalton, Ga. She was forty-five years of age at the time of her death, and leaves behind four children, three sons and one daughter, Messrs. Henry, Paul, Chess and Miss Louise.

Dr. Goldsmith is one of Atlanta's most prominent and respected citizens, and the sympathy of a large circle of friends goes out to him in his great bereavement.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Development in the Week Ending May 28th.

The Tradesman in its review of the situation in the south for the week ending May 28, 1892, states that the reports received from its correspondents throughout the southern states show that in the overflowed districts of the Mississippi valley the destruction of crops has been fully as great as anticipated. It is not believed, however, that the cotton area is materially reduced, and no reduction is expected in the amount to be raised. From Texas points complaints are made of a cold and backward season.

The iron industry seems to show signs of reviving prosperity. While sales have not increased there have been, at some points, more inquiries than for a considerable period. Prices have not advanced, and shipments to northern and eastern points are not reduced. Throughout the iron and coal districts of Georgia, Tennessee and Alabama there is considerable activity, and new industries, such as iron and steel works, textile plants, etc., are reported as in contemplation. The interest before reported in new cotton mills continues and several are mentioned as having been organized during the week, with others in progress. The lumber industry is unchanged. The demand is not great, nor are prices sufficiently high to afford large profits. The general tenor of The Tradesman's reports is fairly satisfactory, and warrants the belief that the south is steadily and surely emerging from the era of financial and industrial depression.

The Tradesman reports sixty-one new industries as established or incorporated during the week, together with fifteen enlargements of manufactories, and seventeen important new buildings. Among the new industries reported are brick works at Cartersville, Ga., and Greenville, S. C., canneries at Quincy, Fla., and Sharon, Tenn., a $50,000 cigar factory at Tampa, Fla., cotton compresses at Birmingham, Ala., Houston and Marlin, Texas, and a steam cotton gin at Robeline, La. An electrical plant with $500,000 capital has been organized at Atlanta, Ga., one with $50,000 capital at Rome, Ga., and one with the same capital at Glendale, W. Va. A grain elevator will be built at Denton, Texas, a $100,000 fence company chartered at Savannah, Ga., and one with $10,000 capital at Clarendon, S. C., flour and grist mills are reported at Austin Texas, capital $50,000, at Huntsville, Ala., Readyville, Tenn., and Waxahachie, Texas, and ice factories established at Opelika, Ala., and Morrillton, Ark.

The Tradesman also reports a cotton-tie factory at Birmingham, Ala., a $600,000 steel and iron furnace at Llano, Texas, a $50,000 engine and boiler works at Greenville, Texas, a $50,000 iron casting plant at Newport, Ky., a hardware company at Chattanooga, Tenn., and a wire plow line plant at Birmingham, Ala. A $50,000 coal mining company has been organized at Lynchburg, Va., one with the same capital at Elkhorn, W. Va., and one at Knoxville, Tenn., a vulcanizing plant at Alexandria, Va., nickel plating works at Pine Log, Ga., a phosphate mining company at Ocala, Fla., oil and gas companies at Hartford City and Middle Ferry, W. Va., oil mills at Mobile, Ala., and a stamp mill at Eastland, Texas. A $100,000 cotton mill will be built at Magnolia, Miss., a $75,000 one at Elberton, Ga., and one at Bessemer, Ala.

Among new woodworking plants of the week are furniture factories at Little Rock and Pine Bluff, Ark., a lumber company at Bristol, Tenn., planing mills at Douglasville, Ga., and Atlanta, Texas, saw and shingle mills at Gurley, Ala., Poplar Grove, Ark., Plaquemine, La., Loudon and Crooksville, Tenn., and a wagon factory at Hickman, Ky.

Among enlargements of manufactories, The Tradesman reports coke works at Maybeury, W. Va., electric lighting plants at Mobile, Ala., and Charleston, S. C., each adding $50,000 to its capital, gas works at Wheeling, W. Va., iron works at Salem, Va., powder works at Ooltewah, Tenn., a $200,000 addition to a cotton mill at Fort Worth, Texas, and woodworking plants at Logansport, Ky., Florence, S. C., and Morganton, N. C.

The new buildings of the week include a bank building at Canton, Miss., business houses at Rome and Savannah, Ga., Titusville, Fla., Lexington, Ky., and Henrietta, Texas, a church at Fincastle, Va., halls at Erlanger, Ky., and Helenwood, Tenn., a $100,000 hotel at Morristown, Tenn., a sanitarium at Knoxville, Tenn., and a warehouse at Calhoun, Ga. Waterworks are reported at Hopkinsville, Ky., Donaldsonville, La., Morrillton, Ark., and Sewanee, Tenn.

MR. R. L. SPENCER ACQUITTED.

The Vice President of Tallapoosa's Bank Found Not Guilty.

Just as everybody at all familiar with the case expected, Mr. R. L. Spencer, the vice president of the Merchants' and Miners' bank, of Tallapoosa, arrested for high misdemeanor, has been tried and found not guilty.

Mr. Spencer was arrested when the bank failed, charged with having borrowed too much money from the bank. There is a law making it a high misdemeanor for any bank officer to lend to one man more than 10 per cent of its capital stock.

Mr. Spencer was not an active officer of the bank. Moreover, he had papers showing that the money he had borrowed from the bank was borrowed from another company and borrowed for the Georgia-Alabama Investment and Development Company, and further, that the notes were bought by the bank when chartered.

Nobody ever believed Mr. Spencer guilty. He was tried several days ago, and was, of course, released and fully exonerated.

IT IS NOW OPEN.

The Grady Hospital Begins Its Noble Career Today.

Today is the day appointed for the opening of the Grady hospital.

There will be no formal exercises, simply a reception of the patients, but if any one desires to inspect the building during the day, Mr. Hirsch or any of the officers will take pleasure in showing the rooms and in explaining fully the practical workings of the hospital.

The small debt that remained after fitting up the different apartments with neat and attractive furniture has now been raised, and the hospital will begin its career today without a shadow of debt resting upon it.

OUT ON BOND.

Young Albert Childers Is No Longer at the Police Station.

Cell No. 1 in which young Albert Childers has been spending the past ten days was empty last night.

And young Childers who has had to sleep in a hard wood chair since his confinement slept in a comfortable bed, which was no unwelcome change to the young fellow of luxurious tastes.

Childers went out on bond yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock.

A bond for the young man was fixed at $1,000 and was signed by his father and uncle.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Superior to every other known. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable and Wholesome.

No other baking powder does such work.

DID HE KISS HER?

The Police Commission Wrestles with That Question,

AND SAYS THAT HE DID NOT DO SO.

The Unique Charge Upon Which an Officer Was Arraigned, and the Result. The Detectives Are "Out" of It.

A special meeting of the police board was held last night. Messrs. English, Laird, Grambling and Spalding were present.

The special purpose of the meeting was to investigate the charges made against Officer J. G. Waits of improper conduct while on duty.

Officer Waits, who has been on the police force for six years, and has always discharged his duties faithfully, was charged with having kissed a young woman while on duty.

The full details of that alleged kissing were laid before the commissioners last night.

The general facts upon which the charge was based was that on May 9th, last, while on duty, Officer Waits visited the home of Mrs. Allen, on Decatur street, and sat on the porch for a few minutes and kissed the daughter of Mrs. Allen.

To this charge Officer Waits entered a strong denial, and he was sustained by the young woman whom he was said to have kissed.

The first witness introduced was Mrs. Allen. She said that on the night of May 9th Waits came to her home about 11 o'clock at night and sat on the porch talking with her daughter for some minutes. She saw the officer kiss her daughter several times and ran him away.

The two sons of Mrs. Allen swore that Waits was there on the night of May 9th, but they saw nothing of the alleged kissing. The father of the girl swore that he was in bed at the time, but heard his wife talking sharply to Waits.

Miss Mary Allen, the girl whom Waits was charged with having kissed, indignantly denied her mother's statement, and said her mother was altogether too strict with her. She said Officer Waits stood at the gate and talked with her for just a moment about selling her a ticket to the policemen's picnic.

Officer Waits made a statement coinciding with that made by Miss Allen, denying the charges in toto. The officer's statement was a very clear and plausible one, and removed any doubt that might have been entertained as to his innocence.

Commissioner Grambling moved that the charges be dismissed and the officer was exonorated.

No Suits for Detectives.

Chief Connolly brought up the matter of supplying detectives with suits, in lieu of uniforms, as the other officers are furnished by the city.

Commissioner Laird said he had been looking into the matter some and had with him a written opinion submitted by City Attorney Goodwin. Mr. Goodwin gave it as his opinion that it would require a change in the ordinance authorizing the city to furnish uniforms, as that ordinance said uniforms.

The matter was discussed at some length but was finally laid over without any action, the board mutually agreeing that according to the opinion of the city attorney it could not furnish the detectives with suits.

AN IMPORTANT BUSINESS CHANGE.

The Firm of T. M. Clarke & Co. Is Now the Clarke Hardware Company.

For years one of Atlanta's most prominent establishments has been the handsome store controlled by the firm name of T. M. Clarke & Co.

It is now "The Clarke Hardware Company."

The change goes into effect today, the company organizing under a recently granted charter, with Mr. T. M. Clarke as president. It means more than a mere change in the title of the company, however, for, yesterday, one of the most prominent members of the firm withdrew his connection with it. That is Major John H. Fitten. For twenty-five years Major Fitten has been connected with that firm; has been identified with all its continued successes. He has many outside interests, however, and leaves the hardware business to devote himself to these other interests.

The stock in the new company is held by the present members of the firm, except Major Fitten, and of some of the younger men who have held positions of responsibility with the firm.

Major Fitten is one of Atlanta's most prominent and most prosperous business men, and is one of the most popular gentlemen of the city. Yesterday was a day of sorrow in the big establishment. After a long association with the company, Major Fitten could but feel the keenest regret upon severing the ties. The association of the other members of the firm and himself has always been so pleasant that great reluctance was felt by all at the separation.

The new company is sure to fall heir to all the success of the old.

THE SOUTHERN BAPTIST COLLEGE.

It Is Fast Beginning to Assume the Proportions of a Living Reality.

It has been asked repeatedly of those in authority if the Southern Baptist college is going to be built in the near future at Manchester?

When seen yesterday and asked about the prospect of an early completion of the building, Mr. W. L. Stanton said:

"I am very glad to be able to say that the building is beginning to assume such proportions as to remove all doubts from the minds of any one who will take the trouble to go down and see for themselves.

"I have never entered into anything in my life with more pleasure and that had brighter prospects of success than this enterprise. Therefore I can assure the public that this building will go on to completion and be an institution of which Atlanta, Georgia and the south will be proud.

"Other developments in Manchester are beginning to appear. Material for several residences has been ordered and the material is beginning to arrive. The contract for the Georgia Military Institute has been awarded to men who will commence work at once and I believe will push this building and put up a structure that will be an ornament to an ideal community, as this is destined to be.

"I make this statement for the benefit of those interested and who are friends of this enterprise, as well as for the information of those who have manifested an unfriendly spirit I believe without a cause, and in other cases for the reason that 'they were not informed.'"

Mail Delivery in Americus.

Americus, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Uncle Sam's red boxes are upon the corners, and tomorrow opens up the free delivery postal service in Americus. The mail carriers are prominent negro politicians. Postmaster Roney has everything in readiness, and Americus is happy over this progressive movement, for which she is largely indebted to the influence and efforts of Speaker Crisp.

Schoolhouses for Hawkinsville.

Hawkinsville, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Hawkinsville took a long step forward today, when the citizens, by an almost unanimous vote, decided to bond the town to build schoolhouses. A few months ago, the public school system was adopted. The town is now entirely free from debt, and the mayor is satisfied that bonds can be placed, without any difficulty, at par.

A Black Homicide Surrenders.

Thomson, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—Gus Cummings, the negro who shot and killed Andrew J. McGahee at Dearing Saturday evening last, come in town this morning and delivered himself up to Sheriff Hawes and is now in jail.

Covington's High School.

Covington, Ga., May 31.—(Special.)—The closing exercises of the Girls' High school began last night with an entertainment by the pupils of the primary and intermediate departments. The exercises consisted of songs, recitations and calisthenics in the form of hoop and wand drills for gymnastics, etc. Mrs. E. V. O'Keefe and Miss Kate Bigham had charge of the entertainment.

THEY WILL CELEBRATE THE FOURTH.

The Colored Citizens of Atlanta will Observe the Fourth of July at Piedmont Park.

The colored citizens of Atlanta are arranging for a big celebration next July at Piedmont park.

Military companies from Rome, Macon and other places will visit the city, and will be reviewed at the park by Governor Northen. A prize drill between the companies will be the special feature of the day, and $500 will be given away to the military companies alone. There will also be good horse racing and a splendid barbecue.

It promises to be a grand success, and no effort will be spared by the colored people to make it such.

The success of Hood's Sarsaparilla is because it possesses true merit, and no claim is made for it which isnot fully supported.

FOUR NEW APPOINTMENTS.

Colonel Johnston Appoints Four New Deputies.

Four new deputies were yesterday appointed by Collector W. H. Johnston and they will enter upon their work immediately.

They are J. H. Chapman, Atlanta; J. J. Martin, Atlanta; George H. Thomas, Macon, and Ira C. Campbell, Royston, Ga.

The appointments will meet with general favor, as they are all capable and efficient men. Their duties will be to collect the internal revenue tax and to locate the existence of blind tigers and other similar evasions of federal laws.

Pity the Sorrows of a Poor Old Man

Or woman bowed with the infirmities of age, and more particularly lumbago. But more practical, more friendly than pity is this sound piece of advice to such persons, as well to all delicate people and convalescents: Try a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the finest sustaining tonic which people of declining years and the feeble generally can adopt. Kidney and rheumatic troubles and lumbago, which are peculiarly incident to age, are counteracted by this superb corrective, which also removes indigestion, malarial complaints, billousness, la grippe.

When you suffer from sick headache, dizziness, constipation, etc., remember Carter's Little Liver Pills will relive you. One pill is a dose.

Notice.

We desire to say to persons wishing to place advertising in our "Want" column, that the price is made low purposely and the cash must accompany the order in every case.
THE CONSTITUTION.

Tomorrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock we sell the beautiful home of Colonel Winter, No. 368 Peachtree, opposite Mr. M. C. Kiser's and Dr. Ridley's and nearly opposite Forest avenue. A house on this street is as safe an investment as United States bonds, and it is a pleasure to live there. The terms of the sale are one-fourth cash, remainder in four equal annual payments with 8 per cent interest, payable annually. Samuel W. Goode & Co.

FOR DYSPEPSIA,
Indigestion, and Stomach disorders, use
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.
All dealers keep it, $1 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

The Winter Place at Auction.

This beautiful home, No. 368 Peachtree st., will be sold at auction today at 4:30 p. m. Come out whether you wish to bid or not. Samuel W. Goode & Co.

Your golden opportunity to secure two splendid homes or three beautiful vacant lots on Whitehall street, will be on June 1st, at 3:30 p. m. Auction sale on the premises. Ansley Bros.

Atlanta's Great Resort.

Cumberland island should be made the pride of every Georgian. The High Point Company makes a most reasonable proposition to you. There were 365 heads of Atlanta families, by actual count, registered at Cumberland last year. Now let every one of these come to our office and subscribe for two $100 shares each, and they will control the hotel, the railroad, the game park, the bathhouses and three miles of the prettiest beach in the world. The money you pay for shares is guaranteed to be applied to the building of the improvements named, and for every SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO.

Sam W. Small Will Speak

At the following appointments on the dates mentioned below, and respectfully invites his fellow citizens of the several counties of the fifth congressional district to attend these addresses upon the political, industrial and financial issues of the present era. Gentlemen desiring to join in the discussion can obtain a fair division of time by addressing Mr. Small, of Atlanta in the meantime. The appointments are as follows:

Tuesday, May 31—Decatur, 11 a. m.
Tuesday, May 31—Stone Mountain, 3 p. m.
Tuesday, May 31—Lithonia, 8 p. m.
Wednesday, June 1—Douglasville, 3 p. m.
Thursday, June 2—Fairburn, 3 p. m.
Thursday, June 2—East Point, 8 p. m.
Friday, June 3—Jonesboro, 3 p. m.
Saturday, June 4—Covington, 2 p. m.
Monday, June 6—Conyers, 2 p. m.
Tuesday, June 7—Atlanta, 8 p. m.
Thursday, June 9—Monroe, 2 p. m.
Thursday, June 9—Social Circle, 8 p. m.
may6-to june9.

Will Close.

The principal furniture dealers of the city will close their stores from June 1st to September 1st, at 6 o'clock p. m., Saturdays excepted.

The Winter Home at Auction.

This place is No. 368 Peachtree, a large, commodious, two-story, ten-room residence with a dry brick basement, well lighted and ventilated, on an elevated, terraced, beautifully shaded lot, 75x270 feet, fronting both Peachtree and Cedar streets and on the widest portion of Peachtree, surrounded by some of the most beautiful and most costly houses in Atlanta—a lot easily worth $250 per front foot if taken its whole depth. The terms of sale are one-fourth cash, remainder in one, two, three and four years with 8 per cent, payable annually. We invite you to the sale whether you wish to buy or not.
SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO.

To the Ladies of Atlanta.

Today we commence closing our store at 6 o'clock p. m so as to give our employes a chance to get a little more fresh air during the summer season. Those who do their shopping before that time confer a favor.
M. RICH & BROS.

Floral Wreaths.

As a token of honor and welcome to the visitors from Atlanta and their floral guests, the officials of the B. R. and A. R. R. will have the engine pulling the excursion train, June 2d, to Tallulah Falls, decorated most beautifully with ferns and wild flowers—the native floral gems that line the banks of the beautiful Tallulah.

A special party has asked that a Pullman chair car be annexed to the train.

The Floral Union will blossom like the rose and join hand in hand with Atlanta in the amusements and jollifications of the day. The managers have been compelled to arrange for more coaches to accommodate the people and this will certainly be an occasion long to be remembered by the pleasure-loving people of Atlanta.

Removal.

I have removed my law office to the Equitable building, office 411, fourth floor, in front of elevators. HAMILTON DOUGLAS,
june1-7t Attorney at Law.

Today the Peachtree Sale.

Colonel Winter's home place, No. 368 Peachtree, will be sold at auction. He will be glad to see his friends present and we cordially invite you to the sale whether bidders or not. The sale takes place on the premises at 4:30 p. m. today. Samuel W. Goode & Co.

Tallulah "the terrible!" June 2d. Grand excursion train leaves 7 a. m. Round trip $1 50. Any information furnished. 10 Kimball House.

GET YOUR PRINTING, Blank Books, Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books, Binding, Electrotyping, etc., etc., of JAS. P. HARRISON & CO., (The Franklin Publishing House,) State Printers, Atlanta, Ga. Consult them before placing your orders.

The Hand that rocks the cradle IS The Hand that rules the world.

The hand that rocks the cradle has also quite often a hand in buying the household necessities and luxuries. The head of the house cannot attend to these matters, and leaves them to the really superior judgment of his wife.

The boys are glad; only a few more days to attend school. Mothers! Young America will have more leisure to tear up clothes during the three months, than they had for some time. You will need strong serviceable suits or knee pants for them. We gladly supply their wants at very low figures. While this ad is especially for the housewives, we don't want the husbands and youths to forget that we have everything in summer clothing, as well as negligee shirts and straw hats for themselves at our well-known popular prices.

EISEMAN & WEIL
One Price Clothiers and Furnishers
3 Whitehall St.



Today the race which parliament adjourns to attend takes place in England. It is spelled derby, but called darby.

The poisoning of the favorite, Orme, about five weeks ago, has caused a most profound sensation in Great Britain. A big reward was offered for the discovery of the culprit.

Worthy of a bigger reward are those who discover anything better than our assortment of Trunks and Valises. Handsome styles, made as they should be and from the right materials. We have touched every side of the Trunk question; touched with knowledge. You know the result if you have lately seen our store.
ABE FOOTE & BRO.,
34 Whitehall Street.

Can't Match It.

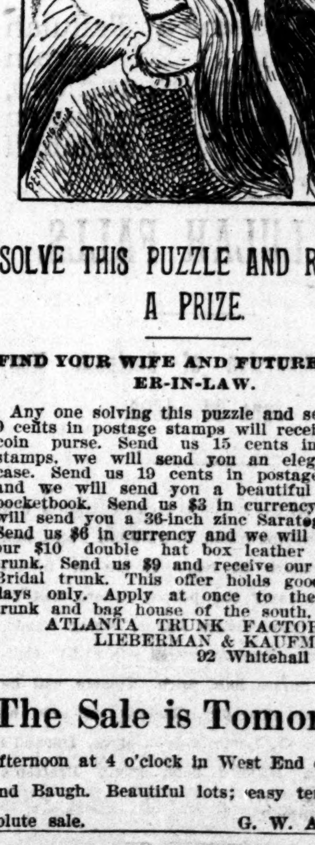
You may hunt the country over, and you'll find nowhere else such a complete line of men's furnishings, as we are now showing—dress shirts, neglige and puff-bosom shirts, summer underwear, summer vests, summer coats and vests, sashes, belts, bath robes and bathing suits, hosiery and neckwear—novelties in every line.

We are constantly adding to the variety and extent of every department, and no novelty of merit escapes us.

If you would have the newest and best things in men's apparel, it will pay you to give us at least a portion of your trade.

A. O. M. GAY & SON
Fine Furnishings and Hats, 18 Whitehall Street.

may1-d2m-nrm



SOLVE THIS PUZZLE AND RECEIVE A PRIZE.

FIND YOUR WIFE AND FUTURE MOTHER-IN-LAW.

Any one solving this puzzle and sending us 9 cents in postage stamps will receive a fine coin purse. Send us 15 cents in postage stamps, we will send you an elegant card case. Send us 19 cents in postage stamps and we will send you a beautiful morocco pocketbook. Send us $3 in currency and we will send you a 36-inch zinc Saratoga trunk. Send us $6 in currency and we will send you our $10 double hat box leather Saratoga trunk. Send us $9 and receive our fine $15 Bridal trunk. This offer holds good for 30 days only. Apply at once to the leading trunk and bag house of the south.
ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY.
LIEBERMAN & KAUFMANN.
92 Whitehall Street.

The Sale is Tomorrow

afternoon at 4 o'clock in West End on Irwin and Baugh. Beautiful lots; easy terms; absolute sale. G. W. ADAIR.



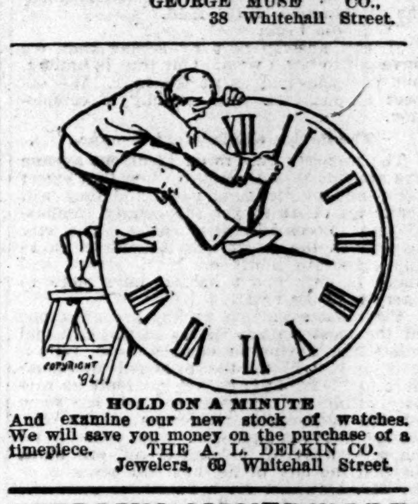
PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM. Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE. Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts. HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.



You Furnish the Boy. WE DO THE REST!

That's it exactly. You furnish the boy and we furnish him with what? With the trimmest, neatest, best fitting suit that ever made him feel life was worth living. If you think such a suit expensive come and price one of them. You will wonder how they can be sold so cheap. Our "Leader" with extra pants and hat at $4.50 is the best suit sold for the money. Straw hats for boys of all ages.
GEORGE MUSE CO.,
38 Whitehall Street.



HOLD ON A MINUTE
And examine our new stock of watches. We will save you money on the purchase of a timepiece. THE A. L. DELKIN CO.
Jewelers, 69 Whitehall Street.

STERLING SILVERWARE —AT— REASONABLE PRICES.
Wedding Presents a Specialty.
Maier & Berkele,
JEWELERS, 93 WHITEHALL ST.

The time for receiving **State & County Tax** Returns expires on the 1st day of July. Be sure and make your returns before that day and avoid being returned as a defaulter and double taxed.
T. M. ARMISTEAD,
Tax Receiver, Fulton County.
may29-sun wed to july 1

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

HALL BROTHERS, CIVIL, MINING AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS, 67 Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga. Long experience in gold and silver mining, marble quarrying, hydraulic excavation, swamp drainage, development of water powers, construction of mining canals, gold stamp mills, marble mills, derricks, etc.
BENJ. M. HALL, JAS. R. HALL, MAX HALL june1-1yr

THOMAS J. LEFTWICH, Lawyer, 43 Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga.

W. C. GLENN. F. M. FONTAINE. GLENN & FONTAINE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, 72 and 73 Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga. marsl 15-3m

LeSUEUR & RUNGE, Architects, Room 41, Old Capitol Building, Atlanta, Ga. sept 1—1y

DR. F. BARTOW McRAE, Office at residence, 152 Courtland avenue. Hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m. Telephone, 1074. Practice limited to diseases of women.

THOMAS & ABER, CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS, Room No. 50, Old Capitol, Atlanta, Ga.

C. T. LADSON, ATTORNEY, 43 1-2 East Alabama street, Telephone 151, Atlanta, Ga.

G. L. NORMAN, Architect, Old Capitol Building, Atlanta, Ga.

DR. K. C. DIVINE, 100 1-2 Whitehall street. Specialist in Rectal surgery. may 4—1y

A. G. McCURRY, Athens. F. P. PROFFITT, Elberton. McCURRY & PROFFITT, Lawyers, Athens and Elberton, Ga. Prompt collections and returns throughout Northeast Georgia.

HENRY JACKSON, TOM COBB JACKSON, POPE BARROW, G. D. THOMAS, A. A. MEYER. JACKSONS, BARROW & THOMAS, Lawyers. Will practice in all the courts. Insurance Banking and Commercial law. Offices in Kiser Building, corner Pryor and Hunter sts.

D. P. HOLLAND, Attorney and Counsellor at law—Will practice in all the courts. Commercial, corporation and insurance law. Prompt attention given collections. Office, No. 44 1-2 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga. may19-1y

JAMES K. HINES, THOS. B. FELDER, JR. (Late Judge Sup. Court Mid Circuit.) HINES & FELDER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Room 33, Fitten Building. aug27-1y

ERNEST C. KONTZ, BEN. J. CONYERS. KONTZ & CONYERS, Attorneys at Law. Rooms 29-33 Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga.

T. H. HUZZA, M. D., PHYSICIAN and SURGEON. 2½ Marietta St., over Jacobs' Pharmacy. Hours: 10 to 1; 5 to 7. Telephone 185. Night Calls at Office.

Mrs. Rosa Freudenthal Monnish, M. D. SPECIALIST; W. A. MONNISH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Sanitarium for diseases of woman. Select. Private lying-in home; no publicity; homes found for infants; consultation confidential. Office and dispensary, junction Peachtree, North Forsyth and Church streets, "House that Jack Built," Atlanta, Ga. Office hours 9 a. m., to 6 p. m.

MEN

Who wear our right made garments assert that for Fit and Finish there is no Ready-made Clothing in Atlanta to compare with it. We are the only firm in this city who keep ROGER PEET & CO.'S CLOTHING, and their goods are known to be the best in New York city. ALL NEW, STYLISH GOODS, WELL MADE, THE KIND THAT LAST. Our goods are sold at value. Our Furnishing stock cannot be excelled.

J. A. ANDERSON CLOTHING CO.
No. 41 Whitehall Street.

In effect Sunday May 21st, 1892.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
SEABOARD AIR-LINE. (GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION)	
No. 43, from Monroe.......... 6 00 p m	No. 36, to Monroe.......... 8 00 am.
No. 41, from P'tsmouth.......... 9 a m	No. 38, to Portsmouth.......... 5 00 pm.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.	
From Savannah... 7 45 am	To Savannah...... 7 20 am
From Jacksonv'le 11 30 am	To Jacksonville.. 4 10 pm
From Savannah... 7 35 pm	To Savannah...... 7 10 pm
WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.	
From Nashville*.. 7 00 pm	To Nashville*...... 8 10 am
From Marietta..... 8 20 am	To Chattanooga*.. 1 35 pm
From Rome ....11 05 am	To Rome.............. 3 45 pm
From Chat'n'ga*.. 1 15 pm	To Marietta.......... 5 30 pm
From Nashville*.. 6 40 pm	To Nashville*...... 7 40 pm
ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.	
From Selma*...... 6 30 am	To Opelika*.......... 7 00 am
From West Point. 11 30 am	To Montgomery*.. 4 15 pm
From Montg'm'y* 12 20 pm	To West Point .... 5 05 pm
From Opelika*.... 6 05 pm	To Selma*..........11 15 pm
GEORGIA RAILROAD.	
From Augusta*.... 6 30 am	To Augusta*........ 8 00 am
From Covington.. 7 50 am	To Decatur.......... 8 55 am
From Decatur...... 9 55 am	To Clarkston ......12 10 pm
From Augusta*.... 1 00 pm	To Augusta*........ 2 45 pm
From Clarkston... 1 55 pm	To Clarkston........ 3 15 pm
From Clarkston... 4 35 pm	To Covington........ 6 20 pm
From Augusta*.... 5 45 pm	To Augusta*........11 15 pm
PIEDMONT AIR-LINE. (RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD.)	
From Lula............ 7 05 am	To Washington* ... 7 05 am
From Wash'gton* 11 25 am	To Washington* ..12 40 pm
From Wash'gton* 4 05 pm	To Lula.................. 5 15 pm
From Wash'gton* 10 30 pm	To Washington*.... 7 50 pm
‡From Lula Sun, 9 50 am	To Lula, Sundays.. 3 00 pm
RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R. (GEORGIA PACIFIC DIVISION.)	
From Greenville*.. 6 30 am	To Tallapoosa‡..... 2:00 pm
From Tallapoosa‡ 8 40 am	To Birmingham* 4:10 pm
From Tallapoosa‡ 10 30 am	To Tallapoosa‡.... 6:00 pm
From Birming'm* 12 15 pm	To Greenville*..... 11:05 pm
EAST TENN., VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA R'Y	
Cinc'n'ti & Chat*. 6 20 am	Brunswick & Jacksonville*............ 7 15 am
J'ks'v'e & Sav'h*. 8 25 am	B'r'gh'am&Chat*. 8 40 am
Cinc'n'ti & Chat*.. 2 42 pm	Chat& Cinci'nati*. 1 35 pm
Bir'ng'h'm&Chat* 6 45 pm	Sav'nah, Brunsw'k & Jacksonville*. 7 00 pm
Bru'sw'k & Jacksonville*.......... 7 40 pm	Chat. & Cincin'ti*. 10 55 pm
ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.	
From F't Valley* 10 20 am	To Fort Valley*... 3 45 pm

*Daily. ‡Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO. the most direct line and best route to Montgomery New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest.

The following schedule in effect May 15, 1892.

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 56 Daily except Sunday.	No. 54. Daily.
Lv Atlanta.....	4 15 p m	11 15 p m	5 00 p m	7 00 a m
Ar Newnan.....	5 32 p m	12 56 a m	6 46 p m	8 20 a m
Ar LaGrange..	6 33 p m	2 11 a m	8 00 p m	9 30 a m
Ar W Point....	6 57 p m	2 48 a m	8 35 p m	10 01 a m
Ar Opelika.....	7 40 p m	3 40 a m	....	10 45 a m
Ar Columbus ..	....	....	....	12 00 noon
Ar Motgomry	9 25 p m	6 00 a m	....	....
Ar Pensacola	5 15 a m	1 10 p m	....	....
Ar Mobile.....	3 15 a m	12 10 p m	....	....
Ar N Orleans.	7 45 a m	4 45 p m	....	....
Ar HoustnTex	9 45 p m	7 07 a m	....	....

TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT.

Lv Mongomry	9 35 p m	8 05 a m	....
Ar	11 20 p m	10 10 a m	....

NORTH BOUND.	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 57	No. 55. Daily.
Lv New Orleans....	7 45 am	8 25 pm	—	—
Lv Mobile..........	1 05 pm	1 07 ngt	—	—
Lv Pensacola......	....	11 30 pm	—	—
Ar Montgomery....	7 55 pm	7 00 am	—	—
Lv Selma............	4 10 pm	5 15 am	—	—
Lv Montgomery....	11 30 am	7 00 am	—	—
Ar Columbus......	12 05 pm	12 05 am	—	11 45 am
Ar Opelika........	2 00 am	9 00 am	—	2 05 pm
Ar West Point......	2 48 am	9 38 am	8 00 am	2 53 pm
Ar LaGrange.......	3 25 am	10 05 am	8 25 am	3 27 pm
Ar Newnan.........	4 44 am	11 05 am	9 50 am	4 37 pm
Ar Atlanta.........	6 30 am	12 20 pm	11 20 am	6 05 pm

*Daily except Sunday.

Train No 50 carries Pullman vestibule sleeper from Washington to New Orleans, and vestibule dining car from Washington to Montgomery.

Train 53 carries Pullman vestibule sleeper from New Orleans to Washington, and vestibule dining car from Montgomery to Washington.

Train No. 52 carries Pullman drawing room buffet car from Atlanta to New Orleans.

E. L. TYLER, General Manager. R. E. LUTZ, Traffic Manager.
JOHN A. GEE. Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE.

Short Line to Norfolk and Old Point, Va.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 21, 1892

NORTHBOUND. SOUTHBOUND

No. 38. Daily	No. 36 Daily Ex. Sun.	Eastern Time Standard	No. 43 Daily Ex. Sun.	No. 41 Daily.
5 00 pm	8 00 am	Lv... Atlanta...Ar InPkSt'n.CityT'e.	6 00 pm	9 00 am
8 32 pm	11 25 am	Lv Athens ...... Ar	4 32 pm	7 21 am
9 50 pm	12 55 pm	Ar...Elberton...Lv	3 15 pm	6 00 am
11 29 pm	2 16 pm	Ar Abbeville Lv	1 46 pm	4 26 am
12 12 am	2 50 pm	Ar Greenwood Lv	1 11 pm	3 51 am
1 39 am	3 50 pm	Ar... Clinton ...Ar	12 13 pm	2 47 am
3 29 am	5 24 pm	Ar... Chester ...Ar	10 36 am	12 36 am
4 15 am	6 08 pm	Ar Catawba Jc Ar	9 58 am	11 36 pm
5 10 am	7 00 pm	Ar... Monroe ...Lv	9 00 am	10 25 pm
11 15 am		Ar...Raleigh......Lv		4 10 pm
12 59 pm		Ar...Henders'n.Lv		2 13 pm
2 45 pm		Ar...Weldon......Lv		12 30 pm
5 50 pm		Ar.. Portsm'th.Lv		9 35 am
3 15 pm		Lv Weldon (a) Ar		12 30 n't
5 30 pm		Ar Petersburg Lv		10 00 am
6 28 pm		Ar Richmond Lv		9 15 am
11 10 pm		Ar Wash'gton Lv		4 30 am
12 40 n't		Ar Baltimore Lv		3 50 am
3 45 am		Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv		12 05 n't
6 50 am		Ar New York Lv		9 00 pm
0 7 am		Ar Baltim're(b) Lv		7 00 am
1 47 am		Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv		4 41 am
1 20 pm		Ar New York Lv		2 10 pm
5 55 pm		Lv P'tsm'th (n) Ar		9 10 am
5 10 am		Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv		11 16 am
8 00 am		Ar New York Lv		8 00 pm
6 00 pm		Lv P'm'th (w) Ar		8 00 am
6 30 am		Ar Wash'gton Lv		7 00 pm

(a) Via Atlantic Coast Line. (b) Via Bay Line. (n) Via New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk railroad. (w) Via Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company.

Trains Nos. 38 and 41 run solid with through Pullman buffet sleeping cars between Atlanta, Ga., and Portsmouth, Va. Outgoing Atlanta passengers take Edgewood avenue electric line direct for Inman Park station, last car leaving Edgewood avenue and Exchange place 4:35 p. m. and 7:35 a. m.; city time. Baggage should be ready to leave Edgewood avenue passenger station one-half hour before time of departure of trains, or Howard Transfer Company will check same at residence by leaving orders with G. L. Milledge, ticket agent, Edgewood avenue station. Pullman and railroad tickets can be secured at Edgewood avenue or Inman Park stations.

O. V. SMITH, Traffic Manager. JOHN C. WINDER, General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Div. Passenger Agent, Atlanta.

S. H. PLANT, RECEIVER.

A. & R. R. F.

THE

Atlanta and Florida RR.

Has Established Routes To

MACON,
SAVANNAH,
BRUNSWICK

And All Florida Points,

and is prepared to make prompt delivery of freight.

We are supplied with Excursion Cars, and will make special rates for either day or moonlight excursions to Atlanta's most beautiful suburb,

MADDOX PARK.

Excellent picnic grounds, dancing pavilion, mineral spring, etc.

T. W. GARRETT, Supt.
J. M. WHALING, Traffic Man.
top col lft hnd cor-8p

Liebig Companys Extract of Beef

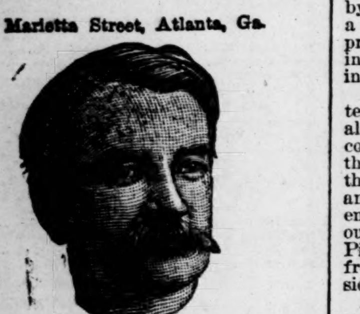
BEST BEEF TEA CHEAPEST

INVALUABLE

in the Kitchen for Soups, Sauce and Made Dishes.
nov12—dly wed n, r, last g mp

DR. W. W. BOWES!

2½ Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.



SPECIALIST!

—IN—

CHRONIC, Nervous, Skin and Blood and eases. Catarrh of Nose Dis- Throat successfully treated.

VARICOCELE AND HYDROCELE permanently cured in every case.

NERVOUS debility, seminal losses impaired vital energy, despondency, loss of memory, effects of bad habits, confusion of ideas, safely and permanently cured.

BLOOD AND SKIN diseases, syphilis, and all of its terrible results totally eradicated. Ulcers, blotches, sore or ulcerated throat and mouth scrofula, erysipelas. Permanently cured when others have failed.

URINARY kidney and bladder troubles, frequent and burning urine, gonorrhoea, gleet, urinary sediments, cystitis, etc., quickly cured.

URETHRA STRICTURE Permanently cured without any Cutting or Caustics or interruption of business or occupation.

CURES GUARANTEED.

Send 6c in stamps for perfect question list and book. The best of references furnished. Address

DR. W. W. BOWES,
2¼ Marietta St.,
Atlanta, Ga.
jan 2—dly nrm

MANHOOD RESTORED.



"SANATIVO," the Wonderful Spanish Remedy, is sold with a Written Guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1 a package, or 6 for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free in plain envelope. Mention this paper. Address,

MADRID CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A.
358 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE IN ATLANTA, GA., BY
Chas. O. Tyner, Druggist, Marietta & Broad Sts.
R. L. Palmer, Druggist, 18 Kimball House.
6-1y-s r m

THE

Housekeepers Catechism.

Question—Name the most common domestic songster?
Answer—The tea kettle, of course.
Q.—When is the song the sweetest?
A.—When singing "Talo" Tea—"Talo" Tea.
Q.—Name the seasons?
A.—Pepper, mustard, spice, etc
Q.—What season is the best?
A.—All of Hoyt's. His spices are always pure and full of strength.
Q.—What family group do you prefer?
A.—The Dean family in oil.
Q.—Where do you find the Dean family in perfection?
A.—At Hoyt's. His French sardines are unsurpassed.
Q.—What flower is the housekeeper's delight?
A.—Hoyt's Regal Patent Flour.
Q.—What attracts the young men the most?
A.—Lasses. Hoyt's New Orleans mo-lasses is always sweet.
Q.—What precious gem do the boys prefer?
A.—The ruby (lips), of course.
Q.—When do the boys enjoy this "gem" the most?
A.—When taking possession.
Q.—Can you advise them how to get possession?
A.—Oh, yes; by feeding the "precious gem" on Hoyt's fine candy.
Moral—Husbands and wives, young men and maidens, young and old, should all buy their eatables from W. R. HOYT, 90 Whitehall Street.
may11-7 or 8 p nr-m

The Sale is Tomorrow

afternoon at 4 o'clock in West End on Irwin and Baugh. Beautiful lots; easy terms; absolute sale. G. W. ADAIR.

GOING TO BUCKHEAD.

The Peachtree Electric Railroad Company Closes a Big Deal

WHICH SHOWS THEY MEAN BUSINESS.

The Piedmont Avenue People Will Make an Effort to Get the Street Paved to the Park.

A heavy transaction just closed in real estate one mile this side of Buckhead makes the Peachtree electric railway appear a certainty.

The property bought by the Peachtree Electric Railway Company includes 150 acres, for which they paid $200 an acre, making the amount of the transaction $30,000. The trade is closed and will soon be a matter of record.

Mr. B. L. McIntosh, vice president of the Peachtree Electric Railway Company, was seen yesterday and asked about the sale. He confirmed the report and when the Peachtree electric railway was mentioned, he said with emphasis:

"The building of the road is a foregone conclusion. You can put that down, and you can put it down that the road will go to Buckhead, by what route we cannot say. That is not fully determined. There are three routes by which we can go and reach our own property. One is by the old plank road to Roswell, one by the Plasters' Bridge road and another by the Peachtree road. We will offer land for sale and guarantee the construction of the road."

"Will you begin work soon?"

"I can answer that by saying that we have got to begin soon. Our time is limited, but you will find us at the task. We expect to push the work rapidly to completion."

The Paving of Piedmont Avenue.

The property owners on Piedmont avenue are anxious to see the paving on that street completed to Piedmont park, and they will make an effort to get the county commissioners to consider the matter. The city has paved the street with belgian block to the corporate limits on Sixth street, and there is only about half a mile more to carry it to the park.

Piedmont avenue is rapidly becoming one of the most popular drives in the city and when the paving is completed to Wilson avenue it will be the principal thoroughfare to Piedmont park. It has built up rapidly within the past year and now has some of the handsomest residences in the city. Judge Samuel Lumpkin, who owns a lot on the corner of Seventh street, one block beyond the city limits, has had plans made by Mr. Downing for a handsome residence and it is said will build right away.

It seems to be pretty well settled that the Peachtree Electric Railway Company's line will go out of the city by way of Pryor, Ivy, Forest avenue a franchise covering this route. With the prospect of an electric railway and for paving to the park, Piedmont avenue is looking up.

Mr. Edward Peters, Dock Walker, Porter King and others interested in property along the avenue, will appear before the county commissioners today and ask that the street be paved to the park. The same thing has been done for Peachtree street and West Peachtree, and the Piedmont avenue people say their street is as meritorious as any and is the shortest route to Piedmont park, and gives the best exit from the city to the country on the north side.

All parties interested in Piedmont avenue are requested to meet at the court house in the county commissioners' office at 10 o'clock this morning.

THE LIBRARY.

It Is Going to Be Moved Within a Few Weeks.

The Young Men's library will change its location.

The new home for the library will be the old Markham homestead, corner of Marietta and Cone streets.

About a month ago it was decided by the association to purchase or exchange its present building for one in a better place than is now occupied. A committee was appointed to take the matter in hand and look for a desirable location.

The committee consisted of Mr. J. R. Nutting, chairman; G. R. Desaussure, J. H. Lumpkin, Joseph Hirsch and Charles Read. They made diligent search for such a place and found it about a week ago, when this Markham property was put on the market.

They at once secured an option on the site until lately, when the trade was closed by Mr. J. R. Nutting, acting for the library association, and Captain Robert Lowry, through Harris & Nutting, for the Markham estate.

The price paid for the new library building is $40,000. The property fronts 101 1-2 feet on Marietta street, and runs back 124 feet on Cone street. This puts it at $400 per front foot, which is regarded as a very acceptable price. The house is worth about $7,500.

The association will not sell its old building just at present. The building will be held until a good price can be realized, and it will then be sold and a new and handsome building erected on the new site. The old building, at present quotations, is worth about ninety thousand dollars, including the land.

This is a great deal for the Young Men's Library Association. It places it in a more central and a more desirable locality.

The library was never more prosperous than now.

To Cleanse the System

effectually, yet gently, when costive or bilious or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

Guaranteed Opium Cure.

An absolute and radical cure for the opium habit within three days, regardless of time used or failure of others to cure. Not the slightest desire or necessity for opium after that. Not a single failure in seven years' practice. "No cure, no pay" in all cases. Drs. Nelms Guarantee Opium Cure Company. Atlanta, Ga. may 26 30-t

Two lovely Whitehall street homes and 3 vacant lots at your own price at auction on June 1st, at 3:30 p. m. Here is a chance if you want a bargain. Ansley Bros.

Take Notice.

We the undersigned clothing merchants of Atlanta will close our respective business houses at 6 o'clock p. m., beginning Wednesday, June 1st, until September 1, 1892. (Saturdays excepted.)

A. Rosenfeld & Son.
Eiseman Bros.
George Muse Clothing Co.
Hirsch Bros.
James A. Anderson Clothing Co.
Lumpkin, Cole & Stewart.
Eiseman & Weil.
Caldwell Bros.
Alex Kreisle.
may 31 2-t.

"The best pill I ever used," is the frequent remark of purchasers of Carter's Little Liver Pills. When you try them you will say the same.

BALLARD HOUSE.

A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtree Street.

One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Ballard house. Its location is just opposite the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience. The choicest fare. jan29-dly

PERSONAL.

C. J. DANIEL, wall paper, window shades, room molding and furniture. 40 Marietta st. 'Phone 77

Have your pictures framed at Thornton's.

Buy your hammocks at Thornton's.

Cro K sets at Thornton's, 27 Whitehall st.

Etchings for wedding presents at Thornton's.

100 cards with plate, $1.50, at Thornton's.

I have a handsome assortment of etchings.

THE best picture frames are made by Sam Walker, 10 Marietta street. He carries a fine assortment of etchings and water colors. Lowest pricesnew goods. Mail orders receive prompt attention. oct 22-1y

Riding or Driving on Peachtree

today, stop at the auction sale of the Winter place, No. 368 Peachtree at 4:30 p. m. It is a beautiful home and the sale will be largely attended. Samuel W. Goode & Co.

A WILD ENGINE

Causes a Suit for $10,000 to Be Filed Against a Railroad.

Ed Williams filed a damage suit in the city court yesterday for $10,000 against the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

The plaintiff alleges that on August 27th last, he was a brakeman in the employ of the railroad and was stationed at Birmingham, Ala. Another engine belonging to the company was allowed on the day mentioned to get from under the control of the engineer and to dash furiously along the track. A collision resulted in which the plaintiff was badly jostled in addition to being scalded almost to death by boiling water.

The plaintiff is forty-three years old and at the time of the accident was earning $60 a month. He claims that the injury has decreased his capacity to earn a living at least two-thirds, and that he paid to his physician for treatment after the injury was received the sum of $250.

She Sued for a Fee Simple.

An interesting case was decided yesterday in favor of Mrs. J. H. McMillan.

The petition of Mrs. McMillan stated that she was the wife of John C. McMillan and that prior to June 8, 1871, was possessed of considerable money which came to her from her mother. She allowed her husband the use of the money to invest for her benefit, and with it he bought several pieces of property which she thought were purchased in her name. The deeds, however, were made to her husband, vesting in him the absolute rights and titles. Her husband at his death devised to her the property for her lifetime, and the remainder to her children after her death.

The suit of Mrs. McMillan was brought for the purpose of securing the absolute titles, and after a careful hearing of the case, it was decided in her favor.

THE FESTIVAL OF REVELATION.

An Interesting Service Yesterday Evening at the Jewish Synagogue.

Yesterday evening just as the sun went down and the sky in the west began to grow purple, the Israelites of Atlanta assembled in their synagogue to usher in the festival of Revelation.

The beautiful temple was richly decorated, and the scene about the altar, where every sort of flower from the purple daisy to the proud magnolia was gathered together in a fragrant heap, was a picture of beauty that cannot be described.

The festival commemorates that event in the history of the Israelites when God delivered to Moses the ten commandments and revealed himself to the prophet among the clouds of Mt. Sinai. The anniversary is observed by bringing each year into the sanctuary the first fruits of the field in the way of spring flowers, and by consecrating to the service of God the younger members of each devout family that have not already assumed the vows of the church.

The services yesterday evening were very impressive, consisting principally of sacred music and readings from the Pentateuch, after which the congregation was dismissed with a beautiful prayer by Dr. Reich.

The confirmation services will take place in the synagogue this morning at 9:30 o'clock and a large crowd will no doubt be present.

THE VALUE OF RYAN'S STORE.

Real Estate Men Testify to Its Value at the Time of the Sale and After.

Real estate values were discussed under oath this week.

In the Ryan case yesterday and the day before, the auditor heard testimony bearing on the value of the Ryan store property. Captain A. J. West testified that the present value of the property is about $1,800 per front foot on Whitehall and about $800 per front foot on Broad street. He said, however, that there was a jump in the value of central property last summer, due to a combination of circumstances, such as the change of the street car system from horse power to electrical equipment, the location of the Richmond and Danville headquarters here, the erection of the Kiser and High buildings and the beginning of the Equitable. The rise was about June, and the sale was in April. At the time of the sale Captain West thought the price a fair one, considering the fact that the Whitehall front was broken by the intervention of two stores.

Colonel G. W. Adair testified that he thought the value at the time of the sale was about $1,500 on Whitehall and $500 on Broad. Mr. Castleberry thought $1,200 per front foot would have been a fair price on Whitehall in April of 1891, and $250 to $350 would have been the value on Broad.

You don't know how much better you will feel if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It will overcome that tired feeling, and make you bright, active, and strong. Sold by druggists.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Go to the Sale on Peachtree.

Tomorrow at 4:30 p. m. we sell the Winter place, No. 368 Peachtree, opposite Dr. Ridley's and Major Kiser's, and we invite you to the sale. It is a choice home on the most fashionable street in the city. Go and see what it brings and meet your friends, whether you wish to buy or not. Stop as you drive or walk tomorrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Samuel W. Goode & Co.

Remember those two fine Whitehall street homes, near McDaniel street, and three vacant lots at auction on the premises, June 1st, at 3:30 p. m., by Ansley Bros.
may29-d4t

Floral Gems at Tallulah Falls, June 2d. Train leaves 7 a. m. Round trip, $1.50. Any information furnished. 10 Kimball House.

TALLULAH FALLS.

Grand Excursion of Business Men, June 2d, 1892.

On June 2d the business men of Atlanta will give a grand excursion to Tallulah Falls, and it will require at least twelve or fifteen coaches to carry the people. There will be plenty of music—brass bands, string bands, and so forth. Fare for round trip $1.50. Children and nurses half price. Tickets will be put on sale Tuesday. Tickets on sale at George Muse's, Lester's book store, Durand's restaurant, Miller's book store, Bratton's drug store.
may22-till-jun2

Peachtree Home at Auction Today

At 4:30 p. m. today the beautiful home of Colonel Winter will be sold at auction by Samuel W. Goode & Co., and you are invited to the sale.

If you want a beautiful home or vacant lot on Whitehall street, or cheap lot on Bush street attend auction sale on June 1st, at 3:30 p. m., by Ansley Bros.

SAVED MY LIFE

Would Have Scratched Myself to Death but for Cuticura. Best Doctors Two Years. Bills $125.

Expended $2.50 for Cuticura Remedies. I am Today a Well Man, With a Smooth Skin.

I was afflicted two years with a disease the doctors called ring-worm, herps or salt rheum. I was treated by three different doctors, the best I could find, but they did me no good. My doctors' bills were $125. One told me I would have to go off to some healing springs to get well. I saw your advertisement, and wrote to you over a year ago. A young friend of mine was going to New Orleans, La., at the time, and I sent by him to bring me back some of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. He bought two boxes CUTICURA, two cakes of CUTICURA SOAP, and one bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT. I must thank God for your CUTICURA REMEDIES coming to my relief. I am now today a well man; my neck, shoulders and arms are as smooth as they ever were. I have had good health ever since I commenced to use the CUTICURA REMEDIES. I am spreading the fame of it everywhere I go, for it is a God send to suffering humanity. It was the CUTICURA REMEDIES which saved my life. I would have scratched myself to death. I have quit using the medicine now for nine months, and no trace of the disease has showed up since.

A. H. MABRY, Sheppardtown, Miss.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier, internally (to cleanse the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements), and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair), instantly relieve and speedily cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, crusted, pimply, scrofulous, and hereditary diseases and humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c; SOAP, 25c; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.



ACHING SIDES AND BACK

Hip, kidney, and uterine pains and weaknesses relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only pain-killing plaster.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS

PURELY VEGETABL AND STRICTLY RELIABLE.

They act directly and promptly on the Liver and Stomach, restoring the constipated organs to healthy activity, and are a positive and perfectly Safe Cure for Constipation, Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all other diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach.

They are the ONLY RELIABLE VEGETABLE LIVER PILL SOLD; They are PERFECTLY HARMLESS: They are PURELY VEGETABLE. TRY THEM.

DR. SCHENCK'S Book on Consumption Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, sent Free. Dr. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia, P
sun wed wky N K M

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

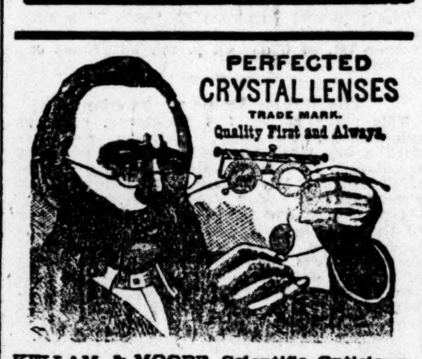
POSITIVELY CURED BY THESE LITTLE PILLS.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side. They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation. Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Very small; easy to take; no pain; no griping. Purely Vegetable. Sugar Coated.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Beware of Imitations and Ask for CARTER'S and see you get C-A-R-T-E-R-'S.

PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES
TRADE MARK.
Quality First and Always.



KELLAM & MOORE, Scientific Opticians, Manufacturers of Fine Spectacles and Eyeglasses and dealers in Scientific Instruments. Retail Salesroom, 54 Old Capitol, opposite Post-office.



SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

COMBINATION SAFETIES, with Rubber Tires, Mud Guards, Brake and Tool Bag.

	FACTORY PRICE.	OUR PRICE.
22-inch, Boys' & Girls'	$18 00	$10 80
24-inch, Boys' & Girls'	35 00	21 00
26-inch, Boys' & Girls'	40 00	24 00
28-inch, (Ball	75 00	40 00
30-inch, Bearings)	110 00	54 40
30-inch, Gents' "	90 00	46 00
30-inch Dunlop Pneumatic, 2-inch Tires	150 00	90 00

E. C. MEACHAM ARMS CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.
may22—d12t

WHY DRINK

INFERIOR WHISKY



When you can get Canadian Club at but a small advance in price? Wholesale depot: Bluthenthal & Bickart. "B & B," 44 and 46 Marietta street, 'Phone 378.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104½ Whitehall St.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Hotel Bedford,

Bedford City, Va., 1,000 feet elevation, (the Asheville of Virginia) 8 miles from the highest peaks in Virginia (the Peaks of Otter), elevation 3,875 feet. Open the year round, costing over $100,000. Lovely scenery, elegant drives, good living, a lovely place for the summer and fall. For terms address
april 19-3m R. M. CURTIS, Manager.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

WEST VIRGINIA.

The Grand Central Hotel and cottages will open June 1st. Situated high up in the Alleghanies; 2,000 feet above the level of the sea. Cuisine up to the highest standard. Railroad service first class. For information inquire of all general ticket offices, or address
B. F. EAKLE, Superintendent.

Montgomery White Sulphur Springs,

Montgomery County; Va.

Opens June 15, 1892

Narrow gauge railroad connects with the Norfolk and Western railroad at Montgomery station, formerly Big Tunnel. Circulars at railroad offices. Write for special rates to
GEORGE W. FAGG, Proprietor.
may28-1m

Ocean View House,

St. Simon's Ga. Beach,

Mrs. ANNIE F. ARNOLD,
PROPRIETRESS.
mao18—dim

HOTEL CUMBERLAND

CUMBERLAND ISLAND, GA.

The hotel and cottages will open May 26, 1892. A favorite seaside resort; with the finest beach in the world. As a health resort with artesian water it has no equal. A fine orchestra, lawn tennis, croquet, tenpins and shooting gallery. A well-equipped livery, rowboats, sailboats and naptha launch. The fishing at Cumberland has a national reputation, the waters of the numerous bays an inlets abound in all varieties and the season never ends. The railway lines issue round-trip tickets and check baggage to Cumberland dock. For circulars and rates address,

WM. C. MORGAN
MANAGER,
CUMBERLAND, GA
may6-d 23t

DEER PARK AND OAKLAND

ON THE CREST OF THE ALLEGHANIES

3,000 FEET ABOVE TIDE-WATER.

Season Opens June 22, '92

These famous mountain resorts, situated at the summit of the Alleghenies and directly upon the main line of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, have the advantage of its splendid vestibuled express train service both east and west, and are, therefore, readily accessible from all parts of the country. All Baltimore and Ohio trains stop at Deer Park and Oakland during the season.

Rates, $60, $75 and $90 a month, according to location. Communications should be addressed to George D. DeShields, manager Baltimore and Ohio hotels, Cumberland, Md., up to June 10th, after that date, either Deer Park or Oakland, Garrett county, Maryland.
may15 to june 6

LIBERTY COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES

Glasgow, Ky., J. M. Bent, D. D., President, on L. and N., 100 miles Louisville, 100 miles from Nashville, will be open for summer boarders June 15th. High, healthy situation, broad halls, airy rooms, splendidly furnished; beautiful lawn. Perpetual breezes. Sulphur well. Terms very moderate. Address the president.
may8-sun wed to june 1

NORFOLK HOUSE, Boston Highlands.

This hotel, on high ground overlooking the city of Boston only three miles from the center, is still under the same management which has made it so famous as a family hotel during the past 33 years. Temperature several degrees cooler than the city. Horse cars pass the door for all stations and wharves, when one car make daily trips to all summer resorts on Massachusetts shores. Terms moderate. Send for circular.

W. W. DAVIS,
Manager Norfolk House, Boston, Mass.
may 11—2m wed sat

FAUQUIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS

near Warrenton, Va. Opens June 15th. Modern first-class hotel, thoroughly equipped; hot sulphur baths, fine music, billiards etc. For circular and terms, address S. H. & J. F. Adams, Baltimore, until May 20th; after this at Fauquier White Sulphur Springs, Va.
april 30 30-t sat wed.

INSTRUCTION.

GOLDSMITH & SULLIVAN'S Business College, ATLANTA, GA.

ONE OF THE BEST AND CHEAPEST BUSINESS Colleges in America, Hundreds of graduates in good positions. Three first-class penmen. Success guaranteed. Send for Catalogue. 1y

Natural History Camp

For boys. Open July 6th to August 31st, Wigwam Hill, Lake Quinsigimond, Worcester, Mass. Established 1885. Endorsed by the boys and by leading educators. Athletic sports, military drill, swimming, boating, study of nature. Insures a healthful and profitable summer vacation. For prospectus, address Dr. W. H. Raymenton, Worcester, Mass. may11-6t wed

VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS

June 9 and 10, 1892.

Apply to Preston H. Miller, 42 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga., or b. P. Gilbert, Esq., Columbus, Ga., or D. M. Fletcher, Esq., Jacksonville, Fla.
may 19, 22, 25, 29, june 1 and 5.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

SUMMER LAW LECTURES (nine weekly) begin 7th July, 1892, and end 7th September. For circular apply (P. O. University of Va., Charlottesville, Va.) to John B. Minor, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law. may22—dim su wed fri

Summer Clothing!

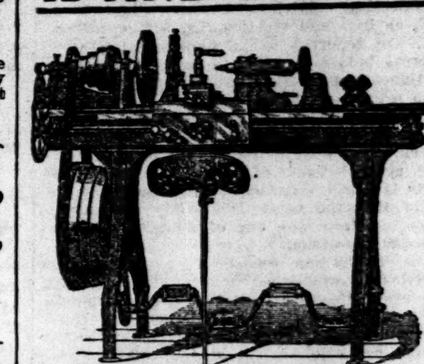
We meet the wants of everybody. FANCY VESTS, COATS AND VESTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Alpaca, Fancy Flannels, Sicilian, Sesges, Drap d'Ete, Bedford Cords, Mohairs. All sizes. All shapes.

STRAW HATS—A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT.

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CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS,

42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET



THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY COMPANY.

MACHINERY AND TOOLS,
Plumbers', Steam and Gas Fitters' Supplies,
BELTING, HOSE AND PACKING.
ATLANTA, GA.

SCIPLE SONS,

Office: No. 8 Loyd Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Coal, Lime, Cement, Drain Pipe, Sewer Pipe, Fire Brick, Fire Blay, Stove Flues; Plaster Paris, Stove Thimbles, Coal, Lime, Cement, Drain Pipe, Sewer Pipe, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Stove Flues, Plaster Paris, Stove Thimbles.

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Cigars, Tobaccos, Wines, Liquors, Pistols and Cartridges.

Is just now receiving at the above houses and his branch store, 201 Peters street, a full supply of English pea seed, bean seed, onion sets and all other garden and field seeds, also Eastern seed, Irish potatoes in large lots, all to be sold at the lowest prices for good, pure and reliable goods. All orders from country and city promptly filled. Terms cash.

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PURE ∴ READY-MIXED ∴ PAINTS,

Piedmont White Lead, "l'Etoile" One-Coat Carriage Paints, "Adamant" Floor Paint, Oil Wood Stains, Pure Colors in Oil, Graining Colors, Etc., Etc., Dealer in

PAINTERS' ∴ AND ∴ ARTISTS' ∴ SUPPLIES,

Varnishes, Window Glass, Cement, Etc., Etc.

FACTORY, 375 Decatur Street. STORE and OFFICE, 56 and 58 Marietta Street.
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EISEMAN BROS.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING!

Do You Want to Buy a Child's Suit During the Next Five Days?

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

KILT WAIST SUITS. KNEE PANTS SUITS. 10 Per Cent Discount.

10 Per Cent Discount. KILT WAIST SUITS. KNEE PANTS SUITS.

PICK YOUR STORE.

We have between two and three thousand of them. Possibly the most striking item about them is that they are so wholly different from any other store's that it's difficult to compare them. The difference begins with the cloths; the other differences have no end. We make most of them from imported materials for upper sort of dressing. Do you want one of these Suits during the next five days? If so, you can buy at 10 per cent discount on present prices, and a smart baseball and bat thrown in besides with every Suit.

EISEMAN BROS.,

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